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VOL. XXV NO. 108 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Bengal Jute Strike Called Off

TRIBESMEN STILL ACTIVE

Razmak And Tal Camps Sniped: Party Of Troops Fired At

SIMLA, May 7.

The following communique is issued:—

On the night of 5th|6th May, Razmak and Tal Camps were sniped and on May 6th shots were fired at a party of troops near Razmak.

Wana Brigade carried out reconnaissance towards old Tiarza Post, East Wana, without opposition. No casualties have been reported.

The Faqir of Ipi continues to incite enemy gangs to attack Government forces and damage roads and communications.

Gangs are out for mischief in Tochi and Lower Khaisora areas and in South Waziristan.—A.P.

HIS ELECTION PROMISES

Saxena's Reminder To Bengal Premier

LUCKNOW, May 7.

Mr. Mohanlal Saksena, M.L.A., Secretary of the All-India Political Prisoners Relief Committee has written to Mr. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister of the Bengal Government, who was once a member of the Committee appointed by the Congress Party in the Legislative Assembly to enquire into the grievances of Detenus and the working of repressive laws in Bengal, reminding him of the promises made in his Manifesto, and his denunciation of repressive policy in this connection, and regretting that he has not so far adopted any measures to repeal repressive laws.—A. P.

QUETTA STRIKE SETTLEMENT

Both Parties Sign Terms Of Agreement

QUETTA, May 7.

The Quetta labour strike situation has greatly eased due to the timely intervention of Col. Bremner, Political Agent at Quetta. He was approached by leaders of the strikers who laid their grievances before him and authorised him to negotiate on their behalf with the contractors.

Col. Bremner called a meeting of contractors and explained to them the demands of the workmen, as a result of which the workers grievances, which include wage-cut, overwork, ill-treatment and fines have been redressed and a settlement has been reached between the employers and the employees who have both agreed to and signed the terms of agreement drafted by the political Agent..

The strike will be called off and picketing will be removed and workmen are expected to resume work to-morrow morning.—A. P.

CONGRESSMAN GOES UNOPPOSED

LAHORE, May 7.

Sardar Teja Singh (Congress) has been returned unopposed to the Punjab Legislative Assembly in the bye-election from the Lahore West Rural Sikh Constituency.—United Press.

They Wish Congress Success

ALLAHABAD, May 7.

The Indian community of Elisabethvieel (Africa) have wired to the Foreign Department of the A.I.C.C. stating that they have followed the resolution passed by the Congress against the new Constitution and that they wish the Congress success in all its undertaking.—United Press.

Terms Of Settlement: Victory For Labour

ORDERS ON LEADERS TO BE WITHDRAWN

Recognition Of Trade Unions And No Victimisation

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The Bengal Jute Workers' Strike has been called off by the Central Strike Committee on and from Monday next in response to the appeal made by the Premier of Bengal, in the course of a press statement, issued earlier in the day.

Terms Of Settlement

The terms of settlement finally agreed upon include:

No victimisation of workers for participation in the strike;

Recognition of the Workers' Trade Union;

Liberal policy to be followed regarding all cases arising out of the strike;

Wages And Grievances

Thorough investigation satisfactory to workers into the questions of wages and other grievances of jute workers; and

Withdrawal of the prohibitory orders under Section 144 Cr. P. C.

The Central Strike Committee has issued a statement advising the strikers to resume work with effect from Monday next (May 10).—United Press.

Bengal Premier's Assurance

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, the Premier of Bengal has issued the following statement indicating the lines of settlement of Bengal Jute Workers strike, arrived at as a result of prolonged negotiations between the representatives of the Jute Mill Association and the Central Strike Committee and appealing to the strikers to give the Government a chance of helping to give Labour its dues by calling off the strike immediately:

SYMPATHY WITH LABOUR

"The present Government has from time to time declared its policy and attitude towards Labour. That policy which has been formulated for the welfare of Labour will stand whether there is strike or not. The present strike, however calls for special attention as the number is great, the area affected is so vast and the duration of the strike already been considerable. The Government on their part have not been slow to realise the seriousness of the situation and have not remained idle. The Minister for Labour has been working unceasingly for bringing about peace.

Many of the grievances of the strikers are such as can reasonably be admitted to be genuine. There is no want of desire on the part of the Government to see them redressed. "The Mill Owners also are not unsympathetic at least to some of the grievances. These being the circumstances the continuance of the strike is in my opinion no longer necessary. Already we have held out some assurances to the strikers. They stand good even now.

NO VICTIMISATION

"Genuine Trade Unions will be recognised. Employers have assured us that there will be no victimisation for taking part in the strike or Trade Union activities. If settlement is arrived at and the workers agree to resume work, the chance of breach of peace disappears and with it the necessity of orders under section 144 Criminal Procedure Code, imposition of which has been forced on the Government by circumstances which Government have all along deplored. "The Government are anxious that a peaceful atmosphere should prevail for satisfactory and speedy settlement of all disputes, and I hope and feel sure that a liberal policy of clemency will be adopted regarding all cases arising out of the strike.

Some however, of the strikers demands are such as require careful investigation before they can be satisfactorily dealt with. The question of wages is one of them. Then there are the powers of the Sardars and overseers in matters of appointments and dismissals which have given rise to grave abuses. In such and other cases, there will be a thorough investigation which will I am confident, be satisfactory to all parties concerned. "No Government in India has before this held out such assurances to Labour. I am of the people and the cause of Labour will not suffer in my hands. Those who have genuinely the welfare of Labour at heart should not be slow to come forward to see the termination of agony which thousands of strikers are passing through.

GOVT. READY TO HELP

I can give assurance on behalf of the Government that no pains will be spared to help Labour and Capital to settle their long drawn out disputes and create better atmosphere for arriving at a lasting solution of Labours troubles I therefore, appeal to strikers and their leaders to accept these assurances and give Government a chance of helping to give Labour its due. I also appeal to employers to move with the times and co-operate with the Government in its great and difficult task of ameliorating the condition of Labour and ushering in an era of goodwill between Labour and Capital.—United Press.

EMPLOYERS' VIEW ON PREMIER'S STATEMENT

CALCUTTA, May 7.

Mr. H. H. Burn, President, Indian Jute Mills Association, interviewed by "Associated Press" said that he did not propose to make comments on the statement issued by Mr. Fazlul Huq, as the Association had already stated its point of view in its communique of April 29.

Mr. Burn drew attention to the fact that he had already assured the Labour Minister, that if the strikers returned to work, there would be no victimisation and immediately the men returned to work, the employers of each mill would be prepared to receive from them deputations and listen attentively and sympathetically to their grievances in order to redress such of those as are reasonable.

Mr. Burn pointed out that the Minister, Mr. Suhrawardy, had already announced this fact publicly in his address, to the jute mill workers and at Kankinarra on April 18th.—A.P.

REPRESSIVE LAWS TO GO

Bill To Come Up Before Frontier Assembly: Member's Move

PESHAWAR, May 7.

Mr. Abdur Rab Nishtar, a member of the Frontier Legislative Assembly, has given notice of a Bill amending Section 144 Criminal Procedure Code to exclude its use for prohibiting meetings, processions and other political activities.

The Bill also seeks to repeal several enactments, including 124-A Indian Penal Code, 108 Criminal Procedure Code, the Press Emergency Powers Act, the Criminal Law Amendment Acts, 1932 and 1935.—A. P.

SUSPENSION OF STRIKE NOTICE

LONDON, May 7.

The miners executive has decided to suspend the strike notices for one week from May 8 to enable the Secretary for Mines to arrange an unconditional Three Party Conference. The Scottish Mineworkers' Union has also decided to withhold notices.—Reuter.

PROSPECTS OF SETTLEMENT

Coal Strike Postponed For A Fortnight

LONDON, May 7.

The threat of an immediate National Coal Strike was averted. After six hours' conference between Capt. Crookshank, Secretary of the Mines and the Executive of the Mine Workers' Federation yesterday evening, it was officially announced that the Executive were prepared to suspend for a fortnight from May 7, handing in notices if Capt. Crookshank called a conference of the three parties concerned.

Capt. Crookshank invited parties to confer and will meet again the Miners' Executive to-morrow. It is stated that prospects of a settlement are now distinctly more hopeful.

Truce now depends upon the acceptance of Crookshank's invitation by Notts coalowners and Notts Industrial Union. The executive informed Capt. Crookshank that their decision was made in response to Mr. Baldwin's appeal in the House of Commons on Wednesday.—Reuter.

PRISONERS' BID FOR LIBERTY

AHMEDABAD, May 7.

Six prisoners of Radhanpur State Jail made a bold bid for liberty. They escaped from jail and took shelter in the village Harij, Baroda State. A Police party of Baroda State proceeded to the spot and opened fire when the prisoners showed resistance. One was shot dead, and the remaining five then surrendered and were handed over to Radhanpur State.—A.P.

Back To Darjeeling

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The Chief Minister, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq and the Labour Minister Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, left for Darjeeling to-night.—A.P.

Simla Begins To Look At Reality

REACTION TO ZETLAND'S STATEMENT

Personal Contact Essential To End Deadlock

SIMLA, May 7.

Lord Zetland's latest statement has brought to political circles here the vivid realisation of the futility of attempting a settlement of the 'impasse' by means of a long range exchange of statements between the two parties living 6,000 miles apart.

Personal Contact Essential

The conviction is hardening among responsible quarters that without personal contact between the leaders of the two sides a solution is impossible, and it is reliably learned that a hopeful start has already been made for the establishment of such personal contact.

Wanted Friendly Intermediary

Preliminary conversations arising from an accidental meeting between a prominent All-India leader of the Congress and a high Government official are understood to have made it clear that if a friendly intermediary makes an effort to arrange a meeting between the Viceroy and Mahatma Gandhi without the initiative being taken by either of them, such effort may meet with success and clear the way for the removal of misunderstanding.—A.P. a

Zetland's Statement Does Not Change Attitude Of Congress

ALLAHABAD, May 7.

Interviewed by the "Associated Press" Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary, Indian National Congress, stated:—

"Lord Zetland has again spoken. He talks of the spirit in which the Constitution is to be worked; but the spirit is manifest from the actions of Governors in six provinces where the Congress has secured a majority. We have a foretaste of this spirit in the appointment of minority Ministries and the refusal to call the legislatures. We take it that this is the spirit in which the Secretary of State has asked and expects the Governors to discharge their special responsibilities.

CAREFULLY LAID WID'

The Marquess of Zetland also gives us some idea of the difference between the official and the Congress and popular view point. The noble Lord considers the special powers and responsibilities as "carefully limited . Political India, Congress or non-Congress considers these powers as carefully laid wide. They appear to be unlimited and all-embracing. The Marquess of Zetland has summed up his statements. The words are exactly the same as used by the Under-Secretary a little while before. The Working Committee has refused to be taken in by these words. The Committee's resolution, however, seems to have had some sobering effect upon the Secretary of State. He has taken care to see that this time he is not offensive in his language.

DEADLOCK CONTINUES

The authorities in England, the Congress and Gandhiji keep varying their modes of expression. To the onlooker it appears that there is no difference, or only a verbal difference. But the parties to the quarrel seem to understand each other perfectly well. The Government knows that the Congress from the beginning has wanted real power in the provinces and nothing less will satisfy it. The Congress on the other hand knows perfectly well that this is exactly what the Government is not prepared to give today, however it may juggle with words. The new terms in which the Delhi resolution is reclothed, now by Gandhiji and now by the Working Committee, may deceive even the Left Wingers. But they do not deceive the Government. The Government's method of expression may deceive a few men in the Congress, but it does not deceive either the Working Committee or Gandhiji. The deadlock therefore, still continues."—A.P.

GOVERNORS' DUTY & CONGRESS LEADERS

Madras Press On Zetland's Statement

MADRAS, May 7.

Commenting on Lord Zetland's latest statement in the House of Lords, the 'Hindu' says that it may be at once said that it is more conciliatory in tone and reveals a more earnest attempt to understand the Congress viewpoint than was apparent in his first statement. The paper adds that it is the plain duty of the Governors now to renew their invitation to the Congress leaders to form ministries. This should also provide the occasion for the Congress to review the whole situation in the light of the latest developments.

The "Madras Mail" says that no one can honestly complain about the tone and purpose of Lord Zetland's latest utterance on the Deadlock in India. It is by design conciliatory.

The "Indian Express" says that note on which Lord Zetland concluded his latest statement on India was most unfortunately conceived if his intention was to persuade the abstaining Congress parties in the six provinces to reconsider their decision and accept office.—A. P.

DENOUNCING INTERIM MINISTRY

MADRAS, May 7.

The Secretary of the Madras Congress party writes that two more signatures have been obtained for the declaration denouncing the "Interim" Ministry which has already been sent to the Secretary to the Governor by Mr. Rajagopalachari.

One is an ex-member of the Congress Party in the Assembly and the other is an ex-member of the Congress Party in the Council (Upper House). All members of the Congress Party in the Legislature have now signed the declaration.—A.P.

AFTER PEONS COME CLERKS

U. P. Ministry And Poor Man's Burden: Pretensions Exposed

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, May 7.

The economy chopper of the U. P. Ministry continues to fall on poor men. After the chaprasis, it is the turn of clerks, amins, copyists, temporary assistants, readers, Ahalmads, etc., of certain temporary establishments. Below are given some reduced scales of pay wdich will be applicable to these temporary establishments from May 1.

English clerk and reader, Rs. 45 from Rs. 65;

Ahalmads Rs. 25 from Rs. 35;

Extra assistants to revenue accountants Rs. 25 from 35.

Clerks Rs. 25 from 35;

Copyists, England and vernacular Rs. 25 from 40, and Rs. 35 from 25;

Amins from 45 to 35 etc.

Yet the Ministry's statement has the hardihood to say they will not increase the poor man's burden.

RAGHAVENDRA RAO'S "NO" TO KHARE

PACHMARHI, May 7.

In reply to the invitation of Dr. N. B. Khare to attend a meeting of M. L. A.'s to be held in Nagpur on May 11 at which it is proposed to elect two members of the Assembly as Speaker and Deputy Speaker, the Hon'ble Mr. Raghavendra Rao has expressed his inability to do so. He does not think that Dr. Khare has been well advised in precipitating matters after the very courteous explanation which the Governor gave him for not summoning the inaugural session of the Assembly at present.—A. P.

STOP PRESS.

NEW GOVERNOR OF MAURITIUS

LONDON, May 7.

Sir Bede Clifford, Governor of the Bahamas, has been appointed Governor of Mauritius in succession to Sir Wilfred Jackson, recently appointed Governor of British Guiana.—Reuter.

GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

LONDON, May 7.

At Southport, Richard Burton of Hooton the runnerup for the last two years, won the Dunlop Southport 1,600 Sterling Golf Championship with rounds of 72, 67, 73 and 68, aggregate 280 for 72 holes.—Reuter.

DERBY CALL OVER

LONDON, May 7.

The following is the callover on Derby:—

6|1 Leksar (taken and offered); 17|2 Perifox offered (9|1 taken); 100|8 Solfo (taken and offered); 100|7 Legrand Duc offered (15|1 taken); 100|6 The Hour offered (20|1 aken); 18|1 Cashbook offered (20|1 taken); 28|1 Midday Sun offered (33|1 taken), and 50|1 Gainsboro Lass offered (66|1 taken.)—Reuter's Special.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word **Minimum Re. 1**

BUY–EXCHANGE–SELL

IN MODERN TIMES of haste and hustle, when quick lunches are a necessity in a businessman's walk of life, Classified Advertisements in tabloid form have become absolutely essential for a reader of daily and weekly Newspapers.

DUE CONSIDERATION having been paid to this vital question and after a mature study of the economic conditions of life in India, we decided to offer our readers a better Classification of the Adlets than hitherto provided for.

CAREFUL ATTENTION has been paid to the daily requirements of our people and all the Sectional Headings are now conveniently arranged in an easy tabulated form to ensure quick reference. The attractive Headlines will appear in Numerical Order.

AN EDUCATION in itself is the outcome if Readers make it a habit of going through our Tabulated Adlet Columns regularly and carefully. Many money making as well as money saving offers are to be found in addition to the offers of Comfort and Pleasure of Modern Life.

WE INVITE READERS as well as Advertisers to help us with suggestions for improving this Section. Constructive criticism will be appreciated by the Management. Attention will be paid to suggestions for additions or alterations of the Headings.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

FREE ADVERTISEMENTS of a few selected Applicants, who declare that they are Unemployed and Jobless, may be accepted by the Management till this offer is withdrawn provided the Applicants agree to the publication of their full name and address and to other rules.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

REPLIES TO THE ADLETS should be addressed legibly as under, "Box No. (So and so), The Adlet Department, The Bombay Chronicle, Red House, Corner of Parsee Bazar Street and Elphinstone Circle, Fort, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes Box Numbers should be written both in figures and in words.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted match for an Agrawal youth of 21, studying Engineering, from well-connected and enlightened family. Apply Box No. 8239, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a match for a widower of 27 years, in State service, also holds qualifications in Homoeopathy. Only Audich Brahmans Bari Sambha need write. Box No. 8292, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Vaishnav Bania for remarriage of a lady. Should possess sound health. No children and monthly income over Rs. 200. Write with photo to Box No. 8279, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a beautiful and well-educated Brahmin girl (about 20) of good status to marry young man in service drawing over Rs. 500 per month. Please apply with details to Box No. 8267, "Bombay Chronicle."

20. MATRIMONIAL

Audichya Brahmin gentleman (43), in high Govt. service of good education, culture and family, seeks suitable Brahmin bride, accomplished, of good education, culture and family. Please write Box No. 8269, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—Graduates, strong in English and Sanskrit. Experienced and trained hands preferred. Apply sharp stating minimum salary to, The Manager, Karamsad High School, Karamsad. (5338).

Applications are invited for the post of Building Inspector on 70-5-110 per month. The appointment is acting with prospect of permanency. Only those holding degrees in Civil Engineering and having experience of Municipal work need apply stating qualifications with copies of testimonials to the President, Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality. (5378).

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Employers who are in search for workers are earnestly requested to go through the Free Adlets for Jobless under the heading No. 56. These are some of the notices inserted by the Management entirely free of charge to help those who are Unemployed and consequently cannot spare much after advertising their requirements through newspapers. Your assistance to the Unemployed will be greatly appreciated. (100)

Wanted a Clerk with long time experience of handling Correspondence in Italian language. One conversant with the work of Italian into English need only apply stating lowest salary expected. Box No. 8224, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted energetic Canvasser in Bangalore for a Bombay Firm. Must be used to move about whole day and not a slacker. Details of where worked previously necessary. Apply Box No. 8214 this paper.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Urgently wanted an experienced Stenographer. Must be strong in English. Apply with copies of testimonials Box No. 8196, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a person to take up the responsibility of teaching four pupils upto Matric. Maximum salary offered is Rs. 15 per month. Qualifications must be stated when applying Box No. 8206.

Wanted one experienced Shorthand Typist. Apply with testimonials Box No. 8278, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately a first class B.Sc. (in Physics) Christian preferred. Apply Modern Bookstall, Hornby Road, Bombay. (8283).

Draftsman, junior, required in Architect's office in Bombay. Apply stating full particulars and salary required. Box No. 8296, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Salesman for Furniture, Showroom. Apply Box No. 8234, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Manager for some branches to be opened in Bombay Presidency on Rs. 100 p.m. to start. Reply to: Eastern National Bank. Ltd., (B), Post Box No. 10009 Calcutta. (5283).

Wanted for S. C. Shahani High School, Karachi, one M.A., B.T., or B.A., (Hons.); B.T., strong in English as a teacher. Pay according to qualifications and experience. State minimum pay acceptable and send your photo. Apply to D. K. Jaisinghani, B.A., S.T.C., M.R. S.T. (Lond.), Principal. (3417).

Wanted a Tutor for a Parsee boy of 4th Standard. S. L. French, New Shivaji Park, Mahim. Apply with terms to Box No. 8260. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Lady Teachers, Graduates and Under-graduates, knowing Gujarati, for the Sarvajanik High School for Girls, Surat. Lady Teachers for Drawing and Music also required. Apply before 25th May, 1937, in the prescribed printed form to be had from the Honorary Secretary, Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat. (5379).

Wanted a Hindi knowing Matric Mistress for the Municipal A. V. Middle School on Rs. 40 p.m. with free quarters. Applicant must be above 30 years. Applications will be received upto 31st May 1937. Selected candidates may be called for interview. Healthy place close to Railway Station. (Sd.) N. C. Mukherjee, B.A., B.L., Vice-President, Municipal Committee, Raigarh (State), B. N. Ry (8289)

Wanted a Mechanic Workshop Foreman for an upcountry Mills' private workshop, thoroughly conversant with his job and fully experienced. Apply stating age, salary expected, previous experience and enclosing copies of past certificates to Box No. 8280, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a full time Hindu Nursery Governess for a respectable Hindu family. One trained in Montessori or kindergarten systems preferred. Free boarding and lodging provided. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with references, if any to Box No. 8277, "Bombay Chronicle".

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Our Readers, who are so far Accustomed to look under this Heading with a view to be of some help to the Unemployed Countrymen, are cordially requested to have a look under Heading No. 56, where FREE Adlets for the Jobless will appear henceforward. You are further requested to see if you can be of any assistance to them in finding out a Job. We are doing our best to reduce Unemployment as far as we possibly can. (100).

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Those who are Unemployed and are not in a position to spend for Adletising their requirements are offered by the Management of the "Bombay Chronicle" certain facilities without any charge provided the Applicants agree to give their full names and addresses in the Adlets. This offer is made for the time being and may be withdrawn at any moment. In the meanwhile we request the Employers to see if they can be of any assistance to the undernoted Adletisers who profess to be Unemployed at present. (100)

Abdoolkader Allibhoy of Currimjee Building, Second Floor, Bhandari Street, Mandvi, Bombay 3, is desirous of getting any job on living wages as he is at present Unemployed. He has good knowledge of Banking, Accountancy, Correspondence and Salesmanship in Stationery Line. (17-1)

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

V. A. Shertekar, a young Hindoo Chauffeur, Room No. 20A, Abdulla Terrace No. 13, Parel, Bombay, Now Unemployed, seeks position as a Motor Driver or a Collection Clerk. He is Matriculated and has seven years' experience of handling many makes of Motorcars. (18-42)

K. M. Pisipati of "Rose Villa" 4, Adenwalla Road, Matunga, Bombay 7, Now Unemployed, wishes to get a job of pushing sales of any product. Is also willing to accept a place for Canvasser, or a Clerk on living wages. Testimonials will be shown if called for. (19-36)

62. TO BE LET

To let for vegetarian Hindus, airy well ventilated westerly blocks, at Hira Villa, Baptista Road, Ville Parle West. Apply within. (8180).

To Let—"Rutton House," corner of Rebsch St., next to Telephone Works near Jacob Circle. Blocks from 42 to 52. (8219)

61 ACCOMMODATION OFFERED

To Let—Second and third floor of Heera House, Sandhurst Road. Spacious accommodation for Hindus only for office or residential purposes. (8217)

68. FLATS TO LET

For Hindus Only.—Airy Flats of five three and two rooms in Parvati Mansion Plot No. 164 A Vincent Road, Dadar at Reduced Rents. Apply Receiver's Office at the premises between 9 and 11 a.m. or to Lowji 60, Forbes Street, Fort, Telephone 20280. (8220)

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

To Let—New Building under construction at the junction of two roads, near Sir P. M. Mehta Road and the New Reserve Bank Site. Ground and five upper storeys will soon be ready for occupation for large business houses and offices. Ground floor will be suitable for Banks, Insurance Companies, Show rooms, etc. The upper floors for spacious offices with plenty of light and air. Any requirements will be carefully considered by the owner. For particulars, apply to Messrs. Mistri & Bhedwar, Architects, 49, Esplanade Road over West End Watch Co. (8229)

97. HOTELS (UPCOUNTRY)

Maryhill Hotel, Nuwara Eliya, Ceylon (6200 feet, facing Lake Gregory, near Princess Sita's abode of Ramayana fame). Unrivalled situation. Suites of rooms for families with hot and cold running water and attached bathrooms. Excellent cuisine, European and vegetarian food. Special reduced charges for visitors from India. Golf, fishing, etc. On landing in Colombo rooms can be booked at Dominion Hotel, Fort, Colombo. Phone 1876. Manager, Maryhill Hotel, Nuwara Eliya, Phone 167. (8241).

120. MOTOR CAR ACCESSORIES

Old Automobiles Made New. Our latest method of Scientific re-boring and hardening of Automobile cylinders guarantees extra power and long life to any old Car or Truck. Motor Re-Powering Service, Opera House, Tram Terminus, Bombay and Reid Road, Ahmedabad. (8268).

147. SCHOOLS (UPCOUNTRY)

Public School Education has proved the best in the world. It is what we give at this School. Term reopens June 10th. Information from, The Principal, Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School, Poona, 5. 5257.

154. TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

Do you want to learn Shorthand, Typewriting or Accountancy. Please inquire at Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution, Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Success guaranteed. Fees moderate. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (8225).

Senior Cambridge Examination for those who passed or failed at Matriculation examination. Many optional subjects. Prospectus from S. P. Desai, M.Sc. (London), Principal, Bombay Tutorial College, Kavarana Building, Dhobi Talao. (8228)

175. SECONDHAND BOOKS

Some old Gujrati Novels are Wanted for free distribution in some of the village libraries. A small purchase price might be offered if required. Apply with particulars to Box No. 8190, the "Bombay Chronicle." 5411

192. HEALTH DEPARTMENT

In all health departments you will hear about the good qualities of "Enrvin" the real nerve strength tonic. People who constantly keep on grumbling about "No Strength," "No Nerves," "No Vigour" and similar complaints are well advised by most of the Health Departments to take Enervin Tonic which has an excellent taste of wine also. Usual price Rs. 4|8 per bottle. Those who take this Adlet to the undermentioned Stores only one bottle will be given at Rs. 3|4 net. Perry, Popular-Grant Road, Akbarali-Fort. Bill & Co., and Dadar Bar-Dadar, Kikani Medical Stores–Sandhurst Road, K. Rustom, Merwan & Co.—Colaba, Shah & Co.—Crawford Market, Wadala Wine Stores—Wadala, Central Pharmacy—C. P. Tank (8194)

221. BIRTH CONTROL PATENTS

Sexus Paste, best contraceptive jelly, Gelotube, best venereal preventive. Write for Catalogue. Eight Agency, Girgaum Bombay. (7954)

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Second-hand Sizing machines capable of dealing with beams up to 52". Send all details with full particulars quoting lowest price acceptable to Box No. 5388, "Bombay Chronicle."

319. INDUSTRY PRODUCTS

Wanted Cotton Varnished Healds, Steel Reeds, Wire Healds, Japanese Shuttles, etc. Quote rates to Box 8291, "Bombay Chronicle".

327. AGENTS WANTED

Agents wanted for tea, salary Rs 200 and commission; side business only. Apply Assam & Darjeeling Tea Co., Calcutta. (8265).

Wanted influential travelling agents for our famous artificial silk and cotton carpets of Bhavani on commission basis. For particulars apply to: M. K. Muthusami Chettiar, Silk and Cotton Carpet Manufacturer, Bhavani (via) Erode, S. India. (8290).

240. PARTNERSHIP OFFERED

Proprietor of large printing press wants partner to invest Rs. 5,000 in Marathi daily on pay and profit-sharing basis. Apply Box No. 8284, "Bombay Chronicle."

584. FANCY NECKWEAR

Celebrate Their Majesties Coronation by using coloured Lockets. Can be had at Rs. 45 per thousand. The Empress of India Dairy Co., Lamington Road, Bombay 7. (8253)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the grant of Licence to prospect for limestone for the manufacture of Cement in Kotah State territory in the vicinity of Morak, a Railway Station on the Nagda-Muttra Section of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, at a distance of about 75 miles towards south from Lakheri, where the Bundi Cement Factory is worked.

Intending applicants of assured respectability and financial stability should furnish credentials Re: their experience and capacity for working out the proposal.

Apply stating terms (to be discussed at personal interview on a date to be fixed by mutual correspondence) to:

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER,
Kotah State,
Kotah (Rajputana).
5411

Public Notices.

SHA HURGOVAN ANANDJI DESAI'S FREE BOARDING INSTITUTION.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED so as to reach the undersigned on or before TUESDAY the 1st June, 1937, from High Caste Hindu male students, who have passed their School Leaving Examination or such other Examinations as would qualify them for prosecuting their studies further in Technical subjects at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute or the subjects of Commerce, Medicine, Veterinary Science and such subjects as are taught at the Bombay School of Art and who desire to prosecute their studies but cannot do so owing to want of means. Applications from those who want to study for the ARTS AND SCIENCE DEGREES OF THE UNIVERSITY are NOT invited this year.

As admission is refused after certain dates by various Institutions and Colleges, applicants desiring to prosecute their studies in the Institutions and Colleges teaching the subjects mentioned above should submit their applications direct to the authorities concerned in due time and also apply to this Office on the prescribed form and intimate immediately when admission is obtained.

Printed forms of applications can be had by sending an envelope containing applicant's full address with one anna postage or on personal application.

APPLICANTS ARE STRICTLY FORBIDDEN FROM BRINGING ANY PRESSURE OR RECOMMENDATION PESONALLY ON THE TRUSTEES BY LETTERS OR OTHERWISE VIOLATION OF THIS WILL BE A DISQUALIFICATION.

MANILAL K. DESAI,
B.A., LL.B.,
Secretary,
Sha Hurgovan Anandji Desai's Charities Trust Office: Corner Pinjrapole Street, Bombay 4.
5349.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that WAMANRAO KHANDERAO MANKAR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Dr. VINAYAK NANABHAI NAVALKAR B.A., M.B.B.S.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax Tenure with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Dadar Keluskar Road, Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 244.57 sq. yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Rent Roll No. A/612 and Old Survey No. 3449 part New Survey No. 1/1479 (part) and former Cadastral Survey No. 302 part of Mahim Division but present Cadastral Survey No. 1636 of Mahim Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under G Ward No. 4220 (2 I) and Street No. 581 AI and bounded as follows:— that is to say, on or towards the East by Ganeshwadi off Gokhale Road, on or towards the West by Municipal passage 15 feet wide, on or towards the North by the property of Mr. V. B. Patvardhan and on or towards the South by property of Mr. Kulkarni and which said premises are now occupied by Vendor's tenants.

Dated this 8th day of May, 1937.
PARALKAR & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3418

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Public Notices

HOAR & CO.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS

Esplanade Road

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY

ALL GOODS AT

HALF PRICE

5398.

MINERVA MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Temple Bar Building, 70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 11th day of June, 1937, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1936.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To re-elect Mr. Maneklal Premchand, who retires under Article 107 of the Articles of Association, as a Director of the Company.
4. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd day of May 1937 to the 11th day of June 1937, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 22nd April, 1937.

N.B.—The Dividend, when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after Tuesday, the 22nd June 1937, between 12 noon and 3 P.M., on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 P.M., on Saturdays, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 21st May 1937, and who have paid all dues to the Company whether in respect of the calls on their shares, interest thereon or otherwise. Shareholders are requested to intimate change of address, if any.

5348.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NOORMAHOMED OOSMAN, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell to a client of ours all his right, title and interest in the undermentioned property and also the benefit of the agreement between him and the Bombay Municipality for the grant of a lease to him of the said property.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 7, Oak Lane, Fort Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon being Plot No. 211 of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Bombay Municipality and situate at Vincent Road Dadar in the Registration Sub District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 750 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 878 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 192/10 of Matunga Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F. Ward No. 7047(1) and Street No. 614 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by Vincent Road, on or towards the West by plot No. 211A of the same estate agreed to be leased to Mr. S. D. Prabhavalkar, on or towards the South by common passage and on or towards the North by 60 feet Road.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1937.
M. V. GOKHALE & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3416.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

LOST OR MISLAID

Allotment Letters and receipts Nos. 8137 and 8179 for 75 shares Nos. 534339 to 534373 and 535368 to 535407 respectively of the Union Bank of India Limited standing in the name of Late Ganpatlal Parashram Agarwala, are lost or mislaid. Anybody having any claim against them should intimate to the above bank within one month from the date hereof, after which the duplicates will be issued.

(Sd.) BAI DEVKIBAI,
widow of Ganpatlal
Parashram Agarwala.

8293.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, BOMBAY

Lost or Mislaid.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one Temporary Receipt No. 23993/63554 in respect of 50 Shares numbered 2697/2746 of the New India Assurance Company, Limited, standing in the name of S. K. Panikkar has been lost or mislaid, and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate Temporary Receipt for the said Shares. Any persons having any claim on the said Shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, after which no claim will be considered and the Company will proceed to issue duplicate Temporary Receipt.

.....(Signature of Shareholder).

Bombay, dated the 8/5/37.

8295.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. MORARJI & HORMUSJI, LTD., (in voluntary liquidation) and Hormusji R. Nariman have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Bombay Pension and Tax land or ground situate, lying and being on the West side of Cathedral Street (formerly known as Portuguese Church or Cathedral Street) without the Fort in the Town and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement seven hundred and five (705) square yards or thereabouts by recent admeasurement as also according to the Collector's Order dated the 20th day of February, 1914, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140, New No. 1159, Old Survey No. 288 and New Survey No. 425 and Cadastral Survey No. 1747 of Bhuleshwar Division together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon which are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 4464, Street Nos. 80-82 and C Ward Nos. 4465 to 4470, Street No. 84, Cathedral Street, all which premises are bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Goswami Shri Gokuladhishji Maharaj, on or towards the South by the property of Vishawanath Parbhuram, on or towards the East by the said Portuguese Cathedral Street and on or towards the West by the property of Keshavrao Bhaskerji

Dated this 7th day of May, 1937.
MULLA & MULLA.
Purchasers' Attorneys.

3420.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1119 of 1934.

THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY and another ..... Plaintiffs.

Vs.

KAVASJI HORMASJI MISTRY and others ... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 3rd September, 1935, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his office in the Court House on TUESDAY, 11th May, 1937, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.)

All that piece of Fazandari land together with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the East side of Colaba Road and Hormusji Street, Fort, Bombay, admeasuring 494 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Land Revenue New Survey No. 9568, part, Cadastral Survey No. 211 of Colaba Division and Municipal A Ward No. 358 and Street Nos 4 and 67.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Mr. P. M. Clubwala, Attorney for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at the Municipal Head Office Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 5th day of April, 1937.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.

5410

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 172 of 1937.

DAYABHAI KALIANJI & Co. ..... Plaintiffs.

Vs.

MIDAS, LTD. & others ..... Defendants.

To,
MIDAS, LTD.,

The 1st defendants in the above suit.

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed this suit inter alia against you to recover Rs. 8,812-8-0 together with interest on Rs. 7,500 from 24th January, 1937, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum till judgment, costs of the suit and interest on judgment till payment, and you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 23rd day of June, 1937 at 11 O'clock (S.T.) in the fore-noon either in person or by an Advocate and you are required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1937.
DAYALJI & DIPCHAND,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

5394.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. POONAMCHAND NAGARDAS RAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to a client of ours.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 7, Oak Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Pension & Tax land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at the junction of Mugbhat Lane and Girgaum Road, without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 6 New No. 25, Old Survey No. 503 and New Survey No. 7683 and Cadastral Survey No. 268 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Assessor & Collector of Municipal Taxes under D. Ward No. 265, Street No. 257 and containing by admeasurement 89 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the Municipal land, on or towards the West by Girgaum Road, on or towards the North by the property of Karmali Peerbhai and on or towards the South by Mugbhat Lane.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1937
M. V. GOKHALE & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3416.

Public Notices.

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

THE THIRTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held on TUESDAY, the 25th May, 1937, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st March, 1937, and to declare Dividends on First Preference, Second Preference, Ordinary and Deferred Shares.
2. To elect a Director in place of Sir M. Visvesvaraya, K.C.I.E., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
3. To elect a Director in place of Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
4. To elect a Director in place of Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, G.B.E., K.C.S.I., C.I.E., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
5. To elect a Director in place of Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart, K.C.I.E., O.B.E., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
6. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 3rd May, to SATURDAY, the 29th May, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors
TATA SONS, LIMITED,
Agents.
JEH. R. D. TATA,
Director.

Bombay, 1st May, 1937.

NOTE:—If Dividends on Shares as recommended by the Directors are passed at the Meeting, they will be paid on and after Monday, the 14th June, 1937, to those shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 25th May, 1937.

3414.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

George VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Codicil of PARMANANDDAS TRIBHOWANDAS, late of Bombay Kapole Bania Hindu, who resided at "Parmanand Building," Forjett Street, Bombay. ..... Deceased.

RATANBAI, widow of Parmananddas Tribhowandas of Bombay Kapole Bania Hindu, residing at "Parmanand Building," Forjett Street Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 6th day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

B. PATEL,
Prothonotary &
Senior Master.

CHIR ALI.

The 6th day of May, 1937.
Messrs. PAYNE AND CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

3410

PLAZA

(Foot of TILAK BRIDGE: DADAR)

CONTINUES

The GREAT JUNGLE PICTURE:

TARZAN ESCAPES

IN

2nd WEEK

Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Matinee on SAT., SUN. MONDAY and Holidays at 3-30.

DISPOSAL OF HINDU DEAD

H. S. Mandal's Appeal For Funds

The Secretary, H. S. Mandal, writes:—

Almost all castes, except the Hindus have their permanent arrangements for the disposal of dead bodies of their co-religionists. It is a pity that the Hindu community have up till now got no arrangement for the disposal of their unclaimed dead bodies, as well as for the free disposal of dead bodies of poor Hindus. Some Institutions in the past have tried to solve this difficulty as far as they could, but there seems to be no permanent arrangements for the disposal of unclaimed Hindu dead bodies as well as for helping to dispose of the dead bodies of poor Hindus.

A Motor Bus is proposed to be kept in a central place in the city with whole-time attendants and a telephone. The capital expenditure for this scheme is estimated at about Rs. 5,000 and the recurring expenses per month is estimated at about Rs. 300 excluding the actual charges for fuel etc. required for the disposal of dead bodies, which will be according to the number of bodies received for disposal.

A Fund has been started for this purpose and contributions however small or big may kindly be forwarded either by cheque or cash to the Secretary of the Hindu Samrakshan Mandal, at their office, Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

TEMPLE BAN MUST BE LIFTED

Bombay Cochinites' Demand

(From A Correspondent.)

A mass meeting of the Cochinites in Bombay was held on April 25 in C. K. P. Hall, Khar with Dr. K. B. Menon, Secretary of Indian Civil Liberties Union, Bombay, in the chair to protest against the recent proclamation of His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin in connection with the Kudal Manikkam temple.

Dr. Menon, in the course of his introductory remarks, said that such proclamations carry our memories back to the middle ages when the Pope could excommunicate whole nations by a stroke of the pen. The Indian States have not outgrown those primitive conceptions of religion. Indian States are becoming strong centres of conservatism and refuge of reaction. Cochin is one of the worst in this respect. If the Maharaja of Travancore carved a small niche in the history of the social emancipation of India certainly Cochin has dug a grave, where she may bury herself in obloquy and shame.

RESCIND THE ORDER.

The following resolution was then moved from the chair and unanimously passed:

"This public meeting of the Cochinites of Bombay views with grave concern the proclamation of H. H. the Maharaja prohibiting the high priest and 24 Namboodiri families, on grounds of pollution, admission to temples and access to temples, tanks, wells, etc., and as the meeting is of opinion that the said proclamation is irreligious, indefensible and retrograde in character, requests his Highness to take immediate steps to rescind the proclamation."

The following resolution was moved by Mr. N. N. Menon and seconded by Mr. K. N. Nambiar.

"This meeting further holds that it is the birth-right of every Hindu to enjoy full and equal freedom to use all places of public worship, tanks, wells, satrams, etc., which belong to, and are maintained by the State, and therefore, requests His Highness to concede this right to all peoples of the State without any distinction of caste or creed."

The meeting then elected a permanent "Cochin Vigilance Committee" consisting of three members with Dr. K. B. Menon as Chairman and Mr. N. N. Menon as Secretary, to act as a laison agent to the State People's Conference.

Bihar Premier On Embankment Repairing Mission

PATNA, May 6.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. Yunus, Chief Minister, Bihar accompanied by Mr. Dhar, Director of Industries, left for Chapra this afternoon and after passing the night in Circuit House, he will leave for Adampur early morning to-morrow to initiate the work of repairing the Embankment of that place. The construction of the bund embankment is one of the precautionary measures contemplated by the Chief Minister to prevent the ravages of flood occurring every year since the earthquake of 1934.—United Press.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

That he took away telephone copper wire, scrap iron, brass and copper utensils, was the charge against Nathalal Hazarimal, who was arrested yesterday by Agripada Police.

Pending further inquiries, the Magistrate bailed him out in the sum of Rs. 100 (50 cash) till May 21, at the Mazagaon Police Court to-day

The body of an unknown Mohomedan was found yesterday at about 10 p.m. at Arthur Bunder floating near the wall of the Bunder.

An inquest was held to-day over the body and the Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death due to accidental drowning in the sea at Arthur Bunder

An inquest was held to-day on the body of a Parsi, named Rustomji D. Talyarkhan (32), residing at Parel.

His wife stated that her husband was unemployed but he used to get Rs 50 per month from his father He was a graduate in law and devoting his time to the study of telepathy. Much study in that subject had somewhat deranged his mind and he spent most of his time in sky gazing.

Had Dinner Together

Yesterday, at about noon, they had their food together. At that time he appeared to be hale and hearty. Then witness went to her work, being a social worker in the Florence Maternity Home.

When she returned home at 7 p.m. she found the front door open. Her husband was not in the house. She looked for him and found that the door of their lavatory was fastened from within. After waiting for some time she knocked at the door, but there was no response.

Then she called out to her brother. Her brother came and broke open the door of the lavatory and found that her husband was lying dead. They sent information to the Police and the corpse was removed to the Mortuary. She was present when the Coroner inspected the corpse.

Pending the report of the Chemical Analyser, the inquest was adjourned to May 18.

An inquest on the body of a child, named Nanad Kishore Harichand and aged two-and-a-half years, was held to-day.

It was stated that on Wednesday last, at about 6 p.m. the child's mother was cooking food on a "Chula". The child was playing in the room.

The mother went to the water tap to fetch some water. While at the water tap, she heard her child's cries and on going to the room found the child enveloped in flames. She put out the flames and took it to the G. T. Hospital, where it died at 1 p.m. yesterday.

The jury returned a verdict of death due to extensive burns, accidentally sustained.

An inquest was held to-day on the body of a 15-year old Gujarati girl, named Nirmalabai, wife of Amirchand, residing at Old Hanuman Galli.

The Jury returned a verdict of death due to extensive burns from a Primus stove, accidentally sustained.

Suleman Ali Mohommed and Yusuf Mohommed, arrested by the Gamdevi Police on charges of house-breaking and theft on Thursday morning, were placed before the Girgaum Police Court and remanded to custody for a fortnigh

It is alleged that they had broken the flat of a woman at Walkeshwar Road. They were ultimately arrested by a neighbour who chased them in a motor car

Syed Ali Mahmoud, who was 'wanted' by the police in connection with the looting and theft of money from the cash box of the Cafe Medical College, was arrested by the police yesterday.

The suspect was placed before the Magistrate who released him on a bail of Rs. 200 (50 cash) at the Mazagaon Police Court today.

Framrose Jehangir Patel, accountant and cashier in the firm of Messrs. W. T. Henley's Telegraph Works Company, who pleaded guilty to charges of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs 31,000 belonging to his employers, and an attempt to commit suiside, was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay, on Thursday, to pay a fine of Rs. 3,000 and to undergo an aggregate term of four days' simple imprisonment.

Alleged to have been found with a trunk under his arm, the handle of which was broken, Ramprasad Balli was arrested under suspicious circumstances by the G. T. P. Rly Police at the Byculla Station yesterday noon.

It was learnt later that the trunk had been stolen from the Worli B. D. D. Chawls. The suspect was remanded for a fortnight at the Dadar Police Court to-day.

"Give us the keys of the hotel or lose your life" was the threat given to a hotel manager late last night who was sleeping outside the hotel premises at King's Circle.

It appears he was fast asleep when he was rudely awakened by four persons, who gave him kicks and slaps and then asked for the keys of the hotel.

When the man refused to part with the keys, a clasp knife was whipped out, and he was threatened his life.

An alarm raised by him brought a number of men to his assistance and one of the four miscreants was arrested and handed over to the police.

The arrested person gave his name as Nambiar. The other three are still at large. The police are making every effort to trace them.

Knives, sticks and stones were employed in a battle between two parties at Vithalbhai Patel Road last night.

Bleeding with wounds and their heads ripped open, as a sequel to hurling of stones, two persons were removed to the J. J. Hospital late last night.

Janoo Baloo, stated to be the head of a rival party, was put under arrest by the Lamington Road Police and placed before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Officiating Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, to-day.

Pending further Police inquiries, the accused was ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 300.

THUNDERSTORMS IN BURMA & N.W.F.

POONA, May 7.

The western disturbance persists over North-West India. Thunderstorms have been fairly widespread in Burma and North-East India and occurred locally along and near the Western Himalayas and in the south of the Peninsula and at a few stations in the plains of the United Provinces. Scattered duststorms are also reported from Gujarat, west Deccan and west United Provinces.

Temperatures were appreciably below normal in Upper Burma, Assam and Bengal.

The Chief amounts of Rainfall are:—Monywa one and a half inches; Berhampur one; Victoria Point, Jessore, Cherrapunji three-quarters, Mandalay half an inch; Tavoy, Toungoo, Tezpur, Purnea, Gauhati, Bogra, Darjeeling and Gorakhpur quarter of an inch each.

Forecast: Thundershowers are likely to be widespread in Burma and in the region from Assam and Bengal to the North West Frontier Province. Local thunder-rain in Orissa and Central Provinces and scattered dust or thunderstorms in Deccan and south of the Peninsula are also likely.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 7-5-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .004 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.6 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 89.8 degrees 0.8 below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.8 degrees 1.5 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 69 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 119 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 2

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 7-5-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.0 deg F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.11 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.90 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

APOLLO STREET FIRE ECHO

Among the firms and offices located in the building which was burnt yesterday in Apollo Street was Messrs. Zanoni, Mehta and Co. Electrical Merchants and Contractors, whose goods are insured against fire. The firm has shifted to Bruce Street.

Auction Sales

D. MISTRY & Co.
Auctioneers,
6/12, Bruce Street, Fort, Tel No. 22801.

AUCTION SALE OF ONE PEARL KANTHI (NECKLACE)
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 293 of 1937
Seth Prabhashankar Ramchander Bhat Plaintiff.
Vs.
Rao Bahadur Vasanji Naranji Bhimji Defendant.

Under instructions from Messrs Dikshit Manecklal & Co., Attorneys for the above named Plaintiff in the Suit under Power of Sale granted in the Decree to the Plaintiff dated the 10th day of March 1927 and on account and at the risk of Rao Bahadur Vasanji Naranji Bhimji Defendant in the above suite Messrs. D. Mistry & Co., Auctioneers will on Tuesday the 11th day of May 1937 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) sell by public auction sale at 6/12 Bruce Street, Fort.

One Pearl Kanthi (Necklace).

The above necklace will be on view on the day of sale.

Conditions of sale: A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

D. MISTRY & CO.

A STAY FOR THREE WEEKS ONLY
Under the patronage of His Highness The Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda
GANDHARVA
NATAK MANDALI
BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE
To-morrow (Sunday, the 9th May) AT 3-30 P.M.
NEW PLAY! —:::— NEW PLAY!!
AMRITSIDHI
(Mirabai)
SPECIAL CORONATION PROGRAMME
Wednesday, the 12th May at 3-30 P.M.
EKACH PYALA
Thursday, the 13th May at 3-30 P.M.
MANAPMAN
Booking at the theatre from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

THIRD GLORIOUS WEEK
RANJIT'S
DOLLS OF CLAY
Starring:
MADHURI
and
E. BILLIMORIA
Now Showing at
WEST END
TALKIES
Times As Usual

Now Running in 7TH WEEK!
PREM KAHANI
Starring:—ASHOK KUMAR
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
TO-DAY at 2-45; 5-30; 8 & 10-30
Coming Shortly
Bombay Talkies' Grand Picture:—
SAVITRI
Starring:—DEVIKA RANI.
In her first Mythological Role
WATCH FOR PLACE AND DATE OF RELEASE

"PAN AND KELA" MERCHANTS TO OBSERVE HARTAL

Protest Against B. B. & C. I. Railway Authorities' Adamant Attitude

(From A Correspondent.)
BASSEIN May 6.

A deputation on behalf of the Pan and Kela Merchants Association and the Agriculturists Association both of Bassein District Thana, waited on the General Traffic Manager of the B. B. & C. I. Railway on the 29th last, and requested him to reduce parcel rates on betel leaves and plantains in conformity with other Railways. The reduction of parcel rates by other Railways has very adversely affected the Bassein traffic in plantain.

FALL IN TRAFFIC

Parcel traffic has almost ceased, and the same fate is awaiting the betel traffic, if the B. B. & C. I. Railway would make the slightest delay in reducing their rates, at least equal to that of the E. I. Railway.

Bassein agriculturists cultivate Pan and plantains only, and about 2,000 parcels were daily going from Bassein Road Station to places in Upper India. The fall in traffic has adverse effect on the agriculturists.

The Railway Company too loses much of its income. The General Traffic Manager promised the deputationists to consider their request and communicate their orders to the Associations within four or five days, but nothing so far has been done in the matter. A joint meeting of the Pan and Kela Merchants' Association and the Bassein agriculturists' association under the presidentship of M. L. Pratap B. A., LL.B. Advocate was held on 6th instant and resolutions to the following effect were passed.

RAILWAY AUTHORITIES ADAMANT

The B. B. & C. I. Railway authorities, though requested to reduce the parcel rates for Pan and Kela in conformity with other Railways have not done anything, though the season has commenced, and therefore, it has been resolved to contract with other Railways to despatch their perishable goods at rates in conformity with E. I. Railway.

HARTAL FOR THREE DAYS

It has been further resolved that the Pan and Kela market would be totally closed on 8th, 9th and 10th inst. in protest against the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, and in order to consider the situation, a committee has been appointed to contract with others.

Other Railways to arrange to despatch the Pan and plantain at concession rates.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m).
GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m).
GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.)

P.M.
7-45 Big Ben. John Londoner at Home.' 18. 8-15 Rugby League Cup Final. 9-15 Light Orchestral Music. 9-25 'Responsibilities of Empire.' 4. 9-40 The News and Announcements. 10-0 Children's Overture (Quilter). 10-10 For the Children: 'King Robert of Sicily.'

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

A.M.
8-0 An Organ Recital. A VUB Artist. 8-10 Classical Music. Abdul Latif Khan. "Ja ja re patangva" Khaya Gujri. 8-30 Talk (Hindustani): "Indian Pictures." By Munshi M. Ismail Khan. 8-45 Light Music. Abdul Latif Khan. 9-15 Orchestral Music. (Recorded —H.M.V. and Odeon.)

P.M.
1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements. Leo Gouthin's Russian Trio. 6-0 The News in Marathi. 6-5 A Dance Melody. (Harmonium, Clarionet, Violin and Tabla). 6-15 Light Classical Music. 6-45 Talk: (Marathi): "Our Educators." No. 1. Parents. By P. B. Kulkarni. 7-0 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. 8-0 Light Music. Tarabai of Gadag. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "Gems Worth Millions." By Celia Sheppard. 9-15 The News. 9-30 From the Royal Bards. 10-0 The Band of the 5/7 Rajput Regiment. Conductor—Safdar Khan.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

A.M.
7-0 AIR Orchestra. Deshkar. 7-10 Umrao Zia Begum. Light Music. 7-35 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 8-0 Pancham. On Sitar. 8-10 B. S. Rawat. 8-25 G. A. Khan and Umrao Zia Begum. Duets. 8-40 1st News Bulletin (Hindustani) 8-50 1st News Bulletin (English.)

P.M.
6-30 AIR Orchestra. Shudh Kalyan. 6-40 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. Thumri Desh Dadra. 7-10 Afghani Nautch Gat on Sarinda. 7-15 Amateur Music. 7-30 "For Villagers Only." (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 8-0 p.m.) 8-15 Talk (Hindustani): "Odds and Ends." No. 6. By Shaukat Thanvi. 8-30 Umrao Zia Begum. Light Music. 8-55 G. A. Khan and Umrao Zia Begum. Duets. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "Sir James Barrie." By J. B. Kerr. 10-0 Mock Trial (Hindustani): "Hasan vs. Nawab Sahib." By Hem Chandra Rai. (Performed by AIR Artists). 10-30 Umrao Zia Begum. Light Music.

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s and 49.10 metres, 6.109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

P.M.
12-36 The Regal Cinema Orchestra. 12-51 Francisco Casanova and his Spanish Orchestra. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Song Recital. 2-6 Talk: "Rites and Rituals in different Countries." No. 3. The Old Religion of Witchcraft. By Bella Halder. 2-21 Piano Recital. Basant Kumar Ganguli. 2-31 The Passing of Sigurd." 5-6 First Division Football League Match. Commentary Relayed from the C.F.C. Ground. 6-6 Violin Solo. Akinchan Dutt. 6-26 Kheyal (em Kalyan) and Thumri. Bishmadev Chatterjee. 6-46 "Rituparna." A Monody. Written by M. L Roy. 7-36 Talk: "Sunnyside Up." No 3. Humour Behind the Silver Screen. By Sourindra Mohan Mukherjee. 7-51 Kirtan. Ratneswar Mukerjee. 8-6 The News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-21 Thumri (Hindustani). Rathin Chatterjee. 8-41 Clarionet Solo. N. N. Mazumdar. 9-1 Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 The News and Announcements. 9-21 Have you heard These? 9-36 Dance Music. From "Prince's" Restaurant.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc/s.

A.M.
7-0 "Recorded Rhythm."

P.M.
6-30 "Khabare Atare." (An hour with villagers.) 7-35 Khyber Radio Orchestra. Hindol. 7-45 Talk (Hindustani): "Life at Aligarh." By Maulana Abdul Qadir. 8-0 Abdul Aziz. Punjabi Geet. 8-10 Nawab Bai. Thumri. 8-17 Abdul Aziz. Ghazal. 8-25 A Humorous Diologue. 8-32 Nawab Bai. Punjabi Songs. 8-40 Sarenda Solo. 8-45 Abdul Aziz. Dadra. 8-55 Nawab Bai. Popular Light Music. 9-10 Abdul Aziz. Punjabi Ghazal. 9-15 The News and Weather Report. (Hindustani). 9-30 The News and Weather Report. (English). 9-45 Play (Hindustani): "Qurbani." By Agha Rasheed Mirza.

LAKHS SAVING FOR INDIA GOVT.

Compensatory Allowances To Railway Officials At Ports To Be Stopped

BOMBAY, May 7.

It is understood the Government of India have decided to discontinue the payment of compensatory allowances to railway officials stationed in certain port towns for example Bombay and Calcutta.

Officials at present in receipt of this allowance will continue to draw it unless they go on leave or are transferred but the payment in any case be discontinued from April 1, 1938. No officer henceforth posted to port towns will receive this allowance.

As a result of the decision by the Railway Board in consultation with the Finance Department, several lakhs of rupees per annum are expected to be saved by the Government of India.—A.P

Mysore Yuvaraja

LONDON, May 7.

The Yuvaraja of Mysore travelled to Flokestone in the same boat by which the Afghan Delegation arrived.—Reuter's Special.

SOCCER SEASON IN BOMBAY

W. I. F. Association's Future Plans

BOMBAY, Friday.

With the winnning of the Nadkarni Cup by the Young Goans Bombay's first soccer tournament of the season has closed, and there will be a short spell of preparation for the Harwood League. Entries for this popular League close to-day, and although it is a little early to anticipate prospects, it can at least be said that there will be some excellent football this year. Particularly should mention be made of the plan to include more Indian teams, and during the next week it is expected that the final selection will be made of about two men from each of the outstanding Nadkarni teams to form a new side of Indian footballers for the first division of the League. Not only will this enable promising young soccer players to gain valuable experience, but it will also open the door for new players to enter the regular local teams from the reserves.

In the second division of the Harwood League, there will be nine teams, of which at least two are expected to be military sides. The first few matches, from May 18th to 28th, will be played on the Cooperage and after that at the G.I.P. ground, Parel. During this period the W.I.F.A. are spending a useful sum on the Parel ground getting it into good order, whilst this year a small stand will be erected for the seating of spectators, an innovation which will certainly be much appreciated.

Another interesting bit of news is that the W.I.F.A. is already at work on plans for this year's Rovers Cup, and during the past week have completed arrangements whereby the All Blues team will be accompanied by an All Reds team, the latter to be composed entirely of Indian players, both teams being sponsored by that well-known sportsman, Mr. A. Hayman.

In this connection it should be pointed out that football amongst Indians in Bombay is rapidly becoming more popular, not only in respect of playing it as a game, but also amongst spectators. The two matches in the final of the Nadkarni Cup, for example, were records in the matter of attendance,—and these records were the result not merely of the popularity of the two contesting teams but also of the enormous interest that is now being manifest among Indians in this fine game.

W.I.F.A.'s PLANS

It is to encourage soccer among Indian teams that the W.I.F.A. is now working, and it is hoped shortly to reveal further plans whereby this aim can be realised. But the early decision to give financial guarantees for the visit of the All Reds (a team yet unborn, as it were) is a clear indication of the W.I.F.A.'s determination to lose no opportunity, other indications being the invitations already sent out to other prominent teams, both Indian and European, around India in early anticipation and preparation for the Rovers Cup.

Incidentally a minor tournament that should attract a large crowd for its re-played final on Sunday is the Shivaji Cup tourney which has already produced some very keen and promising football among the junior teams who entered for it. Sunday's replay should at least provide enthusiastic football by players who should, within a year or so be figuring prominently in the Harwood League.

BARNES H. SCHOOL BEAT CITY POLICE

BOMBAY, Friday.

Another two games were down for decision in the Jepsen Cup Hockey Tournament to-day. In the first game Barnes High School from Deolali, who fielded a very promising side of youngsters met the Bombay City Police. The first half was played at a fast pace, the second having the better of exchanges throughout. In the opening stages Gormanby, the School, left-ex got away solo and tested Hibbert at close range, which he cleared. The Police now got away and Williams tests Harrison, the School custodian, who saves and clears the danger with a hard shot. Up and down play, with the School showing up dangerously in the shooting area, remained the order, and half-time found a blank score board.

In the second half Barnes School exerted heavy pressure and had the better of exchanges. A few minutes after the start Phillips the School right, and School outside placed Gormanby the left outer, mid, who with the goal at his mercy pushed the back out of play. Soon after Arkile, the School centre forward missed another opportunity. Half ways through the School earned a short corner which Duthie the right back drove in, the shot deflecting off Williams to open the score for the School.

The School were now definitely on top and the Police defence worked hard to keep the opposing forwards out, towards the end Sell, the Police left-sider, got in and nearly got the equaliser, when he pushed into Harrison, who saved at the expense of an unconverted corner. The final whistle found Barnes High School leave the field winners by only goal scored.

THE RESULT
BARNES HIGH SCHOOL 1 goal
BOMBAY CITY POLICE Nil

THE TEAMS
BARNES SCHOOL: Harrison; Duthie and Nuttal; Zinke, Moore and Peters; Phillips, Mungavin, Arklie, Dwyer and Gormanby.
CITY POLICE: Hibbert; McKenzie and Hewson; Williams, M. L. Hewson and Laidlaw, Birks, Sell, Anis, Gibbs and Woods.
UMPIRES: J. Mendonsa and T. Critchell.

JUBILEE PROBABLES

LONDON, May 7.

Following are the Jubilee probables:—

William of Valence (Packham), Tempest Second (Carslake) Fairey (Crouch), Commander Third (Harry Wragg), His Grace (Bartlam), Moody (Beary), Monument (Parbeasley), Monico (Gordon Richards), Rippontor (Steve Donoghue), Emborough (Hawcroft), Aldine (Richardson), Pikebarn (Lowrey), Dytchley (Sirett) Ormstead (Mitchell).

No jockeys have been yet selected for Belaethel and British Quota.—Reuter's Special.

JEPSEN CUP HOCKEY

Christ Church Eliminate Bombay Telephone Company

BOMBAY, Friday.

From the initial bully the Bombay Telephone Coy.'s eleven asserted their superiority of Christ Church Old Boys keeping them pinned to their area for fully 15 minutes in the first half, during which time they earned several corners which they failed to convert. Christ Church reversed the position and for a while pressed their opponents, getting away the Telephone forwards came down with a fine move and Gibson the 'Phone centre forward beat Durham, neatly flicking the ball past him to open the score.

Keeping up a heavy pressure the 'Phone forward line were seen to advantage for the remainder of the first half and just before the interval, the Old Boys earned a corner off which Walsh the outside right beat Swindon, the 'Phone custodian, with a crisp shot to put his side on terms, immediately after half-time.

After lemon-time both sides put up a determined battle and each side threw away opportunities of going ahead. Up and down play remained the order,—Christ Church got down and Walsh the O.R. put Blake into possession who sent in a hot shot to put his side ahead.

Towards the end Christ Church were on top and towards the end Coutts, the under-left went in with a solo effort to put the issue beyond doubt.

For the remainder of the time, the Telephone tried hard to reduce the lead but to no purpose. The finall whistle found Christ Church Old Boys leave winners by 3 goals to 1.

THE RESULT
CHRIST CHURCH 3 goals
BOMBAY TELEPHONE 1 goal

THE TEAMS
BOMBAY TELEPHONE: Swindon; McMorron and Butler; High, Cohen, Vauspall; Nash Woodcock Gibson, Taylor and Cross.
CHRIST CHURCH: M. Durham; Almeida, D'Sousa; Barnett, Harper and Lloyd, Walsh, Peters, Blake, Coutts, Durham.
UMPIRES: Hibbert and Sharp.

To-day's Game

BOMBAY GYMKHANA LADIES v. PROCTOR LADIES at 5-50 p.m.

BUDDY BAER BEATS JIM WILDE

LONDON, May 7.

At Harringay Arena in a ten round bout, Buddy Baer beat Wilde, the Wales referee stopping the fight in the fourth round. The Welshman was completely outclassed Baer 17/4; Wilde 14-12.

CROWLEY BEATS SARRON.

In a ten round bout Dave Crowley, London, beat Petey Sarron, who was disqualified in the ninth round for not hitting the knuckle part of the glove.—Reuter.

MISAPPROPRIATION CHARGE

Indian Merchants' Bank Official In Trouble

(From Our Correspondent)
BANGALORE (By Mail).

Charge-sheet was placed on Wednesday last before the City Magistrate by the City Police against one Mr. Thakkar a former Secretary of Indian Merchants' Bank Ltd., of Bangalore charging the accused with having misappropriated a sum of Rs. 42,600 belonging to the Bank. Thakkar is now released on bail.

SUPERB TAMIL TALKIE
"NAVEENA SARANGADHARA"
with
SANGEEDHA VIDWAN BAGAVADAR, MISS S. D. SUBBULAXMI, MSS INDU BALA & OTHERS
at
PLAZA
SUNDAY 9TH MAY
AT 10 A.M. MORNING

How to Clear the SKIN

To every woman who suffers from distressing pimples, enlarged pores, blackheads, 'muddy' complexion, coarse, rough patches and blemishes, Cuticura presents the most simple way to clear the skin.

Place the care of your skin in Cuticura Soap used with Cuticura Ointment. In just a few days you will see your skin improve—note with satisfaction its softness, smoothness, and clearness. All trace of pimples, blackheads, coarseness disappear, the complexion becomes lovelier, clear and radiant.

The treatment is simple.

Wash the skin with Cuticura Soap twice a day. Its luxuriant lather cleanses and purifies the pores, sweetens and softens the skin. To clear away and heal pimples, skin outbreaks, rashes and irritations apply Cuticura Ointment to the affected part before washing with the soap.

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

Cuticura
SOAP & OINTMENT

Gold Wrist Watch FREE!
FOR CINEMA GOERS.

HERE ARE SOME "CINEMA-TITLES" SELECT ONLY "ONE"—YOUR CHOICE NAME

(1) Tivoli (2) Model (3) Modern (4) Broadway (5) Jawahir (6) Pavallion (7) Dadar Talkies (8) New Cinema (9) Casino (10) Cine-Splendid (11) Kalim Kinema (12) Society Hall (13) Gold-Tone (14) Scala (15) Strand (16) Colonial (17) Ideal Cinema (18) Aywon (19) Grand (20) India (21) Baby Bioscope.

Rules for this Competition:—
(i) A competitor will have to select 'ONE title' (only one) from the list supplied herewith.
(ii) Coupon only with clean, bold type and written in ink will be accepted.
(iii) The Golden-Wrist Watch will be 18ct. gold of Rs. 75|- selected by the Proprietors will be the object of the prize.
(iv) The title with biggest number of coupons will be selected by the President (the name will be notified later on). One coupon—a lucky coupon will be picked up from the lot of said coupons and that particular coupon will be the winner of the prize.
(v) Special invitation for the opening show will be sent to those for selected title.
(vi) 20th May is the closing date of this competition.
(vii) Competitors will NOT be allowed to use more than TWO coupons.
(viii) Proprietors reserve the rights of doing any change in the process.

A PRIZE COMPETITION WORTH TRYING!

NEW MODERN Styled Cinema has been already constructed at Khodadad Circle DADAR—East—G.I.P. for suburbites—for SELECTED BEST PICTURES of the W O R L D.

FIND OUT YOUR CHOICE NAME for this CINEMA and WIN A GOLD WATCH

By filling in the necessary Coupon below with your choice 'NAME' from the list of "CINEMA TITLES" supplied herewith and send it to CINEMA care of:—

ALFRED TALKIES, Ripon Theatre,
Corner of Grant Road, Bombay.

COUPON
I conform all the rules of this Competition and I have selected .....as the title of the New Cinema.
Name .. ..
Address .. ..
Post .. ..

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 13, 1993
Muslim: Safar 25, 1305
Parsi: Adar 5, 1306
Hightide: 10-05 21-59
Lowtide: 8-32 15-57
Sunrise: 6h 7m
Sunset: 7h 3m

S. S. Strathaird, with mails for London, sails at 1 p.m.

B Sc. Examinations results, University Building, 2 p.m.

Monday, May 10.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Standing Committee, 3-10 p.m.

Tuesday, May 11.

Third M. B. B. S. Examination Results, 1 p.m.

Wednesday, May 12.

Coronation of King George VI: Public Holiday, Banks closed.

Thursday, May 13.

Public Holiday in honour of Coronation: Banks closed.

Domestic Occurrence

UTHAMNA CEREMONY

MERCHANT—Ranchoddas Nanabhai Marchant died on 7th May. Uthamna to-day the 8th May at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Khakhar's Building, C. P. Tank Road.

BOOKSELLERS' MEETING

A general meeting of the Bombay Booksellers will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 3 p.m. at the premises of the Popular Book Depot, opposite the Popular Pharmacy, Grant Road, Bombay.

BAND AT VICTORIA GARDENS

The band of the 5th Bn. 7th Rajput Regiment of Baroda will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens, Byculla, Bombay to-day (Saturday) commencing from 6 p.m. (S.T.)

ILLUMINATION OF MOSQUES

A public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay will be held under the auspices of Majlis-i-Awam, to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. in Chhota Qabristan, to protest against the proposed illumination of Mosques on the occasion of the Coronation, and to protest against the Frontier Policy of the Government.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"Millions" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Keep Your Seats Please" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Pagliacci" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"3 Smart Girls" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Crown and Glory" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Dolls of Clay" Daily at usual time.
MAJESTIC—"Begunah". Daily at 5-30 & and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Atma Tarang". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jagat Kesari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3 p.m.
GLOBE—"Hawk". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

The members of the Social Workers' Society will visit Sukhlaji Street Municipal Chawls to-morrow (Sunday). The members will meet at Playhouse Tram Junction at 9-30 a.m.

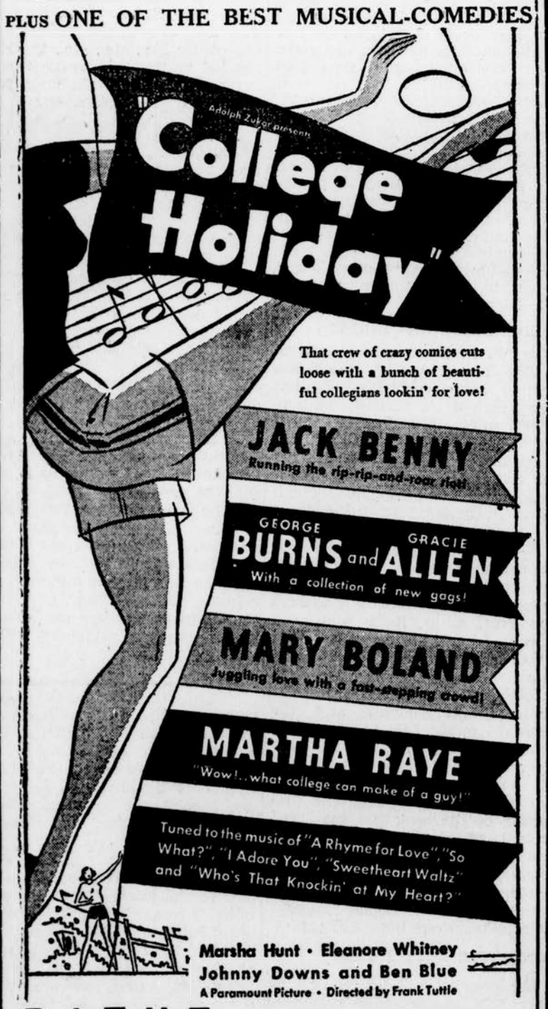
KURANIC SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the 'Kuranic Society', a public lecture will be delivered on "Kuran and its teachings" to-morrow (Sunday) in the premises of Anjum-e-Islam High School between 5 p.m. and 6 p.m. (S.T.)

WHITE LOTUS DAY

The United Lodge of Theosophists will celebrate White Lotus Day—anniversary of Madame H. P. Blavatsky, to-day (Saturday) evening at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain. The public is cordially invited to attend a few minutes before time.

PATHE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
'Phone 41561.
EXTRA MATINEES THIS WEEK ON SUNDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY AT 10 A.M.
OUR SPECIAL
CORONATION PROGRAMME
"Crown & Glory"
PARAMOUNT'S MIGHTY CAVALCADE OF CONTEMPORARY EVENTS IN COMMEMORATION OF THE CORONATION OF HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.
PLUS ONE OF THE BEST MUSICAL-COMEDIES


Adolph Zukor presents
College Holiday
That crew of crazy comics cuts loose with a bunch of beautiful collegians lookin' for love!
JACK BENNY
Running the rip-rip-and-roar riot!
GEORGE BURNS and GRACIE ALLEN
With a collection of new gags!
MARY BOLAND
Juggling love with a fast-stepping crowd!
MARTHA RAYE
"Wow!...what college can make of a guy!"
Tuned to the music of "A Rhyme for Love", "So What?", "I Adore You", "Sweetheart Waltz" and "Who's That Knockin' at My Heart?"
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MINIMUM SALARY FOR CIVIC EMPLOYEES

Growing Popular Support To City Fathers' Resolution

Mr. Indulal Yagnik writes:—

The popular agitation for demanding the minimum salary of Rs. 30 per month for all workers is growing apace.

On Monday last the Bombay Corporation recommended on the motion of Mr. M. R. Masani for the third time to the Standing Committee that the salaries of some 125,233 Municipal servants receiving less than Rs. 30 per month should be raised to the minimum standard of Rs. 30 per month at the cost of Rs. 12 lakhs a year.

On Wednesday last a public meeting held under the auspices of the Municipal Employees' Union under the presidentship of Mr. R. S. Nimbker reiterated the Union's demand for fixing Rs. 30 as the minimum monthly salary for Municipal servants.

Again, on Thursday a general meeting of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Workers' Union held under the chairmanship of Mr. S. H. Jhabwala re-affirmed the Union's demand for securing the minimum salary of Rs. 30 for all Railway servants serving in Bombay as well as the moffusil.

In view of this growing agitation, the "Times of India" has given a plethora of figures to prove that "the wages earned by those men (in Municipal service at present) compare not unfavourably with those paid to the menial staffs of other prominent institutions in the city. If the Hamals and peons serve in the Presidency Magistrates' Courts, P.W.D. offices, Government Secretariat, G. I. P. Railway, and Telephone Company on Rs. 19 and even less, why should the menial staff of the Bombay Corporation be suddenly promoted to Rs. 30 per month? Such is the obvious suggestion.

The minimum salary of Rs. 30 would spell the first stage of Swaraj for millions of our workers in the town and the country. This is indeed their right and no matter what cranks or old Dames say, they will have it.

Indian Red Cross Society

The Annual Report for 1936, of the Central Provinces and Berar Branch of the Indian Red Cross Society gives an interesting account of the several activities of the Society in the province. The Society has 21 branches in the districts and a new sub-divisional branch was opened during the year.

The training of 'dais' continued to receive attention and Mr. S. Y. Deshmukh, the Honorary Secretary during his tour, impressed upon the presidents of the respective municipal committees, the need of adopting bye-laws whereby only trained 'dais' will be permitted to practise. A number of 'dais' were being trained to enable them to carry out their work better.

The Report mentions of the contributions of the Society to several institutions and organisations carrying on welfare and public health work. Towards disaster relief, for the Baby Weeks, for the creation and maintenance of Highway First Aid posts all over the province, for infant welfare work, for rural uplift and welfare propaganda, the Society had contributed a fair share.

The Indian Red Cross Society was one of the beneficiaries under "Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee Fund", and the Central Provinces and Berar Branch received Rs. 1,83,000 as its share.

Of this, a sum of Rs. 40,000 was paid to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals to establish four Tuberculosis clinics in the main towns in the province and to meet partly the cost of the Pendra Road Tuberculosis Sanatorium Scheme.

An amount of Rs. 1,38,000 was distributed among the districts to be spent on approved schemes. The Society contributed towards a fund organised by it, called the Silver Jubilee Disaster Relief Fund, a sum of Rs. 2,500. For buying the Diathermy Apparatus, the Society paid Rs. 2,000. And for the extension of a welfare centre at Ellichpur, the Society donated Rs. 500.

Another noteworthy feature of the activities of the Society is the progress of the Junior Red Cross Group, compromising mainly of boys and girls. It is hoped that the Junior Red Cross movement has now taken real root, says the Report, in the province, having upto the end of the year, 13,361 boys and 1,904 girls as the members of this group.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered mails for Australia per s.s. 'Oronsay' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday the 11th instant.

The Government of India have declared the 12th May 1937, as a Public Holiday in honour of Coronation of His Majesty the King Emperor.

All the Departments of the Bombay General Post Office and Town Sub Offices including the Telegraph Branches will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sunday.

RASHTRIYA KANYASHALA

Swaraj Sabha Hand It Over To Lokasevak Society

At the general body meeting of the Swaraj Sabha held on Friday evening at the Congress House, it was decided to hand over the Rashtriya Kanyashala, which was being conducted hitherto by the Swarajya Sabha, to the Lokasevak Education Society. The School will be conducted by the latter body and it will continue in the same building as at present, namely the Congress House.

Shorthand And Typewriting Contests

On behalf of the All-India Institute of Stenographers, Calcutta, arrangements have been made to hold the All-India Typewriting Contest (1937); Stenographers' Challenge Test, and Stenographers' Examinations, Junior and Senior Grades, in Bombay under the supervision of an influential committee. These will be held on 27th June, 1937, and the last date for applying is 31st May, 1937.

For particulars write to the Bombay Representative, Mr. R. D. Sule, Thakur Blocks, Nowpada, Thana, (G.I.P.R.).

"Safety News"

The Safety First Association of Bombay has published the May 1937 issue of the "Safety News", its official organ. This magazine contains much information about road designs and road safety, and those who are interested in such affairs would find much in it to interest them. Certain suggestions made to maintain safety on the roads deserve attention, especially in the case of big cities, like Bombay, where excessive traffic makes the roads very unsafe. Certain devices as the keeping of accident maps are recommended for guaranteeing the safety of the pedestrians. These elaborate proposals are desirable, but the cost of such planning in the whole city would be too high for the city to bear. But such of the safety arrangements, as the city can undertake without much burden, should be adopted, to minimise accidents and secure safety to a considerable extent.

A proposal is made to mark the King's Coronation by promoting schemes for preserving beautiful landscapes, designing beautiful recreation places, and planting the park ways with trees. There is also the suggestion that no planting should be undertaken without making provision for the proper after care of the trees planted. The Association's suggestion is up to the point. But the question is not that.

VILE PARLE BRIDGE CONTROVERSY

To-day's Meeting Of Municipality

Government, it appears, are taking keener interest now than ever before in the Vile Parle Bridge controversy and it will not be very long before the whole question is decided finally, to the satisfaction of all concerned.

Mr. T. E. Streatfield, the Collector of the Bombay Suburban District, who was to have attended the meeting of the Vile Parle Municipal Board meeting this evening it is understood, is not doing so. It is stated that he will be meeting Mr. Garret, Commissioner, Northern Division, and in all probability they will discuss the Vile Parle Bridge controversy and the various decisions of the Municipal Board from time to time.

There are two definite groups in the Municipality, and they have been holding ingormal discussions regarding this evening's meeting, when in all probability the Municipal Board will once again be compelled to discuss the Bridge question due to the letter of some of the citizens asking for the bridge to be erected near Nehru Road instead of near the station.

The main item on the agenda of the Municipal Board meeting this evening is the Hospital question. A Parsi resident has donated Rs. 1,00,000, from which amount a hospital is to be constructed. According to the terms of an informal agreement, the management of the Hospital will be vested in a Committee composed of three representatives of the Municipal Board, two of the District Local Board; two on behalf of the donor and one on behalf of the Government.

Prof. T. R. Sesha Iyengar of Pachaiyappa's College has been appointed by Government of India as a Corresponding Member of the Indian Historical Records Commission for three years from the date of appointment.

OPEN DRAINS IN MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS

Central Tenants Committee Protests Against Executive's Neglect

The Secretaries of the Bombay Tenants Central Committee and the Social Workers Society have issued the following to the Press:

We deeply regret to draw public attention to some serious defects that are to be found in the Municipal and ex-Improvement Trust Chawls in the city of Bombay. The Municipal authorities have done next to nothing to remedy these defects even though we have repeatedly requested them to set these right.

The complaint that calls for the most urgent attention pertains to the open and insanitary drains constructed in these Municipal buildings at Chandanwadi, Imamwada, Mahalaxmi, Kachrapati and Cochin Street. This is all the more regrettable as the very first of the "Rules for House and Stable Drainage" published by the Municipality provides: "In no instance shall a drain interior to a building for the conveyance of the house-sullage of the street sewers be an open drain". Rule 2 dealing with the opeen drains obviously provides for conveying surface and rain water to the Municipal sewers. The public of Bombay is, therefore, perfectly justified in taking the Municipal Executive to task for keeping open drains in their own premises in violation of the Municipal rules framed and administered by themselves.

NO BATHROOMS.

The condition of the Municipal Chawls at Mahalaxmi, Kachrapati, are, indeed, a standing disgrace to the city of Bombay. The citizens of Bombay will be grieved to learn that about 1,500 Municipal scavengers are housed in ground floor rooms provided with corrugated iron-sheet-roofing which gets terribly hot during the summer days and which would be most uncomfortable during the winter. Moreover these tenements are not provided with any 'Nahanis' (bathrooms) in the rooms or with closed bath rooms outside. Under these circumstances the old and the infirm women and children are all compelled to bathe in the open seasons of the year under the gaze of the passers-by.

Would any public-spirited corporator who has the good of the oppressed tenants at heart move a resolution in the Bombay Corporation urging its officers to attend to the urgent task of covering these open drains immediately and to provide 'Nahanis' in all Municipal buildings located at Mahalaxmi and elsewhere?

Failing prompt action in the matter, we might have to seriously consider the advisability of prosecuting the officers of the Municipality for contravening their own rules in a Police Court in the City.

Bombay National Guards

The General Secretary of the Bombay National Guards writes:

All the members of the Guards are asked to be present near the Churchgate Station in their uniforms to-morrow (Sunday) at 7 a.m. without fail. A new instructor in advanced infantry drill, who has kindly consented to give advance training to the Guards will take the class. Everyone is expected to be present without fail.

Dadar Khadi Bhandar

The Manager of the Maharashtra Charkha Sangh Dadar Khadi Bhandar writes:—

Dadar Khadi Bhandar is removed from Lady Jamsetji Road to D. Silva Road on 4th May '37. and it will open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. (S.T.).

SPECIAL CORONATION MORNING SHOWS!

On Wed., the 12th and Thurs., 13th inst.

Morning Shows at 10-30 A.M. will be held, when the picture "LET'S SING AGAIN" with the wonder boy-singer BOBBY BREEN will be screened.

CORONATION SOUVENIRS will be distributed to all Children in the Stalls and Balcony Classes Only.

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The REGAL

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Yesterday I happened to visit a village in Andheri, known as Gondivilee.

This village situated about three-quarters of a mile from the Andheri Railway Station, with a population of about 200 people has hardly any modern facilities. There is little sanitation and water supply for drinking purpose is from a well, while house washing is usually done near the village tank. The well has at the moment nearly dried up and the water that is being drawn is full of germs, giving rise to the guinea worm disease. This disease has attacked nearly the whole village and is still spreading fast.

The tank on the other hand is also empty except for a few patches which hold a dirty coloured water. It has become an ideal place for mosquito breeding. It is time that the Vile Parle-Andheri Municipality and the Medical Officer devoted some attention to it.

THANA MUNICIPAL BUDGET.

Recently the General Board of the Thana City Municipality adopted the budget estimate for the year 1937-38. The total revenue is estimated at Rs. 2,42,318. By adding the opening balance Rs. 24,771, the total on the income side is Rs. 2,67,089. During the year the Municipality intends to spend Rs. 2,66,563, which leaves a closing balance of Rs. 526 only. This is due to expenditure on several new amenities which have been added to the Municipal Borough.

Direct and indirect taxes Rs. 1,86,300, income from properties, Rs. 28,068 and Government grant for educational purposes, Rs. 18,400 are the items on the revenue side, while the main items of the expenditure side, are, public safety, Rs. 23,230, general administration Rs. 35,511, public health and convenience Rs. 1,37,568.

To-morrow I would not be surprised if Landsend witnessed a record gathering for I am told that the Original Imperial Band is to play at the Bandra Bandstand Bandra Point. This is to start at 6-15 p.m.

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Lightning Speed! Breath-taking Romance!
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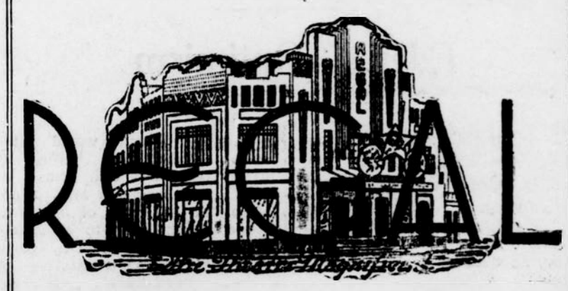
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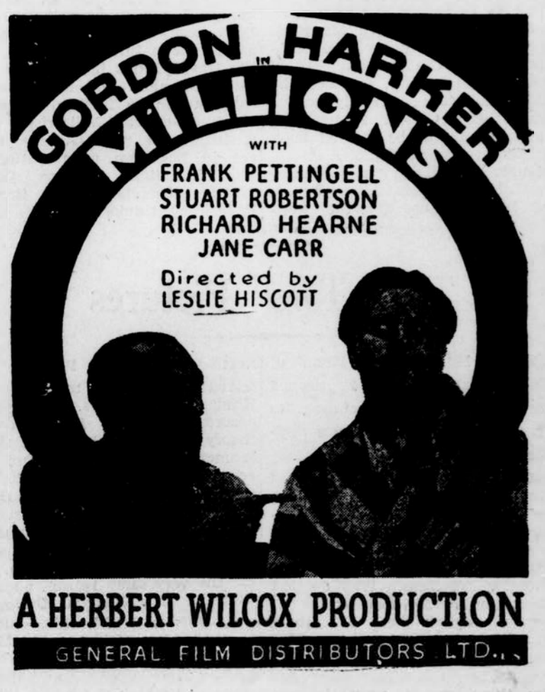
MILE-A-MINUTE MIRTHQUAKE!



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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1937

THE ONLY WAY

Our London correspondent believes that another effort will be made to open discussions with the Congress leaders immediately after the Coronation or after the session of the Imperial Conference. And he is so far precise about it as to expect that on the 28th instant the Governor of Madras will make a test case by sending for Mr. C. Rajagopalachari. It is certain that ere long the Governors in the provinces where the Congress has a majority will be compelled to consult once again the Congress Party Leaders with regard to the formation of Ministries. But whether they will do so after or before the present minority ministries are censured by the legislatures is the only doubtful point. The latter course may be tried as an experiment in one or two provinces. But that by itself does not carry one a single step towards a real settlement. Everything will depend upon whether the Governors will give the assurance as demanded by the Congress. If they think that fresh vague promises, containing isolated expressions from Gandhiji's exposition of the Congress demand, may take in at least one or two of the Congress Party leaders, they will again find themselves sadly mistaken.

Gandhiji's Formula

Our London correspondent thinks that the Governor of Madras will probably give an assurance that he is least anxious to interfere with the ministers' "day to day" administration, so long as it does not mean abrogation of the Constitution. Another Governor may say he will not "ordinarily' interfere with the ministers. Now, it is quite true that Gandhiji has occasionally used terms like "day to day" and "ordinarily". But from his bitter experience of solemn pledges about "safeguards demonstrably in the interests of India" being wantonly explained away, he would not again leave room for misinterpretation, either deliberate or unintended. He will not make it possible for the Governor to get away with the reservation that "day to day" does not mean "week to week' or that, after all, he has himself to explain what constitutes interfering "ordinarily" and what not. Gandhiji's formula that the Governor should definitely promise either to accept the Ministers' advice or dismiss them is the work of a genius, proof against misinterpretation and within the competence of the Governor. If the Governor refuses to give such an assurance, it is at least better and more honest than to rely upon words with a double meaning.

Prepare For Election

Gandhiji has made it clear again and again that the assurance demanded by the Congress is not a matter of mere prestige but is essential for the due carrying out of the Congress programme and that for Congress to accept office without the assurance would be "a fatal blunder". He has also pointed out that the Congress demand is as modest as it could possibly be made. In the circumstances it is unthinkable that any responsible Congressman would venture to suggest any toning down of the demand. The only way, therefore, for the British Government to come to a settlement with the Congress is to concede its demand in toto without any tacit reservation about its interpretation. If they do not care for a settlement on these terms, it will be well for them, as for all others, to say so at once and no longer leave things in suspense. In any case it will be best for Congress to assume from Lord Zetland's latest speech that there is to be no early settlement with the British Government about the office issue and that, therefore, an early general election in six provinces is almost inevitable. That election must be made to register a triumph that will carry to its logical conclusion the work begun by the last. Such a triumph can be a foregone conclusion if Gandhiji once again takes in hand the day to day administration of the Congress.

Eden's Optimism

It is something that Mr. Anthony Eden should not have completely subordinated his feelings as a human being to the "reality", as he might say, of—Non-Intervention. In spite of von Ribbentrop, he does think that the destruction of Guernica "seemed to be a particularly deplorable example of bombing and machine-gunning a town from the air". Mr. Eden could not very well ignore a shocked and indignant public opinion. But he has tried to be impartial! So, since the facts are disputed Mr. Eden suggests an inquiry by small neutral States. The Basques would welcome an inquiry, provided the States selected are really "neutral". But if General Franco refuses, what will be Mr. Anthony Eden's next move? Passive statesmanlike submission "in the interest of peace"? Mr. Eden expressed his confidence that the Non-Intervention scheme would succeed in ending "the influx of foreign volunteers and arms to Spain". With realities and facts before him the pose of optimism is too blatant even to be amusing. But worse was still to come from this great representative of a great "Democracy". "If", he said, "the Spanish tragedy can be ended we may see the beginning of an entirely new era in European collaboration". The point to be noted in this apparently noble sentiment is that like an honest, impartial, non-interventionist, Mr. Eden keeps a strictly open mind as to the nature of the end. If the tragedy ends in a victory for Italy, Germany and Franco and, therefore, in a further triumph for Fascism and Militarism, will it inaugurate "an entirely new era in European collaboration"? The Rt. Hon. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary of British Democracy, thinks so!

The Two Pictures

Malik Md. Zaman Khan of Kurram Pass has been imprisoned for three years on refusing to furnish security. His crimes appear to be two. His alleged connection, first, with the Khudai Khidmatgars of his province and, second, his demand that the Kurram Agency be granted equal political rights and privileges with the rest of the North-West Frontier Provinces. We do not think any decent man can honestly regard these as crimes at all. Yet the disgusting fact is that Malik Md. Zamankhan is in jail and for three years. Only a few weeks ago the Governor of the North-West Frontier Province referred in appealing terms to the Khudai Khidmatgars. They are, according British Parliamentary theory itself, the alternative Government. They are even more in actual practice. They are of the Congress whom the British Government are doing their best to persuade into office acceptance. And simultaneously a Khudai Khidmatgar is being sent to jail for the very same reason, namely, that he is a Khudai Khidmatgar. This is British rule. And it is this rule which certain Muslim "leaders" would rather help by calling upon the Musalmans to hold aloof from the Congress!

THE EAST THROUGH INDIAN EYES

A Voyage To Japan

(BY HASAN RABALE.)

COLOMBO, April 30.

There are many studies of the East written by Europeans but there are very few by Indians and even these confine themselves to a perfunctory description of business conditions in Japan, because it is only this aspect of the life of the Far East, which interests the world. About other regions such as Ceylon, Siam, Cochin, China, Dutch India, Philippines, China, Asiatic Russia, they are content to obtain their information from second-hand, often biased, sources. This is inevitable in a country which, inspite of its 400 millions, has no great political or economic status, and whatever its past, does not think of its future in terms of Welt-politics. It is, however, unfortunate, as the centre of storm and stress since the Great War has definitely shifted from the West to the East, from the Atlantic and the North Sea to the Pacific and Indian Oceans. It is unthinkable that there will ever be a war between Europe and their American cousins but the carcasses of Africa, India and China smell strong enough to excite the carnivorous appetities of the fighting races of mankind.

Japan Jatra

Formerly Indians rarely crossed the Seas. Recently it has become a fashion with the educated classes to visit foreign countries but against 95 per cent. visiting Europe, only 5 per cent. or so went to the East. Thanks, however, to the increasing interest in Japan, the concessions, offerred by the shipping companies and the cheap and analogus modes of living in that country, the percentage of Indian visitors is steadily increasing. When I booked my passage by an Italian boat, I expected to find it almost empty after the coronation rush to England but it was almost full and, what is more important, the majority of the passengers were Indians. The crowd which gathered to see us off at the Ballard Pier was almost exclusively Indian and the huge ship of 25,000 tons,—the biggest plying in Indian waters—looked like a steamer bound for a pilgrim port, the only difference, being that the pilgrims in this Japan Jatra were essentially modern in their dress and outlook. Most of them were intent on business or study but not a few were out to enjoy a cheap holiday. Of the former as many as 70 were Sindhis, who show a rare enterprise in trading in ports; some were Gujeratis and others hailed from different parts of India. It was a discouraging thought that such a large contingent of Indian travellers should have no national passenger shipping service of their own and should put up with conditions of travel, which, however, confortable, have been essentially devised for other climes and the convenience of other races. Four ships of modest dimensions could easily run a fast service between Yokohama and Marseilles but Indian Capital and enterprise are content to tread the beaten path of sugar, cotton and other light industries. There was nothing in the organisation and service of the ship which could not have been run by Indians of moderate ability. It is a curious commentary on the lack of patriotism and organisation amongst Indians that most of them should have booked their passage through well-known European Shipping Agencies which show them less consideration than they do to other races.

Bon Voyage

The ship sailed amidst strains of Italian music and much waving of handkerchiefs an hour later than its advertised time of departure. The affectionate Indian crowd kept on waiting at the pier and the polite passengers, though dazed by the hot western sun, went on staring at them, from their decks, even after the tea hour had passed. With the garlands, picturesque tokens of affection, still hanging on their necks and the bouquets, still in their hands, it would have been really unkind of them to retire to their cabins and partake of the refreshments they needed so badly after an exhausting day of feverish preparation. Keeping up appearances is a national virtue or failing in India and both the passengers and their waiting friends rose heroically to the occasion.

The voyage to Colombo was uneventful. It was enlivened or sought to be enlivened by the usual round of deck racing, cinemas, music, mixed bathing, dancing and eating but on the whole the vegetarian and strait-laced Indian does not respond readily to these foreign blandishments. His strong point is sleeping. As the weather was oppressively warm and the ship originally built for the colder Atlantic route was not sufficiently furnished with fans, some of the

(Continued on page 8 Col. 7)

Our European Letter

(By Our Own Correspondent)

Cross Currents In Central Europe

PRAGUE, April 30.

Attention in Europe has again this week been directed greatly to Central European affairs. A circumstance that has immediately led to this is the meeting recently in Venice between the Italian Premier, Signor Mussolini, and the Austrian Chancellor, Dr. Schuschnigg. It is due, one might add, not so much to the fact of the meeting itself, as to the publication in connection with it of an article in a leading Italian daily by Signor Gayda, who is known as a mouthpiece of Mussolini. The article, with points not covered by or contained in the official communique issued after the Venice meeting, states that no settlement, or to give the term employed "systematisation" of Danubian region is possible without the co-operation of both Italy and Germany, indicates a reserve towards the move of Austria and Czechoslovakia drawing closer, and suggests the entry of Austrian Nazis into the regime in Austria. Obviously the last mentioned point has caused the greatest attention. The Austrian Chancellor has in a statement, made soon after his return to Vienna, denied the suggestion of Signor Gayda.

Reasons Of Rapprochement

Whatever be the circumstances responsible for the suggestion of Gayda, it is widely considered, that Italian position to-day carries enhanced care to the course of understanding with Germany. This is viewed as implying alike pressure of increased internal tightness and impress of added attention to Mediterranean with a strain associated in relation to it with Britain. In Berlin care is taken to state that the intensification of relation with Italy does not mean development of an hostile attitude to Britain. There is at the same time no overlooking the interest retained in Berlin of getting Britain to a stand helpful to German policy in relation to Eastern and South-Eastern Europe and a disappointment felt over speculations or calculations linked with Britain in that connection. In both Berlin and Rome the idea of enhancement of bargaining power is keenly retained behind the move towards a closer understanding. For the while, at any rate, much attention is placed in Rome and Berlin for the above move. This is reflected by a series of mutual visits announced. The German Air Minister General Goering has been this week to Rome. He is to be followed soon by the Foreign Minister, Baron Neurath, the War Minister, Marshal Bloomberg, and probably also the Propaganda Minister, Dr. Goebbels. General Goering is to visit Italy again next month. There are references to Mussolini making a visit before long to Hitler at some place in South Germany.

Schuschnigg's Stand

The Austrian Chancellor in issuing a contradiction to Signor Gayda's suggestion has evinced, as various papers state, courage and confidence. Austria for a while has been devoting some attention to developing an extension of understanding with the Little Entente, with drawing closer to Czechoslovakia as a virile and sound economic unit occupying a prominent position in it. The Italian attitude now would seem to be casting a check to this move. Vienna also views that despite various circumstances Italian opinion cannot remain unconcerned or uncritical to anything like an absorption of Austria by Germany. A weak element in Austria's position is the lack of popular basis to the Schuschnigg regime. Great deal will depend upon how this defect is met. Bound with economic circumstances and the currents there is added tendency in Austria to turn for contacts to Western Europe and to improve relations with the Little Entente. The reaction to the somewhat demonstrative show of strengthening of Italian-German relations is awaited in different centres with great interest, reaction specially of Britain.

British Policy Of Drift

British attitude in the past and for a while has been lacking in exposition of a steady line, it may be, with conflicting estimates in relation with various and wide Empire interests. An interesting book on British foreign policy published this week under the title "The Road To War" (Gollancz: London. 3/6) describes it as carrying a drift amounting in effect to abandonment of the idea of collective security. It states:—"Of course there are plenty of mistakes and muddles and good intentions behind the Government's policy. There are also divisions within the governing class. But when every allowance has been made, and all these contrary impulses and forces have cancelled each other out, there is a hard core or net result left, and it is precisely that which constitutes the Government's policy. And it is something positive, something that tends in a certain direction—the muddle. So to speak is a oneway muddle; the chaos is a biased chaos. Somehow the mistakes of the Government never by any chance work out in favour of the under-dog,

(Continued on page 12 Col 3)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A SHOCKING DISASTER

Profound and world-wide sympathies will be felt for the victims of the "Hindenburg" disaster. Not since the crash of the British airship, R 101, has a mishap of such appalling magnitude occurred, and it is a grim irony indeed to note that the framework of the R 101 was actually utilised in the construction of the ill-fated airship! Fortunately the loss of life has not proved so great as was at first feared, and more than half of the passengers and the crew are reported to have miraculously escaped. It should thus be possible to throw some light on the causes of this shocking tragedy. A large measure of sympahy is also due to the gallant Dr. Eckner and his colleagues, who designed the "Hindenburg". While practically all the aeroplane manufacturers of the world have stopped the construction of such Leviathans of the air owing to the numerous mishaps, Dr. Eckner is yet undaunted in his faith in the Zeppelin. The "Graf Zeppelin" and the "Hindenburg" provided a supreme testimony to German grit and German efficiency. They were the last world in air-travel luxury, and have been immensely popular on both sides of the Atlantic. It remains to be seen what the reactions of the present mishap will be, on the public as well as the designers. Dr. Eckner is reported to have said that helium is always preferable to hydrogen in airships, and that the disaster might be attributable to the use of hydrogen in the "Hindenburg". "But the difficulty has been", proceeded Dr. Eckner, "that we in Germany have not helium supplies of our own." This throws indeed an oblique light on the present international situation and makes the tragedy doubly deplorable.

"UNDESIRABLE"

When the Royal Commission on the Manufacture and Trade in Arms was appointed a long time ago, it immediately evoked protests against its personnel and restricted terms of reference. The proceedings and recommendations of the Commission justified those protests. And they are further confirmed by the Government's attitude towards them, an attitude which expresses their solidarity with capitalists, with the private manufacturers of arms whose evils have been fully exposed in America and even at the British Inquiry. Government while admitting the practicability of a State monopoly regard it as "undesirable." Despite evidence of manufacturers' activities and despite Britain's own experience during the last war, if a State monopoly is "undesirable" there can be only one meaning to the word. The Government plead the case of "small countries" who are unable to manufacture munitions themselves. This is cynicism of a peculiarly shocking kind when one remembers how private manufacturers have deliberately wrought havoc by setting one small country against another so that they may sell arms to both! All this leads to one and only one conclusion. The Tory "National" regime, inspite of professions is first and foremost a class regime, a patron of merchants of death and destruction. The Governmen, we note, agree to some mild international regulation of arms as between principal Powers. But even there their sincerity is measured by modifications and conditions precedent.

CRIMINAL EXTRAVAGANCE

We cannot too strongly condemn the decision of the Bombay Municipal Corporation to agree to the Government's proposal to increase the salary of the Municipal Commissioner from Rs. 3,000 per month to Rs. 3,500. Rs. 3,000 a month is itself an unconscionably high salary for a poor country like India whatever may be the standards of payment in a rich country like Enngland. Sir Homi Mody's plea that the Municipal Commissioner deserved an increase of Rs. 500 because his duties and responsibilities were arduous was untenable for the simple reason that, with India's resources, a salary of even Rs. 1,000 a month is more than enough for a post involving more arduous duties and responsibilities. When there is a demand for reducing the high scale of salaries paid to public servants in India and when there are hundreds of municipal employees who do not get even a living wage of Rs. 30 a month, it is nothing short of criminal extravagance on the part of the Corporation to raise the salary of the Municipal Commissioner. We trust the Municipal Commissioner himself will display sufficient sense of fair-play to his own half-starved colleagues—patronisingly described by well-fed snobbery as "menials"—and refuse to accept the increase in his salary.

"FEDERATION OF INDIA"

Mr. P. R. Lele's book entitled "Federation of India", which was first published early last year has now reached a second edition, which shows that it meets a felt want. The present edition contains much additional matter on the followin, among other topics: States and the Federation, Tribal Areas, Instrument of Instructions to the Governor-General and to the Governors and Orders in Council made up to April 1, 1937. The book has elicited appreciative opinions from eminent authors like Prof. A. B. Keith and Prof. Harold J. Laski, the former of whom justly observes that it contains "all the matters which require mention" and is "likely to be helpful to students and the general public in acquiring a substantial appreciation of the Government of India Act, 1935." We had occasion to commend confidently to the public the first edition of the book last year. The present edition, revised, enlarged and brought up to date we can commend with even greater confidence. The book is published by the Popular Book Depot, Bombay, 7, and is priced only Re. 1-4

TENTATIVE SETTLEMENT

The country will be relieved to learn that the Bengal Premier's appeal to the jute workers and the assurances contained therein have made it possible for the Central Strike Committee to call off the strike with effect from Monday next. The terms of the tentative settlement do not go far enough to do justice to the workers, though the Premier admits that many of the grievances of the strikers are genuine and reasonable; but the pledge of a "thorough investigation, satisfactory to the workers into the questions of wages and other grievances of Jute workers" will, we trust, be liberally carried out. That is absolutely essential to prevent future discontent and unrest and it is possible, too, as the jute industry is and has been one of the most profitable ones in the country.

Disclaimer that is Admission—

Congress hesitation to accept offices arises, according to Lord Zetland, from "a mistaken sense of fear lest they should be unduly hampered in their tasks."

It arises, in fact, from the certainty that they would be duly hampered by British Governors.

* * * *

The Secretary of State invited the Congress to draw an object lesson from the actual working of the Minority Ministries.

What the bait is to the angler, the decoy to the strategist, so are our worthy interim Ministers to the British Government.

* * * *

Unofficial circles in London are, says our correspondent, disappointed, even disgusted, with the attitude of the Viceroy for persistent silence on the constitutional impasse.

This, in fairness, to the Viceroy, is not quite just. His Excellency, after all, is a subordinate of London official circles, who alone possess the key to his lips.

* * *

In the Kurram Valley, we note, association with Khudai Khidmatgars is punishable with three years' imprisonment.

They are the same people who, along with their fellows elsewhere, are being persuaded simultaneously to become Government in the different Provinces.

How perfectly British!

* * * *

Mr. L.B. Bhopatkar "humbly" requests his Hindu brethren not to take part in the Coronation ceremonies and observe a complete Hartal on May 12.

This again puts Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta on his usual mettle. But the position, while embarrassing, is not quite impossible. Like Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, who is taking an active part in the Temple dispute, as "a Hindu and an Indian," but not as a Democratic Swarajist, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta should participate in the Coronation ceremonies as an Honourable Minister and boycott them as a Hindu and an Indian.

* * * *

"I," explains Mr. Bhopatkar, "say nothing against the personality of the King, but when, at the very outset of his reign, his one officer does not hesitate to wound the religious sentiments of the whole Hindu community, how should the Hindus be inclined to entertain good feelings about his regime?"

Quite, quite. But when at the very very outset of the inauguration, with the assistance of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and others, of the new Provincial regime, its one officer etc., etc., etc., the Hindus led by the Democratic Swaraj Party should entertain good feelings about the regime, eh?

* * *

"The U.P. Assembly has not been summoned clearly on account of the refusal of the majority party to accept office."

—The Chief Minister.

Coming as it does, straight from the horse's mouth, you may put your shirt on the confession.

But what will the Governors say?

* * *

The Chief Minister favours postponement of the summoning of the Assembly because it gives a chance to the Majority Party "to reconsider its decision".

So there is nothing wrong in the present position. The privilege of a minority in a democracy is, they say, the freedom of trying to convert the majority. The interim Ministers are doing no more that exercising their privilege. It is, therefore, clear that by sticking to office while in a minority and refusing to face the Legislatures the interim Ministers are actually vindicating the principles of democracy.

Sabotage Suspected In "Hindenburg" Blaze

ECKENER & ANONYMOUS LETTERS

Heavy Death Roll In German Air-Ship Disaster

GRAZ, May 7.

Sensational allegation that the "Hindenburg" disaster may have been caused by sabotage was made by Dr. Eckener who arrived here last night.

Those Anonymous Letters

Dr. Eckener interviewed by Reuter said: "It is very likely that the disaster was due to an act of sabotage. I have repeatedly received anonymous threatening letters specially warning me not to land "Hindenburg" at Lake Hurst.

It is quite impossible that the explosion was due to lighting as the airship was equipped with the most modern preventing apparatus"

Dr. Eckener has broken off his lecture tour in Austria and left for Berlin this morning.

Anti-Nazi Sabotage?

A New York message says:—

Count Von Zepelin, nephew of German inventor who is on a business trip in the United States expressed the conjecture at an interview at Chicago that anti-Nazi sabotage may be behind the "Hindenburg" explosion.—Reuter.

Dr. Eskener will be the principal member of the Commission of six to enquire into the "Hindenburg" disaster.—Reuter.

INQUIRY COMMITTEE FOR NEW YORK

BERLIN, May 7.

Germany is in deep mourning for airship "Hindenburg." Flags with black streamers and set half-mast in public buildings and in many private houses. Special editions of morning papers with heavy black borders informed public of the accident.

Members of German Commission to inquire into the causes are flying to Cherbourg, where they will board "Europa" which is due at New York on Thursday.

RESCUE WORK ABANDONED.

A Lakehurst message states:

After hours of tireless labour the rescuers have now abandoned the wreck of "Hindenburg" until dawn. The recovered bodies are laid temporarily on the airship's mammoth hangar where distressed relatives are now flocking to identify the remains.—Reuter.

INSURANCE RISK ON "HINDENBURG"

Zeppelin Company's Large Share

LONDON, May 7.

It is understood that although a large part of the insurance of "Hindenburg' is covered in Britain, the loss to individual insurance companies will be relatively small as the risk is spread over many companies. It is believed that the Zeppelin Company holds 25 per cent. of the risk. The cost of construction of "Hindenburg" is stated to be £500,000.—Reuter.

Hitler Gives 30,000 Marks

BERLIN, May 7.

Herr Hitler has personally contributed 30,000 marks to the "Hindenburg" relief fund.—Reuter's Special.

DESIGNER SHOCKED

BERLIN, May 7.

Eckener, the designer of the Zeppelin on hearing the news of disaster, interviewed by Reuter, said: "I am most shocked. It is terrible. The accident appears to show clearly the necessity which I have always urged, of using helium in preference to hydrogen in airships. Difficulty has been that we in Germany have not helium supplies of our own."—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT CABLES HITLER SYMPATHY

WASHINGTON, May 7.

President Roosevelt has cabled to Herr Hitler expressing deepest sympathy over the "Hindenburg" disaster. Mr. Cordell Hull has cabled similarly to Baron Von Neurath.

HINDENBERG DISASTER: STAGGERING DEATH ROLL

LAKEHURST (New Jersey), May 7.

Airship "Hindenburg" burst into flames as it prepared to moor in evening at the end of its first trans-Atlantic flight of the season.

The airship left Frankfurt-on-Main at 8-15 p.m. on Monday and carried 39 passengers. No estimate is available hitherto of the dead and injured.

The airship had tossed the mooring lines to the ground when suddenly there was a terrific burst of flame from the stern. She was due to convey the last of America's Coronation visitors to Europe and her next visit to America had been postponed two days next week so that she could take the news-reel and other films of the Coronation to the United States.

(LATER): NEW YORK, May 7.

About a hundred people were aboard the "Hindenburg". Three of them are reported to have survived.

PASSENGERS IN MERRIMENT.

Within a few moments after the outbreak of the fire the twisted framework of the Airship crashed to the ground. The spectators stood sobbing and many were hysterical as army trucks with screaming syrens sped to the blazing wreckage.

The Airship was scheduled to dock at 6 a.m. and was delayed for 12 hours by headwinds over New Foundland. The disaster occurred at 6-20 E.S.T.

The Airship cruised above the Airport for over an hour waiting for the weather to be clear to permit its mooring.

The police sent out radio appeal to all ambulances and fire apparatus of the District to rush to the spot.

According to the ground watchers the Airship was only a few hundred feet above the ocean and the passengers were laughing and waving from the observation windows when a bomblike explosion sent out clouds of red and black billowing smoke.

Capt. Max Pruss was commanding the Airship and Capt. Lehmann was also aboard it in an advisory capacity, The passengers included Colonel Nelson Morris of Chicago ex-United States Minister to Sweden.

48 KILLED.

A New York message says.—

The Zeppelin Company's publicity representative now estimates that 20 passengers and 44 crew of the "Hindenburg" are now definitely alive.

The United States Navy Depart-

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 4.)

CHILDREN MARCH OUT OF TUG

Sing 'Internationale'" And Give "Red" Salute

LA ROCHELLE, May 7.

All singing the 'Internationale' and raising fists in the Communist Salute 500 children marched ashore from a tug. They were the first batch of refugees from Bilbao in the liner "Habana". After medical examination the children were given food and distributed to their new homes by train.

The situation in Barcelona still lacks clarification. Reports via Paris declare that life is becoming normal. Workers are answering the summons of Trade Unions to return to work. The underground and buses are working and tram-lines are being repaired.

On the other hand Cerberes, on the Franco-Spanish frontier, reports that anarchists seized the important town of Figueras and placed machine guns at strategic points. Extremists also dominate the town of Gerona, having forced local authorities to hand over their functions.—Reuter's Special.

Industrial Truce In France

PARIS, May 7.

On the eve of the debate in the Chamber, wherein M. Blum's policy will be chrystallised. Workers and employers have announced six months' industrial truce where under collective agreements due shortly to expire will be renewed for further six months.

The agreement follows an appeal from M. Blum in the interests of public peace.—Reuter.

ROUSING RECEPTION TO JAWAHAR IN RANGOON

RANGOON, May 7.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, accompanied by his daughter Indira Nehru and his Secretary, arrived in Rangoon on board "Ekma" from Calcutta at seven this morning on a tour of Burma.

Outside the wharf he was profusely garlanded by representatives of various sections of Indian Community and was taken in a mammoth procession through the Indian quarters. The route of procession was decorated with national tricolour flags and bunting.—A. P.

GRUESOME FATE OF PASSENGERS

Story Of 35 Feet Leap For Life

LAKEHURST, May 7.

The fate of the 14 "Hindenburg" passengers is still unknown It is hoped that some will be found in hopsitals. Capt. Lehmann is among the survivors, whose condition is so grave that last rites in Church were administered. He told a visitor "I don't know what happened. She just went up."

LEAP FOR LIFE

Examinations of bodies shows that victims include an unidentified local man, who apparently watched the landing. One survivor Herr Peter Belin, son of Herr Ferdinan Belin former Ambassador to Poland jumped 35 feet from the cabin window and landed unhurt on a pile of sand. There was only one British passenger aboard and he escaped.

"Hindenburg" is now merely a tangled heap of metal.—Reuter.

JAWAHARLAL TO VISIT MALAYA?

SINGAPORE (By Mail).

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, may visit Malaya shortly, Reuter learns. He intends to visit Burma from India and may extend his tour to Malaya in response to an invitation by Indian leaders in Malaya. If he comes here, he may stay a fortnight, taking a complete rest and desisting from all political activities.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Indian National Congress, is likely to pay a visit to Malaya in the near future, according to "Tamil Nesan" the local Tamil vernacular paper.

Pandit Nehru is intending to visit Burma and may extend his tour to Malaya in response to invitations.

Should he make the visit, it is understood, he would be here for about a fortnight, taking a complete rest and abstaining from political activities.—Reuter.

RETALIATION 'WRIT' LARGE

Standing Emigration Committee To Fight Zanzibar Decrees

SIMLA, May 7.

"Retaliation" that seems to be in the minds of Members of the Standing Emigration Committee who have come here to consider Zanzibar Decrees and to advise Government as to what steps should be taken to protect Indian interests. Mr. F. E. James and Mr. Muthuranga Mudaliar have informed, they won't be able to attend an emergent meeting to be held to-morrow. Other members including Sir P. Sethna, Messrs. Joshi Ramnarayansingh Saxena, Ghiasuddin and Nauman have arrived.

Mr. Tayabali, Barrister from Zanzibar who came last year to acquaint the members of the Assembly with the situation in Zanzibar and addressed a meeting of legislators under the chairmanship of Sjt. Bhulabhai, Leader of the Opposition had discussions to-day with Sir A. Hydari officiating secretary of the Indian Overseas Department.

It appears, members will urge Government to take definite steps towards the examination question if Zanzibar cloves could not be prohibited and the protectorate of Government is forced to safeguard Indian interests. Some members appear to have no objection to the legitimate protection of interests of Arabs and Africans but they object to legislation based mainly on racial discrimination.

It is probable the Committee might have to sit on Monday if deliberations will not conclude on Saturday when there is to be a Garden party at Viceroy's House the first public function connection in the Coronation celebrations.

BEARER OF GOODWILL MESSAGE

RANGOON, May 7.

"I have come here as the bearer of a message of goodwill from India" said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, replying to a Civic address which was presented by Doctor Alan Murray, the Mayor, in a silver casket.

The function was held in the City Hall, which was crowded. Pandit Nehru added that Burma and India must carry on together. Though now geographically separated by England, and advised cooperation and the preservation of a friendly spirit between Indians and Burmans. He strongly criticised the exploitation of the masses and the Nationals of subjugated countries.—A. P.

DINNER PARTY TO CONGRESS PRESIDENT

RANGOON, May 7.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru remarked "I have nothing to say" when his attention was drawn to Lord Zetland's statement in the House of Lords.

Pandit Nehru's host here gave an informal dinner to meet the Congress President to-night. About 20 guests attended the dinner, which was served in London fashion.

The guests included Burman officials, non-officials, the only European guest was B. W. Swithinbank, Commissioner of Pegu Division, who dressed in a white dinner suit, squatted on the floor and partook of the dinner. —A. P.

"REVOLTING MASS MASSACRE OF MODERN TIMES"

Senator Borah Denounces Fascist Atrocities

W ASHINGTON, May 6.

Mr. Borah, the Senator, denounced Fascist military tactics in Ethiopia and Spain, particularly the bombing of Guernica.

"No language can describe the scen at Guernica and Guernica was not a single instance, but the culmination of a long line of unspeakable atrocities. The attack had no legitimate military objective, an unarmed non-combatant city was singled out for the most revolting mass massacre of modern times".

He added, Fascism was a more dangerous threat to Democracy of United States than Communism.—Reuter.

NEW COMMANDER OF CATALAN FORCES

BARCELONA, May 7.

The radio station here claims that calm has been restored throughout Barcelona. Government has appealed to population for continuance of calm "to overcome enemies of anti-Fascist cause."

Gen. Pozas, new commander of Catalan forces, who arrived here yesterday had a long interview with the new Provincial Government.—Reuter.

REFUGEES FROM BASQUE

LA ROCHELLE, May 7.

Escorted by a British destroyer the liner "Habana" arrived last night with 4,000 Bilbao refugees who are disembarking to-day

The Basque steam yacht "Goizeko Izarra' reached Panillac near Bordeaux with an additional 319 refugees, mostly children.—Reuter's Special.

THOSE INHABITANTS 'MUST BE EVACUATED'

SALAMANCA, May 7.

An Insurgent Headquarters' statement declares that towns in which military units shelter within ten kilometres of the front are lawful military objectives and the inhabitants should be evacuated. It adds:

"The National Government declare that Non-Military open cities have never been and never will be bombarded by national 'planes."—Reuter.

81 Arrests At Poona

"Indiscriminate" Lathi Charge: "S. O. S." To Bombay Govt.

POONA, May 7.

Acquainting the Government with the tense situation arising out of the Sonya Maruti Temple Satyagraha Mr. S. L. Karandikar, Member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and Whip of the Democratic Swaraj Party, who was first to offer Satyagraha has telegraphed to the Governor of Bombay and the four Ministers of the Bombay Government, informing them of "the indiscriminate lathi charge."

He adds that occupants of the adjoining shop were molested and points out that the lathi charge was severe. He mentions the names of two Municipal Councillors, one pleader and two merchants who were among the injured.

Mr. Karandikar concludes "If unhappy developments take place the Government will be responsible."

A complaint of alleged trespass, molestation and causing hurt has been filed in the City Magistrate's Court against a Sergeant alleging that Popatlal Shah, a Municipal Councillor and member of the Peace Committee, who was stated to have been sitting inside a shop adjoining the temple, was molested by the Sergeant. Total arrests by nightfall were 81.—A.P.

(Earlier News On Page 20.)

MOST UNPROVOKED

Mr. Gokhale On Poona Lathi Charge

POONA, May 7.

Mr. D. V. Gokhale, President of the Democratic Swaraj Party, Poona Branch, when interviewed on the lathi charge, stated:

"This is a most unprovoked and unjustified lathi charge. It ought and surely shall stiffen our attitude towards the Coronation ceremonies."—United Press

MALAYA MARKET FOR JAPANESE TEXTILES

SINGAPORE (By Mail).

"Malaya is becoming a ready market for cheap Japanese and Chinese (Shanghai) made-up textiles of every description," states the Hon. Mr. W. D. Barron, Commissioner of Customs and Excise for the Straits Settlement and the Federated Malay States, in his report for 1936.

He points out that it is doubtful whether the curtailment of imports of China and Japan piecegoods under the quota system will leave a gap for United Kingdom manufacturers to fill, particularly as the imports from other foreign countries are on the increase.

"A large percentage of Japan's loss through quotas in her piecegoods trade with Malaya is being counterbalanced by gain in made-up goods and silk piecegoods," adds the report.

"The normal consumption of Malaya is about 110,000,000 yards a year of cotton and rayon piecegoods. In 1936 about 70 per cent of goods consumed were manufactured east of Suez."—Reuter.

Britain's Naval Might In Thames

LONDON, May 7.

Thirty warships of the Home Fleet, representative of Britain's naval might, sailed up the Thames this morning, more than dozen classes including 30,000 ton battleships, at Southend and Tilbury, and cruisers, destroyers and submarines at various points of the River towards the pool where the "Indus" is now lying. The "Indus" now joined the flotilla leader "Exmouth," the escort vessel to the fleet submarines, "Swordfish" and "Starfish". In order to meet the desire of Londoners for better view-points from where to see the "Indus" and also to individualise her illuminations, which will be most striking the "Indus" is moving further up the river this morning and will berth between the Tower and London Bridge. Arrangements have been made for a party of 400 to vist the "Indus" on Saturday.—Reuter's Special.

A gang of Mahsuds who came to raid Kulachi and other neighbouring villages was engaged by the Border Militia near Loni, and in an exchange of fire four Mahsuds were shot dead and a number wounded.

King Meets Empire Premiers At Luncheon

HISTORIC FUNCTION AT WESTMINSTER HALL

LONDON, May 7.

In the age-old Westminster Hall the King to-day presided at a luncheon with his Empire Prime Ministers. It was here that Coronation banquets were held by British sovereigns for centuries down to 1820. The company, which numbered 800, also included members of the Cabinet and prominent representatives of various Empire legislatures.

On his arrival at the Hall all the Dominions Prime Ministers including Mr. Baldwin were presented to the King.

Then came the Gaekwar of Baroda, Sir Zafrullah Khan, representing India at the Imperial Conference, Mr. Huggins, Prime Minister of Rhodesia and Dr. Ba Maw, Burma.

Leaders of delegations to the Empire Parliamentary Conference were then presented including Senator Clarkson, South Africa, Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy and Sir Abdur Rahim, India and W. Duraiswamy (Ceylon).

The Lord Chancellor, Lord Hailsham, sat on His Majesty's right at luncheon and the speaker, Captain Fitzroy, on his left, while in close neighbourhood were Mr. Baldwin and other Prime Ministers.

The King's health was proposed by Lord Hailsham and drunk with unusually deep feeling amid a four minute demonstration of loyalty.

KING'S REPLY

His Majesty, replying, said that the occasion was an historic one, being the first time that the sovereign was present at a luncheon at Westminster Hall to meet representatives of the Empire legislatures. "What worthier setting could be imagined than this ancient hall, which at once has been the scene and silent witness to many stirring events in the history of Parliament in this country!

Here have grown up the principles which form the bulwark of the system known to us as Parliamentary Government. Those principles have been carried by the people of our race to the end of the earth. They are now the heritage and pride of all parts of the British Commonwealth of Nations. I hope that all will gain strength and help from meeting one another."

The Speaker evoked prolonged applause when he said: "Your Majesty, we have the utmost confidence in the future of your reign."—Reuter.

NO RESTRICTION IN OVERSEAS COURT

Debutantes Presented To Their Majesties

LONDON, May 7.

Their Majesties second Court was an Overseas Court in every sense of the word. The unwritten law that only certain number of debutantes and other presentees from each Dominion and Colony be commanded each year was relaxed in honour of Coronation. Tremendous number of women, who travelled from overseas for Coronation, were presented to Their Majesties Members of the Royal Family present included Duke and Duchess of Kent, Princess Royal and Earl Harewood. Dominions and Colonial Secretaries attended and High Commissioners for South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Canada, Australia and New Zealand were also summoned.

RECEPTION TO INDIAN CONTINGENT

Galaxy Of Guests At Overseas House

LONDON, May 7.

Over 300 guests were present at the reception given by Sardar Mohansingh at Overseas House to meet the officers of the Indian Coronation Contingent. Those accepting invitations included Marquess and Marchioness of Zetland R.A. Butler, Sir Samuel and Lady Hoare, Sir Firozkhan Noon and Lady Noon, Nawab of Bhopal, Raja of Jamkhandi, Raja of Khairgarh, Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Sir Frank and Lady Fox, Sir Findlater Stewart, Sir Frederick and Lady Sykes, Sir William Birdwood and Sir Zafrullakhan.

Earl Cavan, commanding Coronation troops will be inspecting Indian and Burman Contingents at Hampton Court on May 8. The Afghan Delegation headed by the Crown Prince of Afghanistan arrived here to-day.—Reuter.

THE PROCESSION

LONDON, May 7.

The Coronation procession will be two and a half miles long. The second rehearsals have shown that the great State coach covers 92 yards in a minute and upon the coach the whole procession devolves.

SIGNIFICANT FACT.

One of the most significant aspects is that the districts which are most enthusiastic are those sometimes labelled "Red". The atmosphere over the East End is one of great expectancy, the general desire of all being to participate in the reveleries. With true East End generosity open invitations have been extended to visitors to join in the great day.—Reuter's Special.

NO 'TRUCK' WITH CORONATION

Howrah City Fathers' Decision

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The Howrah Municipality decided to-night not to participate in the Coronation celebrations and not to spend money for the purpose.—A.P.

"OBSERVE HARTAL ON MAY 12"

POONA, May 7.

A largely attended meeting of Hindus of all castes held this evening, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar presiding, adopted a resolution condemning the lathi charges made this morning at the Sonya Maruti temple and sympathising with the injured.

Another resolution exhorted the Hindus to observe a hartal on May 12 and not to participate in the Coronation celebrations. The speakers included Congressmen, Democrats, Sanatanists and Hindu Sabhaites. The total number of arrests is about 90.—A. P.

SUCCESSOR TO LUMLEY

LONDON, May 6.

The York bye-election to replace Mr. Lumley, Governor-Designate of Bombay resulted as follows:—

Charles Wood, eldest son of Lord Halifax (National Conservative) 22,054 Dugdale, Private Secretary of Major Attlee (Labour) 17,986.—Reuter.

CAPITULATION CONFERENCE REACHES COMPROMISE

MONTREAUX, May 7.

The Capitulation Conference reached a compromise on the vexed question of treatment of protected subjects

The Conference then adopted the formula and the final act with the declarations of the Egyptian Delegation. The Agreement will be signed on Saturday.—Reuter.

Prior to the second court, the King received Maharaja of Jaipur, Maharaja Jamsahib of Nawanagar accompanied by Maharani and also Aga Khan. The Maharaja of Ratlam attended the court.—Reuter.

Fresh orders under Section 144 have been promulgated in the Sankrail area of the Howrah district. They will be in force for a period of another two months.

GUARANTEED CURES

Haemorrhoids and Piles (Bleeding) can be healed within 14 days.
Lack of Vitality (if not from Childbirth) within 12 days.
Venereal diseases (Acute or Chronic) within 10 days.
Lucorrhea and menstrual disorders within 8 days.
Asthma and Bronchitis (Chronic since 15 years Limit) within 10 days.
Scrofulla and Consumption cured within 20 days.
Graval or Gall stone within 3 days.

NO OPERATION.
FREE CONSULTATION
From
10 A.M. to 12 P.M. & 2 P.M. to 7 P.M.
at
AJMAL MEDICAL HALL,
KOTHARI MANSION,
Opp. General Post Office, Bombay
(Open on Sundays also) Phone 23499

Five Year Plan—

For Industrialisation Of Bombay Presidency

"Every Village Must Be Made Self-Sufficient"

JAYAKAR OPENS INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR

A Five-year plan for the industrialisation of the Bombay Presidency, based on a survey carried out by experts, from the point of view of making every village self-sufficient, was advocated by Mr. M. R. Jayakar, who declared the Indian Industries Fair open, on Friday evening at the Marine Lines Reclamation ground.

Mr. Jayakar in his speech expressed himself in agreement with the activities of the Village Industries Association, and hoped that as soon as the popular Ministries took up office, they would order an economic and industrial survey of the province to be held and desire ways of rapidly industrialising the province.

Mr. G. S. Ranade, Managing Director, presenting the report traced the progress of the organisation since its inception nearly two years ago.

WELCOME SPEECH.

The proceedings commenced with prayer by a number of girls.

Next Mr. Purshottamdas Runchoddas Director, read the welcome speech of Mr. N. G. Gor, Chairman of the Indian Industries Fair, Limited, in his unavoidable absence.

Mr. Gor in his speech stated: "Indian Capital is shy and Technical skill is imperfect and because of these, Indian enterprises take a long time to take a permanent footing. The services rendered by these exhibitions to these industries is incalculable. By these fairs the public attention is drawn to the extent of patronage required to be extended to these small national Industries to give them a firm footing. A sense of economic nationalism is kindled and the service rendered in this respect goes a long way to improve and widen the markets for our indigenous enterprises."

VALUE OF FAIRS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal requesting Mr. Jayakar to preside over the function said that the industrial advancement of India was a matter as dear to Mr. Jayakar as to any industrialist in India. The fairs of this nature were most valuable in these days of inadequate commercial publicity.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar declaring the Fair open, in an impressive speech, expressed the view that the problem of industrialisation of the country could not be solved by the people alone. There must be joint co-operation between the people and the Government, if this problem were to be solved and it was to be solved on the lines not foreign to this country.

WHEN HE LED SWARAJ PARTY.

Mr. Jayakar referred to the days in 1924 when he was the head of the Swaraj Party in the Bombay Legislative Council. Then the Department of Industries was a great joke and the Director of Industries had nothing to direct (laughter). That period was signified by the most ruinous step taken by the Government, in closing down the pottery shop in the Art School and the workshop where excellent carpets were manufactured.

BISCUIT FACTORY FOR BOMBAY?

Emphasising that India had vast resources to be exploited, Mr. Jayakar said that in those days he was approached by an European Biscuit Manfacturer who sought his help, as the leader of the opposition in regard to the establishment of a Biscuit Factory in Bombay. He replied to the European industrialist that he was one of those who held the view that the unexploited resources of this country should rather remain unexploited until India was capable of exploiting them herself.

Continuing Mr. Jayakar said that they all, had a reason to hope that in the near future, when the popular Government took up office, and they would take up office sometime in July or August he would say this in due deference to those who held opinion to the contrary. These ministries would be able to take up on hand this question and develop these industries on lines already explored and if they were not explored, they must be explored (cheers). A five-year plan for this development might be evolved on the basis of a province-wide industrial survey from the point of view of the self sufficiency of the village.

UNIT OF INDUSTRIAL ADVANCEMENT.

He agreed with the promoters of the Village Industries Association that the village is and will be the unit of industrial advancement for some time to come. And it will be profitable for us to find what is the natural outlet for its products, so that in course of time we may adopt the same doctrine adopted in England, of making the country self-sufficient.

They in England certainly did not proceed on the doctrine that an industry could be fostered by artificial means.

The new popular ministers could take up this question, when they came with office, as they were able to take up this question with the backing of a majority in the house, with the public opinion which is behind them for their sincere fight and work which they carried on for the last so many years. And they could certainly lay down a programme which no ministry in the past or the present could do. (Applause).

He was sure when the popular ministers took up office, they would see that industriallsation of the province progressed rapidly.

The first task of those who would soon come into power, Mr. Jayakar went on, would be to set apart about 25 acres of the Reclamation ground permanently for holding annual fairs of this description. Their second task would be to have an industrial survey held throughout the province with the sole desire of providing occupation for the villager. The leisure period at the disposal of the villager in this country was eminently fitted to be utilised to carry on industry in small scale.

NOT A WRONG VIEW.

Upto now the Government, for political considerations into which he need not go on this occasion, took the view in bulk, though there may be exceptions here and there —that India being an agricultural country must be kept so. That view was not altogether wrong. But the time had come when that theory that India must be kept as an agricultural country, to be a sort of reservoir of raw materials for the use of industrial manufacturing countries, must be gradually abandoned. It must be replaced by another theory, namely, of industrialising the country on lines not foreign to India.

He was looking to the time when an effective programme would be laid down by the popularity party towards this end,—he did not wish to talk much about programmes, as nowadays there were too many programmes and many of them on paper.

Because these programmes required money and he hoped that the party which enjoyed popularity would soon come into power and put their programme through. (Applause).

Mr. Jayakar then declared the Fair open.

BIHAR PREMIER'S "SELF-HELP" CAMPAIGN

CHAPRA, May 7.

Dressed in shorts and a shirt, and wearing a sun hat, Mr. Yunus, the Chief Minister, accompanied by the District Magistrate and the Chairman of the District Board, motored this morning to Admapur Bundh, 39 miles from Chapra, to lead the self-help campaign to protect the people from the danger of floods.

Before initiating the self-help campaign, Mr. Yunus, addressing the villagers as "my dear village people", said:

"You know that the motto of our Cabinet, which is composed of your own men, is to do the largest amount of good to the largest number of people within the shortest possible time". He added: "I may tell you that ours is a Government of the people, by the people and for the people, and whenever you have any troubles and grievances, let us know, and we shall come to your assistance". —A.P.

Peasants Stand By Congress

Rousing Reception To Party Leader: No-Confidence In Bombay Cabinet

SHAHADA, May 7.

A correspondent wires as follows:—

From Betavad Mr. B. G. Kher, Leader, Congress Party, Bombay Legislative Assembly, arrived at Sindhkheda and addressed a large and representative meeting of several villages.

A resolution expressing confidence in the Congress policy, demanding the immediate meeting of the legislature and expressing no confidence in the 'interim' Ministry was passed.

The party proceeded to Shirpur where a procession with band, trumpet and national song, greeted Mr. Kher. Numerous persons garlanded him. At night Mr. Kher addressed a large meeting of men and women. A 'no confidence' resolution in the 'interim' Ministry was passed here also.

Mr. Kher exhorted the workers to strengthen the Congress by getting in touch with peasants.

The party proceeded to Shahada after addressing a meeting at Chimthana.—A.P.

WOMEN FOR TRAVANCORE LEGISLATURE

Three Nominations Include Orthodox Conservative

TRIVANDRUM, May 7.

The Travancore Government announce to-day the nomination of three women to the Travancore Legislature, namely two to the Travancore Legislative Assembly and one to Sri Chitra State Council.

These nominations are especially interesting in view of the fact that one nominee to the Assembly, Srimati Devaki Antarjanam is from Nambudri community, well-known for its orthodox conservatism. Srimathi Devaki is probably the first Nambudiri lady to be nominated to any Legislature in India.

Srimathi T. Narayanai Amma, who is the other lady nominated to the Lower House, was a member of the last Travancore Legislative Assembly, and is the author of the Travancore Child Marriage Restraint Bill and the Widows Remarriage Bill.

The Government also announce other nominations to the Assembly and Council to-day. The primary criterion in making nominations has been to ensure the presence in the legislature of members representing important groups and communities, which have not secured representation by election.

The elections to the Travancore legislature passed off peacefully despite the many keen contests and the vigorous canvassing and there was record polling in many places, amounting in certain cases to 80 per cent of the electorate.—A. P.

Nutritive Value Of Red Palmoil

Possibilities Of Use As Cheap Substitute For Cod Liver Oil In Hospitals

The Indian Research Fund Association has issued the following Note on the Nutritive Value and Cost of Red Palm Oil:—

Red palm oil is derived from the fruit of the West African palm "elaeis guineensis". This palm has been imported into Malaya and Burma; in the former country it appears to be extensively grown, but not as yet in the latter. It has not been introduced into India.

A number of workers have shown that red palm oil is very rich in carotene, the precursor of vitamin A, and that it can supply the vitamin A requirements of rats when given in very small quantities.

CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS

Red palm oil, contained in a suitable emulsion, was given a trial by Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Wright, I.M.S., Professor of Ophthalmology, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Madras, in the treatment of severe cases of human keratomalacia. Colonel Wright is probably the foremost living authority on keratomalacia. He reports that red palm oil is as rapidly effective as cod liver oil in treatment.

If red palm oil cures keratomalacia, then its carotene must be capable of satisfying the daily vitamin A requirements of human beings

If the cost of red palm oil and cod liver oil is taken as about 2.5 annas and 12 annas per lb. respectively, the amount of vitamin A activity purchasable for a given sum in the form of red palm oil will be about 3 times greater than that purchasable in the form of cod liver oil.

USES OF RED PALM OIL

Clearly red palm oil merits attention on the part of the agricultural authorities and nutrition workers in the Tropics and the East. It could be widely used as a cheap substitute for cod liver oil in hospitals, dispensaries and children's homes. The fact that, unlike cod liver oil it contains very little or no vitamin D, is not necessarily a drawback to its use in countries where vitamin D is supplied by abundant strong sunlight and rickets is rare. In India, it could be used in the South and other parts where vitamin A deficiency is common and vitamin D deficiency not a serious problem.

It might also be consumed as an ordinary ingredient in the diet, perhaps mixed with other vegetable fat devoid of carotene. It is used by the natives of West Africa as a culinary oil in much the same way that butter and various vegetable fats are used in Europe. In the Coonoor Laboratories it has been found that palatable mixtures of vegetable oil (e.g. cocoanut) and red palm oil, containing carotene in such proportions that the vitamin A content of the mixture is roughly equivalent to that of good butter, can be prepared. Some destruction of carotene takes place on heating such mixtures, but enough remains to be of value. It might be feasible to prepare a palatable 'margarine like' product based on a mixture of hydrogenated fat and red palm oil.

The question of introducing the palm elaeis 'guineensis' into South India should receive attention on the part of agricultural authorities. The climate of South India would probably be suitable for its cultivation.

"Hindenburg" Disaster

(Continued from Page 7.)

ment is advised that, at least, 48 persons are killed.

99 ABOARD.

A later Lakehurst message says: It is definitely established that there were 99 souls aboard the "Hindenburg": 39 passengers and 60 crew.

The four survivors comprise Mr. Herbert Olaughlin of Chicago, who jumped when the ship was ten feet from the ground. Two Stewards and a Cabin Boy jumped from the window.

UNRECOGNISABLY BURNT

Capt. Lehmann is reported in hospital to be seriously burnt, apparently when he leapt from the control cabin.

A member of the Ground Crew said, they got three bodies from the stern of the Airship, all unrecognizably burnt; one still found breathing. Even after the crash minor explosions continued and screams of victims were plainly audible in the envelope of the Airship which was filled with Hydrogen.

Mr. Copeland, the Chairman of the United States Senate Committee for Investigating Air Safety, said, the "he would order an immediate inquiry into the causes of the crash".

The "Hindenburg" was specially designed to avoid fire similar to that of R-101, and contained hardly an inch of wood and everything was built on duralmin. She was the first Zeppelin in which passengers were allowed to smoke. The twisted framework of R-101 was actually embodied in the "Hindenburg". It was purchased by the German Government.

34 DIE IN ZEPPELIN DISASTER

Casualty roll in the Zeppelin disaster is now given as 34 dead or missing, including two, who died of injuries in hospital. 24 passengers and 42 crew survived. —Reuter.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

A GUARD!

The stranger now perceived that the matter had gone beyond a joke, wherefore he also unsheathed his sword, saluted his opponent, and placed himself on guard, whispering to himself: "What a godsend this fellow would be for his Majesty, who is searchng everywhere for recruits for the Musketeers."

Hardly had the stranger utttred these words than d'Artagnan made such a furious lunge at him that he would certainly have been run through had he not sprung quickly backwards.

REINFORCEMENTS ARRIVE.

The fight between d'Artagnan and the stranger was brought to a sudden end by the arrival of the two hilarious men and the innkeeper, who threw themselves at d'Artagnan and began beating him with sticks and saucepans. The attack was so sudden and so furious that d'Artagnan was compelled to turn in order to ward off the shower of blows. His opponent re-sheathed his sword and then stood watching the fray with his usual impassibility. From all sides people were flocking to the scene, and the innkeeper, fearing a scandal, told four servants to carry the wounded man into the kitchen and dress his wounds, which was very badly needed indeed.

Jews' Unique Court In London

No Fees, No Lawyer, Not Much Delay Yet Perfect Satisfaction To All

Those of us who spend our lives in the Courts of Law often wonder why we so rarely see Jews in them as parties to a suit. That is, an action between one Jew as plaintiff, and another as defendant. Of course, there are many cases in which one party to the dispute is of the Jewish community. The reason for their absence is this—Jews have a court of their own. And a very learned and effective Court it is.

In this court of the Jews, litigants receive, not merely cold interpretations and applications of the Law, but Equity—and both quickly and without cost. It is the ancient court of Beth Din—which means the House of Judgment.

Its President is the Chief Rabbi, and he is assisted by Dyanim, meaning judges—commonly called the Wise Men—all of whom sit in skull caps and black gowns, writes a London Magistrate in "Tit-Bits"

Tucked away in an unpretentious building in the East-end of London this anicent tribunal, which carries on an unbroken traditions of thousands of years, administers the law, applies justice, gives advice, makes orders and enforces them; and in an infinite variety of ways supervises and directs the lives and conduct of the members of the Jewish community.

To that venerable court are brought all the quarrels and differences that arise among Jews, be they matrimonial, contractual, or any other nature

Magistrates in police-courts hear annually about 13,000 applications by wives for separation or maintenance orders. Few, if any, of the applications are jews. These have their dispute settled at Beth Din. Husband-and-wife cases are adjusted.

Copied Them?

For eighteen months a distinguished Departmental Committee sat to investigate the problems connected with matrimonial cases, with a view to reducing the number of separations, and to introduce conciliatory machinery to bring estranged husbands and wives to continue to live together. It is a striking tribute to Beth Din that many of the methods they recommended have always been a part of the practice of that court.

Breach-of-promise cases are heard and determnied by this court of Beth Din. Frequently, the parties find the breach healed through the good offices of the Wise Men, and the threatened marriage takes place. But if there is no such settlement, the Tenaim, or contract of betrothal, is cancelled formally and officially. An equitable distribution of the presents, if any, follows. There is also mutual forgiveness, known as Mechila, and the court ,in proper circumstances, awards damages for the breach

In other civil claims, judgements are delivered and from them there is no appeal.

Alleged libels and slanders, landlord-and-tenant, master-and-servant, vendor-and-purchaser, parents-and-children cases, trade disputes—indeed, all cases that normally, among other people, come before the civil courts, the Jews take to their own.

There is no oath-taking. The adjuration: "Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour" is regarded as sufficient, and binding on the consciences of the deponents.

No Fees, No Lawyers

Solicitors and counsel do not usually appear to plead; helped by the Dayan—one of the Wise Men—the parties conduct their own cases: And the Clerk of the Court gives assistance when required.

There are no court fees. And —what, surely, the litigants must appreciate—there is no Bill of Costs after the dispute is settled by the court.

There are no arrears, as in some of the Law Courts. Parties have not to wait weeks, or even months ,to have their causes heard and determined. For five days a week the Wise Men sit; and they are well abreast of the lists.

Beth Din is not, of course, part of our judicial system; but if it becomes necessary, and in certain circumstances, its decisions and orders may be enforced by the ordinary law of the land. If both parties to a dispute formally agree to refer it for final determination to Beth Din, the award of that tribunal may, if the formalities and requirements of the Arbitration Act are complied with, become an Order of the Court, and enforced accordingly. This real Temple of Justice is still young in its vital energy which it employs to promote peace and concord in Jewry.

POONA CANTONMENT CONDEMNS "INTERIM MINISTRY"

(From A Correspondent)

POONA, (By Mail).

A public meeting, as per instruction given by the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress, was held in Poona Cantonment at Centre Street, under the auspices of Cantonment Congress Committee to condemn the present Interim Ministtry. Mr. Maganbhai Patel was in the chair.

Mr. Satur exhorted the public to join the Congress.

He exposed the hollowness of the Muslim League's contention and asked the Muslims to join the Congress in large numbers. He also condemned the acceptance of office by Cooper, Kambli and Jamnadas. A resolution condemning the Bombay Iterim Ministry was passed.

THE EAST THROUGH INDIAN EYES

(Continued from page 6)

second class passengers could not indulge this national pastime to their satisfaction. They are, however, hoping, for better things to come after Hongkong, i.e., practically at the end of their journey. We skirted the western coasts of Bombay, the traditional home of "pirates" until they were routed out by the East Indian Company. The "pirates" and their ships are gone and with them have gone the bravery and reckless adventure of the sea-faring Konkanis. We see them portrayed only in some Poona or Kolhapur films. We were rewarded with a sight of a few green mountaineous isles or deserted strongholds and a few fishing boats, pitiful remnants of the flourishing mercantile shipping which used to carry on commerce between the Malabar ports and the Roman world.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"A Homoeopath Accepts The Challenge"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I read the letter of "Interested" in your issue of the 4th inst., I will only undertake to treat the eight chronic cases as I have not the requisite time to attend over acute cases owing to my service in a mercantile firm, chronic cases have no imminent danger of fatal results due to any delay in treatment. Other Homoeopaths will accept to treat such cases. I am prepared to shoulder only the Medicinal Expenses for Homoeopathic treatment and, therefore, the charges for diet, nursing, anxiliary treatment, etc. should be borne by the Hospital where these patients would be kept. Otherwise it is the work of rich philanthropists. I will request eminent Homoeopaths to work on the Board but I must painfully state here that due to great divergence of views between different Homoeopathic colleges and associations in India who refuse to accept the credentials of others except their own, the refusal by these institutions to accept or recognise my qualifications will be no fault of mine I must emphatically state here that this disorder is the result of want of state recognition to Homoeopathy, so it is with Ayurvedic and Hakimi Sciences of treatment, which fact is well-known. The Board will do its duty as regards diagnosis, etc., and my line will be treatment with my own methods, taking into consideration their diagnosis, etc. I will name a reasonable period for the cure of each case. To convince the board regarding my claims I am prepared to submit some names of the patients whose chronic diseases I have cured and whose certificates I hold so that independent inquiries with these people will convince the Board whether these cases may or may not be given in my charge. In the end I say to all Homoeopaths independently established, or privately practising and whether affluent or poor like me that here is the opportunity that you wanted so long and now you must not hesitate to come forward and have your say in the matter. To me it seems to be a matter of great surprise that many Bombay Allopathic specialists who are practising Homoeopathy openly should hesitate at this juncture to come out openly to accept such challenges from Allopaths in order to convince them regarding the truth which made these people convinced Homoeopaths and if I suppose that they become Homoeopaths for the sake of gain and not for the law of truth underlying Homoeopathy, no one can accuse me that I am sadly mistaken. It is but human that the motive of gain should weigh heavier than the desire to persue truth, which fact alone has landed Homoeopathy to-day in the Bog. I thank "Interested" for his frankness.—Yours, etc.,

"HOMOEOPATH."

Bombay, May 5.

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POINTS FROM LETTERS

Matric Scandal

"PLAINSPEAKING" condemns the defiance of public opinion by the Bombay University authorities as emphasised once again in the recent Matriculation result. He advises the students not to waste any more time upon this exam. but to follow some practical pursuits.

Thanks!

Messrs. P. HEGDE and K. N. RAO write about the results in the same strain and congratulate the "Bombay Chronicle" upon its leading article on the subject.

Objection To Address

CHITRAGUPTA observes that the address recently presented by his friends and admirers to Mr. D. W. Raut, M. L. A. was managed in a hole and corner fashion and that it does not represent the true opinion of all the members of the Bhandari community in the Thana district as alleged in the address.

Vengurla Tennis Club

VENGURLA CITIZEN referring to the fact that even the president of the Vengurla Municipality is refused admission to the Vengurla Tennis Club, observes that "the affairs of that institution call for prompt investigation. The public is anxious to know how the funds are being managed. The present management should be replaced by popular representatives."

'Flying Ranee'

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It is both astounding and amusing to read in your issue of the 5th May, the lavish compliment paid to the administration of the B. B. and C. I. Railway by my good friend Mr. Burjorji Bharucha. I am really most surprised to find that a public man of the stamp of Mr. Bharucha should be so unaware of the fact of the untold hardship and misery, the third class local travelling public of this railway are subjected to.

This administration is, indeed, democratic in the sense that it treats its third class passengers in the local service with perhaps less respect and tolerance than it treats its patrons, such as beggars, lepers, hawkers, boot-black, milkmen, vegetablemen, fisherwomen, urchins, songsters in a flying stable called with the glorified name of a third class compartment.

From 1927 to 1932, I was residing at Andheri. In 1931, I did all I possibly could to bring to the notice of this administration the various untold grievances of the third class travelling public, and suggested various practical means to improve the most miserable lot of this administration's most paying patrons, but to no avail, I appealed to Sir Earnest Jackson, the then Agent of this Railway, to be at least chivalrous to do something to improve the lot of the grown-up student girls and ladies, who were compelled to travel with the unruly male mob for want of accommodation in the third class reserved for ladies, but nothing was done.

Now, I appeal to my friend, Mr. Burjorji Bharucha, to call upon this administration to show him the correspondence that has passed between myself and this administration in the past and to satisfy himself, if even after the lapse of so many years, there has been any improvement in the lot of the third class travelling public of this administration, which he calls democratic and which I call the most arbitrary and autocratic. I appeal to my friend Mr. Bharucha to travel on the local section of this railway at different times, particularly by slow trains stopping at all stations, and find out for himself, if there is any room for any one to exaggerate the state of things as existing in this railway.—Yours, etc.

KAIKOBAD F. NARIMAN.

Cholera At Nasik

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Reports show that cholera has broken out, and the Municipality is taking measures to check it.

But the danger lies deeper. The cholera is but a symptom. The real and true cause is bad water supply.

The question of water supply of Nasik but a shuttlecock game between Municipality and Government. Each is showing off its duty and doing nothing.

Their inaction to say the least is criminal. Will each of the parties be awaken to its duty. Whilst they are considering the question, every year people are dying.

I do not desire to raise a scarce but put the finger at the right spot.—Yours, etc.,

L. R. TAIRSEE.

Muslims Must Join The Congress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Islam stands for equality, fraternity and liberty and its true and sincere followers cannot do better than to work whole-heartedly for the attainment of these high ideals of human life. The appalling ignorance prevailing among the Musalmans of this country makes it easy for the enemies of Hindustan to exploit them in every possible manner.

Congress although consisting of all the communities of Hindustan stands for the above three ideals of Islam alone. The aims and objects of the Congress struggle is to do away with the ignorance, poverty and suffering of all the sons and daughters of India. Millions of our brethren living in this country do not get even their daily bread. The Congress wants to see that such an ugly state of affairs does not exist for long. The mission of the Prophet of Islam was also to imbibe the faith among his followers for the service and sacrifice of humanity. Surely, the Congress does not ask the Muslims to do anything un-Islamic.

Those who preach that Muslims must keep aloof from the Congress in their own cultural and political interests, in fact want to strangle the Musalmans of Hindustan. How strange it is, and deplorable too, that the Muslims should expect their interests to be preserved by the British people—a Nation that says one thing and does another? All thinking Musalmans must rise to the occasion and remove this blot from the fair name of Islam without any more delay.

The problem of the minorities is simply ridiculous. It is nothing but an apple of discord. Can any sane man say honestly that this partition and division of Hindustan is in the interests of the minorities? It is simply suicidal on the part of the Musalmans to demand a separate and water-tight existence in this country common to Hindus, Muslims and all. Muslims came to India in handfuls one thousand years before They could not be blotted out then. How on earth can they be destroyed now when they form eight crores out of the 35 crores of total Indian population? Let us muster strong under the Congress banner in order to march towards the goal of equality, fraternity and liberty.—Yours, etc.,

MIRZA S. M. ANSARI.

Bombay, May 7.

"Poona District Muslim League"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Mr. M. I. Baig's letter, published in your issue of 23rd April, 1937, under the caption of "Poona District Muslim League" contains several mis-statements. In the first place Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed had not announced, and could not announce, his "candidature on the League ticket", when the Poona District Muslim League was organised, late in August or early in September 1936, because the Central Board of the Muslim League did not invite applications for nomination on the League ticket till October 1936. In the next place the Poona Branch was not organised as an election stunt, for the purpose of securing votes for the Khan Bahadur. A deputation of the working committee of the Central Board had visited Poona and met several leading Muhamedans, with a view to the establishment of a branch of the Muslim League in the Poona District, and it was at the request of the members of the deputation that about 30 of the leading Muhamedans of Poona, met together at the house of Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed for that purpose. Mr. Baig never demanded any assurance from any body regarding the genuineness of the Branch nor was any assurance given by any one at that time. The meeting was convened by Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed, whose loyal supporter Mr. Baig then was, and whose bona fides Mr. Baig had no reasons then to doubt.

The question of the ensuing Assembly election was naturally before the mind of the country at the time of the revival of the Muslim League by Mr. Jinnah, and the first object of the League was to enrol members for the purpose of fighting the election. When the Central Board, therefore, invited applications for nominations, the Poona Branch met in October 1936, and decided to recommend Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed for nomination from the Poona District. His application was, therefore, sent by the Poona Branch, through its Secretary, Mr. Baig, with a covering letter containing its recommendations. At this juncture Mr. Baig thought that the reconciliation between Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed and his former opponents—a reconciliation, brought about, by the way, by Mr. Baig himself among others—would be ship-wrecked on the question of the Assembly election. Contrary to his expectations, however, such did not prove to be the case. Both Khan Bahadur and his opponents, felt that reconciliation having taken place, the old quarrels should not be revived, and the question of the Assembly election should not be allowed to mar the pleasant relations between them. Mr. Baig then began to doubt the "bona fides" of Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed and to flirt with a small group of persons, who, having profited most by the reconciliation, were desirous of a breach. In spite of the fact that he had himself forwarded the application of Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed to the Central Board, Mr. Baig made common cause with the aforesaid group of men, and did his best to induce some one to file his nomination paper. That he did not succeed, was not due to the organisation of the Poona Branch, but was the result of the personal influence of the Khan Bahadur based upon services rendered in the past, and of the support of those who had been reconciled to him, and it is untrue to say that after the Khan Bahadur's election, unopposed, had been secured, the President, members and other office-bearers, buried the District League where it was born. The District League is very much alive in spite of Mr. Baig's valiant efforts to kill it, and will continue to live so long as its members are animated with the desire of advancing the ideals of the Muslim League. Mr. Baig's apprehension that it will be utilised for personal aggrandizement an. for securing titles are as groundless, as his assertion that the Poona Branch is dead is baseless and without foundation.

In conclusion may one ask what work the Poona Branch was expected to do, and if there was any work to be done, why Mr. Baig, as Secretary of the League, did not convene its meeting for that purpose?—Yours, etc.,

AFTAB AHMED KHAN.

232, Bhawanipeth, Poona City.

April 24.

"TELEPHONE CRISIS"

Sequel To Price Of Copper Shooting Up

SIMLA, May 6.

What is described as "telephone crisis' is revealed by mounting figures of trunk telephone calls suggesting a state of congestion which occasionally during certain hours of the day might make telegram quicker than telephone call.

A hundred per cent rise in the price of copper has disturbed plans for telephone expansion, and two contradictory forecasts of the future trend of copper prices has made the decision regarding revised plans extremely difficult.

On the one hand, it is reliably expected the prices will go up still further. If this proves correct, then it will be an advantage to buy copper wire now, but on the other hand it is equally reliably stated that prices might go down in which case it will be wise to wait. Government now has in hand 2,000 miles of copper wire, but 1,500 miles out of this stock already been earmarked for Railways which are carrying through the programme of telephone expansion of their own.

For the present, therefore, Government are pushing on with all possible speed with the plan for improvement of Delhi-Bombay-Madras line by provision of six additional channels, three for telegraph and three for telephone. This involves installation of special carrier apparatus which would enable number of conversations and telegraph messages.—A. P. Special.

POLICE OFFICIAL MURDERED?

RANGOON, May 7.

A report from Myaungmya states that a Burman Sub-Inspector of Police was brutally murdered in a village near Myaungmya while trying to arrest an alleged absconder.—United Press.

Salaries And Allowances In Punjab

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 7.

Views of members of the Punjab Legislative Assembly regarding the basis whereon they should be remunerated for their services as legislators are understood to have been invited by the Committee on Salaries and Allowances, which sent round a circular and questionnaire on the subject. Based upon the replies received from the members, a bill providing salaries and allowances will be drafted. Replies are requested before May 15th.

Plea For Reduction In Tramway Fares

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The B.E.S.T. has very kindly introduced half an anna fares for short distances on certain lines. But it has simply ignored the Fort area altogether, inasmuch as people travelling between V.T. and Flora Fountain, for example, have to pay one anna although this distance is decidedly short. In view of the economic depression prevailing all over, it is not too much to expect the B.E.S.T. Company to come to the rescue of the people and charge a uniform rate of two pice all over the city for short distances. The distance between V.T. and Flora Fountain is certainly much less than the distances for which a charge of half an anna is made in other parts of the city, yet people have to pay one anna for travelling over the same. The bus charge is also one anna for the same distance. I, therefore, appeal to the Corporators to see that the fares are modified and to call upon the Company to adopt a uniform line for the whole city. It may be mentioned in passing that the Company is making huge profits and the shareholders are paid something like 12 p.c. per annum almost every year. The Company must look to the comforts of the passengers more and more along with the interests of the shareholders and this can be done only by giving the former as many concessions as are humanly possible. In Delhi the Company charges one pice for short distances, while in Calcutta season passses and other facilities are in vogue. But Bombay is lagging behind both places in many ways. How long will it continue to remain so?—Yours, etc.

"PRO BONO PUBLICO."

Bombay, April 30.

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FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"Crown And Glory" And "College Holiday" At The Pathe—"Millions" At The Regal—"Three Smart Girls" And "Breezing Home" At The Capitol—"Pagliacci" At The Empire—"Keep Your Seats Please" At The Excelsior

"Breezing Home" at the Capitol this week.

"THREE SMART GIRLS" AND "BREEZING HOME"

At The Capitol Grand Double Attraction

As a special Coronation offer, the Management of the Capitol are putting up a "double feature" programme for the week commencing May 8th. The pictures will be "Three Smart Girls" and "Breezing Home." The first has already had a very successful run at the Regal. It is the picture in which the screen's latest discovery, young Deanna Durbin, makes her debut and her acting and singing are a feature of the film. The cast includes Nan Grey, Barbara Read, Charles Winniger, Ray Milland and Binnie Barnes and in addition to the splendid singing of the young star the picture is full of comedy situations.

"Breezing Home" features William Gargan, Binnie Barnes and Wendy Barrie. It deals with the drama, humour and romance found on a race course with of course the usual dirty work, and in it Wendy Barrie sings two new catchy songs. It concerns a boy who meets two girls; then they all met a horse. The movie relates the love affair of a night club singer, portrayed by Wendy Barrie, who is attracted to a horse trainer, played by William Gargan. Just when everything seems romantic as magnolia blossoming round the door, another lady, Binnie Barnes, rich and attractive, owner of a race horse string, begins to yearn for Bill. Then the beat of the drama raises its tempo, when a crooked bookmaker, enacted by Alan Baxter, gives Wendy a race horse. He cannot race the animal under his own name since he is a "bookie" taking bets. Wendy asks friend Bill to help her train the horse and he agrees. When the bookmaker gets in some of his fancy tatting, causing the horse to lose, bill tosses over the job and starts training Binnie's string. The climax of the story is reached during a race at the Santa Anita track. The question of which horse wins the race, and which girl wins the trainer, provides suspense for the interesting film yearn. Milton Carruth directed the picture.

"CROWN AND GLORY"

Pageant Of History

"Crown and Glory," five reels in length, is one of the most impressive records of contemporary events yet portrayed on British screens. More than a mere document, it tells a dramatic story of events in our time, and in itself suggests a novel method of presenting history on the screen.

It will be shown from next Saturday along with "College Holliday," at Pathe Cinema.

The film embraces much startling screen materials which has never been shown in this country before, and is considered likely to become a lasting record of an era of great destiny in British national life. As the foreword indicates:—

In no similar period have so many crises of world-wide significance been packed. The story that unfolds itself is the history of the British Empire from the Victorian era to the present day. In that period many kingdoms collapsed; civilisation itself tottered. But upon the solid foundation of character and the inspiration of the oldest monarchy in the world, Britain and her Empire emerged strongly and triumphed.

It is pointed out, too, that the period covered has seen the moving picture itself develop from a novel toy to the status of an unrivalled medium of entertainment and news.

THE MONARCHIAL INSTITUTION.

"Crown and Glory" depicts in a new way a chronological sequence of great events. It reveals the part played by the ordinary man, and throughout the whole is seen how the march of history is intertwined with the institution of the British monarchy and the personalities of our rulers.

Through agents in various parts of the world, as a result of searches through film vaults in all parts of the country, and with the co-operation of the authorities, Paramount has been enabled to incorporate a number of striking official pictures. One of the most gripping and dramatic sequences is the battle of Jutland told in pictures so vivid that they make startling screen material.

They have never previously been shown to the public.

THRILLING SEA BATTLES.

Paramount's picture shows the British fleet putting to sea in all its grim majesty; the German flotilla steaming forth, and the events which led up to the establishment of British sea supremacy. Another striking sequence shows the sinking of a German battleship in action, with hundreds of doomed sailors scrambling over the decks and plunging into the sea.

Peaceful childhood scenes of His Majesty lead up to the fateful day at Sarajevo, when the assassination of the Archduke Otto provided the spark which ignited Europe's powder magazine. After war scenes comes the Armistice, and the concluding portions of the film give a faithful and intimate account of the King's many activities in the post-War period.

PAGEANT OF BRITAIN.

Described as a picture essentially for the people, "Crown and Glory" is not a mere portrayal of events in our time, but provides a series of intimate glimpses into the

(Continued in Col. 4).

"Pagliacci" at the Empire from Saturday.

RICHARD TAUBER THE FAMOUS TENOR

In "Pagliacci" At The Empire

Richard Tauber, the great German tenor, is now as familiar to cinema audiences as he is to opera enthusiasts. His thousands of admirers will find much to their "heart's desire" in his latest picture "Pagliacci," a brilliant screen adaptation of Leoncavallo's famous opera which is showing at the Empire Theatre this week.

Tauber scores a great personal triumph in this film, in which he plays a role with which he is thoroughly familiar. His acting is a revelation and shows a marked advance on anything he has done before.

Much of the credit for the picture's success, as well as the masterly handling of the film as a whole, must go to the director, Karl Grune. In adapting the opera to the requirements of the screen, Grune has shrewdly compromised in a way that is eminently satisfactory to both diehard opera lovers and entertainment seeking filmgoers.

Don't be frightened away by the thought that this is just a long and boring operatic recital, because it is not so. If you miss Tauber in this picture you will be missing a feast of entertainment such as is rarely served up in a cinema.

JEALOUS HUSBAND

Many of you, no doubt, are familiar with the story of Canio, the good-natured actor-owner of an Italian travelling theatre. He is revealed as the doting but jealous husband of Nedda, pretty and flirtatious, who acts with him in the comedies produced by the troupe.

The film opens on a bright note with Canio and his friends making merrry at an inn. Neddo becomes involved with a young officer Silvio, who joins the company on its journey to the next town.

Despite several incidents which point to his wife's unfaithfulness, Canio remains blissfully unaware of her deception.

THRILLING CLIMAX

But at last the truth is brought home to him, and he is transformed into a being tortured with inhuman jealousy. Tragic irony brings the two principals of the drama on to the stage to enact their famous comedy "Columbine and her Lover" or "Punchinello's Revenge." From there on suspense is built up into thrilling climax, with Tauber taking honours for some of the finest dramatic singing and acting ever seen on the screen.

The closing sequences are filmed in colour, which most strikingly emphasises the dramatic beauty of the tragedy.

The acting is maintained on a uniform high level with outstanding performances from Steffi Duna, Diana Napier and Esmond Knight, with special mention of Jerry Verno for a very fine comedy characterisation.

Chief honours, however, for this great piece of entertainment must go to Tauber and Karl Grune, and to Max Schach, the producer for giving us one of the most beautiful British pictures of the year.

MORNING SHOWS AT REGAL

In celebration of the Coronation of Their Majesties, the King and Queen of England, the management of the Regal are holding special morning shows at 10-30 a.m. on Wednesday and Thursday next. The picture to be screened is "Let's Sing Again" featuring the lovable boy-singer Bobby Breen who sings several songs in a glorious voice that will do credit to any child of his age. At these morning shows, Coronation Souvenirs will be distributed to all children in the Stalls and Balcony classes only.

"Three Smart Girls" at the Capitol this week.

"KEEP YOUR SEATS PLEASE"

At The Excelsior

Explosive merriment born of a hilarious mixture of comic adventures and side-slitting situations characterise the new George Formby and Florence Desmond offering, "Keep Your Seats Please", shown from to-night at the Excelsior.

Certainly the picture comes with the reputation of being the funniest farce comedy of recent times. In it George Formby is seen as George Withers who conducts his unhappy but finally successful way through a sustained search for one of a set of chairs which holds a fortune. Unfortunately for George the set has been auctioned off as separate chairs. Thus he spends his whole time looking for 'the' chair. He has a rascally partner and. further, is persecuted by an unscrupulous lawyer—also seeking the chair. But no description of the story can begin to convey the explosive laughter created by situation after situation. So sustained is the pace of the comedy and so winning is the personality of the comedian that "Keep Your Seats Please" must be voted an Al entertainment good for all the family.

Among the laugh-provoking sequences are those of George taking "crooner" lessons from a prima donna, with the misunderstanding husband adding to the fun, and the scene in a doctor's office with George's frantic efforts to escape the nurse who wants to undress him. It is all good wholesome fun, and not the least contribution to the comedy is that supplied by a goat, disguised at one time as a dog.

Mention must be made of Binkie, a child actress who outvies her prototype, the famous Shirley, and who has a part built to win the hearts of all mothers. The excellent cast includes such notable artistes as Alastair Sim, Harry Tate, Gus McNaughton, Hal Gordon, Margaret Moffatt, Maud Gill, Ethel Coleridge, Tom Payne and Beatrix Feilden-Clay.

"Millions" with Gordon Harker at the Regal from Saturday.

GORDON HARKER 'IN MILLIONS'

At The Regal

Admirers of Gordon Harker will have a splendid opportunity to see this popular comedian in one of his finest screen roles when "Millions" opens to-day at the Regal Theatre. "Millions" is a comedy with music, and in support of Gordon Harker there is a big cast of popular players, including Frank Pettingell, Richard Hearne (a clever young comedian), Jane Carr, Ellen Pollock, Jack Hobbs and Stuart Robertson the well-known wireless singer, who has his first important film role in this picture. The story deals with the machinations of two City men—implacable antagonists in the field of business—whose son and daughter fall in love with each other. The son complicates matters in an endeavour to make a show of earning a living by passing off a musical composition he has acquired from a needy composer as his own. Sir Charles Rimmer (Frank Pettingell), the great rival of the other financier, Otto Forbes (Gordon Harker) gets to hear of this, and tries to expose the fraud at a ball given at his house, but is foiled in this attempt by the quicker wits of Otto Forbes, assisted in a little burglary act by the nimble fingers of Parsons, th son's manservant. Mr. Forbes then magnanimously decides to let bygones be bygones on condition that Sir Charles agrees to the marriage of his daughter (Jane Carr) to Jimmy Forbes (Richard Hearne.) The whole picture has been lavishly produced, having the high technical qualities always associated with the name of Herbert Wilcox. The ballroom of Sir Charles Rimmer's mansion forms one of the scenes and is a really beautiful example of the studio craftsman's art while other interesting sequences take place in a Turkish Bath, a replica of which complete down to the smallest details was built in the studio. "Millions" was directed by Leslie Hiscott, one of the finest directors of the screen comedies in British films to-day and the music of the film was arranged Geraldo, who wrote specially for the production a tango called "Dolores," and an unusual orchestral setting of "D'Ye Ken John Peel" which is sung by Stuart Robertson while conducting the Orchestra. A comedy highlight of the film has its musical interest, for it takes the form of a duet between Gordon Harker and Ellen Pollock, who sing the time honoured "Thora" in a way that has to be seen—and heard—to be believed!

"College Holiday" at the Pathe this week.

"COLLEGE HOLIDAY"

At Pathe

"College Holiday" is a mad musical comedy with lively leading performers, a crazy cocktail which is Paramount's special forte.

Carola Gaye (Mary Boland) combines in her person a passion for eugenics Greek costume and the foreclosing of mortgages. She forecloses the mortgage on a hotel doing poor business and decides to turn it into an experiment in selective breeding. Jack Benny its enterprising manager selects the most perfect physical specimens from men's and women's colleges all over America and brings them on a special streamlined train to the Casa del Mar not for the purpose of wise mating but to put on a show that will put the Casa del Mar on the map.

Gracie Allen who is supposed to pair off the bewildered couples is as cheerfully daft as ever and her chariot drive with the protesting George Burns is a clever piece of tomfoolery.

Ben's Blue's eccentric tap dancing is clever, Jack Benny's comedy is definitely engaging, Martha Raye will make some people roar as a muscular young innocent from a country college, Marsha Hunt makes an attractive heroine. Leif Erickson emerges as the Adonis of 1937, and Eleonore Whitney and Johnny Downs contribute tap dancing which is the last word in slickness.

(Continued from Col. 5)

lives of the Royal Family, some homely, some grandly spectacular, all strangely moving. Above all, the film is considered to be a notable achievement, reflecting as it does that patriotism which is the inspiration and keynote of the British Empire

In the pageant of history many great figures are seen again playing their parts. His late Majesty King George V at the Delhi Durbar; some of the earliest pictures ever taken of the Emperor Franz Joseph, Mr. Bonar Law, Lord Grey, the then Mr. Asquith, Winston Churchill, Captain Smith of the "Titanic" the early suffragettes, Joffre, Jellicoe, Beatty, and headed by the late Tsar and the ex-Kaiser, the pathetic pageant of former kings of Europe marches by.

"Keep Your Seats Please" at the Excelsior.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

Sunderland Lifts The Football Association Cup

(By "LOOKER ON")

While we are just entering on our football season, England rang down its curtain on it last Saturday. The obvious reason for this difference is, of course, the varied climatic conditions of both countries. Simultaneously with the completion of the League matches, the first Division of which was topped by the Manchester City by the way, with Charlton as close second, the famous Football Association Cup Tournament was brought to a close. The King and Queen were among the 93 thousand spectators who keenly watched the final match for over ninety minutes. Sunderland, the last year's League champions, although down by a goal at half time, succeeded in overpowering their opponents, Preston North End, by the solid margin of three goals to one. This is the first time in the history of the Tournament, Sunderland has lifted this coveted trophy and they deserve to be congratulated on their meritorious victory.

PROFESSIONALS HONOURED

The occasion was made to look as important as any historic function of international eminence. It is said that many notable overseas visitors were present as special guests and even the British Government was represented by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Sir John Simon and Sir Phillip Sassoon. The reason why I am drawing the pointed attention of my readers to this aspect of the report is that these distinguished personages were present at Wembly to do honour not to players of amateur status but rank professionals—people who have made sport a business or profession of their lives. I am not one of those who are against this kind of lionising of professional players and are for treating them as untouchables. But I want to lay stress on here is the strong division between professionals and amateur players who are kept in two separate water-tight compartments as in the case of tennis, lest one might pollute the other. Why not make Soccer as democratic as Cricket and do away with such silly distinctions?

CORINTHIANS' VISIT

The football team which is to visit India next cold weather, the Islington Corinthians, is a purely amateur side. Therefore it goes without saying that their standard will not be as high as that of Sunderland, or representative of all that is best in Soccer in England. No doubt they will represent her best amateur football. And that will be good enough for India as far as superiority in play is concerned. Nonetheless we shall not be able to see some of the finest exponents of the game in action, although we are asked to pay heavily for a much less inferior class of players. Now that the I. F. A. of Calcutta have shoved on the financial and other responsibilities of the tour to the newly-born A. I. F. F., I do not know if the tour will really come to pass. The Federation has yet to hold its first meeting, adopt its rules and regulations, and elect its office-bearers. Unless these things are done quickly, I am afraid India will be left out of the Corinthians' tour programme.

BRITISH HARD COURT CHAMPIONSHIPS

The British Hard Court Tennis Championships were concluded last week-end. F. J. Perry, who dominated this tournament during the last five years, was absent for the first time, having joined the ranks of professionals last year. The passage was therefore clear for Bunny Austin England's No. 2, who found little difficulty in annexing the title which had eluded him so long. He defeated H. G. N. Lee, his rival in the final, by 6—2, 6—2, 6—0.

There was a surprise in store in the Men's Doubles. Hare and Wilde who are expected to play second fiddle to Tuckey and Hughes in the Davis Cup, conquered Britain's first pair in the finals with the score 6—2, 6—4, 7—9, 6—4. It is quite possible the seniors will turn the tables on their juniors at Wimbledon and regain their lost prestige.

Wilde had the Mixed Doubles title also to his credit, Mary Whilmarsh assisting him in the partnership. Their ultimate rivals, J. A Shayes and Jean Saunders went down by 4—6, 5—7.

ANITA LIZANA'S SUCCESS.

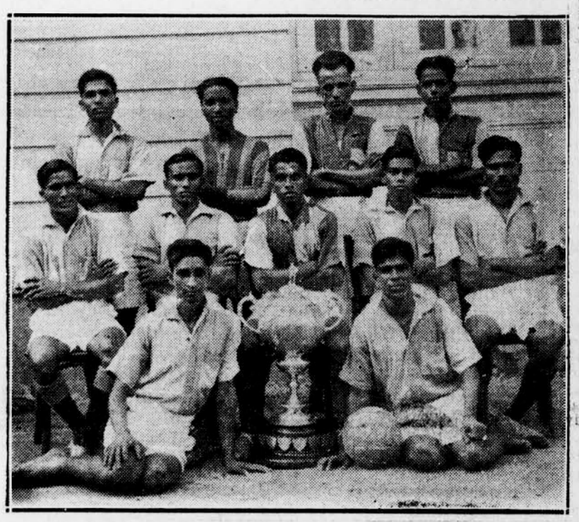
The diminutive Chilean star, Anita Lizana, crowned her efforts with success at last by winning the Women's Singles. Kay Stammers, her last year's conqueror was unfortunately absent owing to illness. Peggy Scriven who battled with her for the title lost by 5—7, 3—6. It also stands to the credit of Anita that she vanquished Dorothy Round, England's No. 1, by 6—4, 6—2. Her training and experience in England is slowly but steadily pushing her up to the top of the ladder. It will not be long now when she wins the world championship. The Women's Doubles final was said to be one of the poorest ever seen. Miss E. M. Dearman and Miss Joan Ingram disposed of Miss V. E. Scott and Miss Mary Whitmarsh without conceding a single game.

WOMEN'S HOCKEY

Hockey has gained tremendous popularity among women in Bombay. Where there was not a single team about a year ago, there are a good number now. But apart from the number of teams that actually take the field in a tournament, the quality of the game they display is of an exceptionally encouraging character. The B. P. H. A. was prevailed upon to start a League for women this year. Five teams competed in it and Bombay City headed the table with fourteen points in their favour winning seven matches and losing only one. Vincent Club of Dadar stood second with twelve points to their credit. Bombay Gymkhana who took a leading part in promoting the game among women in Bombay, fell away to secure only the third position. I understand that there is no trophy for the tournament as yet. I hope some sporting hockey-lover will come forward with a handsome offer soon.

"HOCKEY ANNUAL"

The Florence Agency which has been publishing the Bombay Hockey Annual for the last ten years, has brought out their latest number in a much more improved form than before. Still there are rooms for improvement. I hope the publishers will spare no efforts to make the Annual an ideal one. I also wish it was published early in the Hockey Season than at the end. All the same, it is well worth its small price.



Young Goans' Football Team who won the Nadkarni Cup on Wednesday. Photo shows the Team with the Cup they won.

York Defeat Oxford By Innings And 160 Runs

Leyland And Barnett In Brilliant Form: Hammond's 5 For 40

LONDON: May 6.

The match between Yorkshire and Oxford University ended in a win for Yorkshire by an innings and 160 runs.

Oxford had made 149 and 135, while Yorkshire had scored 444 runs for six and declared their innings (Hutton 95, Leyland 94, Wood not-out 67).

Leyland's Brilliant Form

Leyland was in brilliant form. His forceful innings lasted 85 minutes which included 16 fours. With Hutton, he added 140 for the third wicket. Hutton, during his stay for 195 minutes, gave no chance and reached the boundary twelve times.

Roughtrought played the best innings in his carrier confident driving being his feature. He was at wicket for hundred minutes. His score included ten fours.

Quickest Century Recorded

Warne's innings of 160 minutes was characterised by stylish driving. Forty-four of his runs came through boundaries.

Barnett produced a great reply to brighter cricket movement. He was in irresistible form. Barnett batted an hour for the quickest century recorded since the Trophy for the fastest century was instituted in 1935. He scored the first 50 runs in 25 minutes. His innings included 4 sixes and 12 fours.

Hendren's 64 In 90 Minutes

Hendren took 90 minutes for his 64. He hit nine boundaries. With Sims, who reached ropes nine times, he added 128 runs in eighty minutes for the fourth wicket.

Following are the closing scores in the First Class Cricket matches, which began on Wednesday (May 5th):—

M. C. C. Vs. Surrey

M.C.C.: 247 and 242 (Hendren 64; Sims 57; Cowan 4 wickets for 68).

Surrey: 181 (Sims 6 wickets for 61 and 31 for 2.

Glamorghan Vs. Lancashire

Lancashire: 204; Glamorghan, 143 (Polland 5 wickets for 40).

Hampshire Vs. Gloucester

Gloucestershire: 204 and 331 for seven (Barnett 101; Allen 81; Hammond 56). Hants: 172 (Sinfield 5 wickets for 52).

Kent Vs. Worcestershire

Kent: 512 for three declared. Worcester: 262 (Warne 79; Todd 6 wickets for 57). and following on 81 for two.

Cambridge 'Varsity Vs. Sussex

Sussex: 262 and 283 for five (J. Parks 84; Cook 98). Cambridge: 190 (Roughthrought 92; Hammond 5 wickets for 40).—Reuter.

FIRST CLASS CRICKET FIXTURES

LONDON, May 7.

The following are the First Class Cricket Fixtures commencing to-morrow:—

Lord's.—Middlesex v. Northamptonshire.

Oval.—Surrey v. New Zealanders.

Worcester.—Worcestershire v. Derbyshire.

Taunton.—Somerset v. Essex.

Leicester.—Leicestershire v. Hampshire.

Nottingham.—Nottinghamshire v Sussex.

Bristol.—Gloucestershire v. Glamorgan.

Oxford.—Oxford University v. Lancashire.

Cambridge.—The Freshman's Match.

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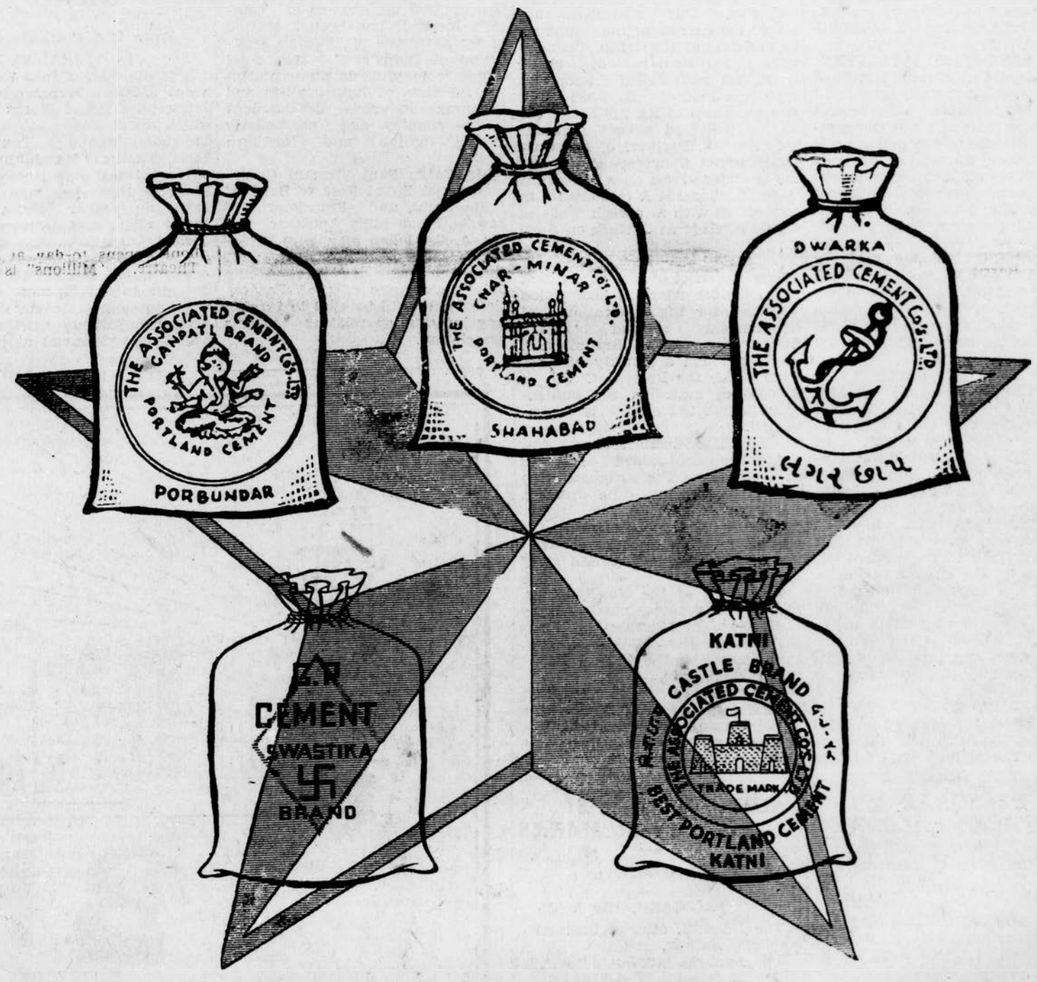

THE STAR OF INDIA

has been adopted as the Brand name of the New Company and in future this name will be stamped on the reverse side of all bags in addition to the original Brand name.

MINISTERS IN NAME

No Change In Repressive Methods

The Indian Civil Liberties Union has issued the following bulletin:—

A full month has rolled by since the inauguration of the new constitution. In five provinces we have fully responsible ministries and in the remaining six interim open. They have blazed no new trails as far as the cause of civil liberties are concerned. The outlook appears to be rather dismal.

The statement recently made by Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for India in the House of Commons on the subject of the release of political prisoners places the entire responsibility on the new provincial governments. Butler said that "since the commencement of part 3 of the Government of India Act questions regarding the release of prisoners under detention now matters for the decision of the provincial Government concerned." The problem of the release of political prisoners long detained without the benefit of a regular trial is an All-India one. It is a particularly pressing one for Bengal Chief Minister Fazal Huq and Finance Minister Sarkar were both till recently critics of the policy of detention without trial. They seem to be silent when they are in a position to act.

The Interim Ministry in Bombay has also been tried and found wanting. Mr. Indulal Yagnik, General Secretary, All-India Kisan Sang approached the new Bombay Government for a cancellation of the unjust order passed in February last year externing him from Panch Mahal, Broach, Surat and Kaira districts and forbidding him either to attend or address public meetings in Ahmedabad district. He has been informed that the order could not be rescinded. The order, therefore, will continue to remain in force for an indefinite period.

MINISTERS MUST INTERVENE

The demise at Bandra last Sunday of J. M. Adhikari, brother of Dr. G. M. Adhikari of Meerut conspiracy fame is a sad commentary of the life of the detenus. It is one more example of the callous attitude adopted by provincial governments towards political detenus. The public have a right to hold Government responsible in such cases. Adhikari, a victim of hemeophilia, made repeated requests to be allowed to go abroad for treatment. The Bombay Government refused permission even to stay in Bombay until his health took a serious turn for the worse.

There is a very similar case reported from Bengal. Rajani Kanta Pramanick, B. L., Pleader of Tamluk since his internment has been ailing from a kind of colic pain. Government have been consistently refusing permission to allow him to go to Calcutta for X-Ray examination in spite of the recommendation of the physician and the report of the Police Office. The patient, it seems, is on the verge of collapse. The disease remains undetected for want of proper examination. It is a case for immediate intervention. Will the Chief Minister promptly act and save the life of a man whose only fault perhaps is that he dares to think.

SOLITARY CONFINEMENT

Fifteen persons arrested in Delhi in connection with the anti-constitution hartal on April 1 are reported to have gone on hunger-strike as a sequel to the solitary confinement alleged to have been awarded to them for refusing to carry out the order of the Superintendent of the Jail to fall into line at the weekly parade. It is also reported that five political prisoners in Montgomery Jail are also being kept in solitary cells. Solitary confinement is an inhuman punishment even for hardened criminals and is seldom, if ever, used in civilised countries.

BENGAL JUTE MILL STRIKE

The strike of the workers in the Jute Mills in Bengal is assuming alarming proportions. The total number of mill hands involved in the strike now comes to over two lakhs and the mills affected are about forty in number. Many of ths labour leaders are under arrest or served with orders of internment or externment. A long list was given in our last bi-weekly communique. Many more have been served with notice since. These notices are served on the pretext of preventing unlawful destruction of property. It is, however, forgotten that these restraint orders flagrantly violate the rights of assembly, of movement and of free speech. In labour leaders it does additional violence to the right to strike. The ban on May Day procession on the grounds that demonstrations are dangerous is a confession of ignorance of the very grounds on which a wise official would not interfere.

FREE SPEECH

It is during times of conflict of ideas that the issue of free speech is raised. History is also plain on the fact that the useful survive in spite of suppression and the harmful perish without it. "Gag laws" are futile in the long run. Our executives are either too narrow or too nervous to understand the truth. Bishambhar Dayal Tripathi of Unao, U. P. has been called upon to execute a bond of Rs. 5,000 and two securities of Rs. 2,500 each for having delivered alleged seditious speeches. P. Parihari of the Cuttack District Congress Commmittee is under arrest on a warrant under Section 124 A (sedition) in connection with a speech at a public meeting at Cuttack on April 1.

SECURITY DEMAND

The District Magistrate of Patna before whom a declaration was filed for the publication of Hindi weekly entitled "Sangh Shakti" by Pandit Brahmachari has demanded a security of Rs. 1,000 under the Press Act. It is a case of awarding the punishment before the office is committed.

HOUSE SEARCH

A police party raided Lajpat Rai Bhavan where the socialists were holding a meeting. The meeting, broke up as soon as the police appeared. The police searched the committee room of the Bhavan for a long time and carried away certain papers.

The office of the New Age a monthly magazine published by H. D. Raja in Madras City was searched by the police on a warrant issued by the Second Presidency Magistrate.

The houses of Babu Girindra Kumar Basu Neogi of Sugaliapara and Dr. Gopal Chandra Bose of Karna were searched in quest of arms and ammunitions.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

(Continued from page 6)

but are always to the advantage of Fascism, reaction, and aggression". The "Manchester Guardian" in reference to this rather pointedly adds:— "And this was written before the blockade of Bilbao".

A New Stage

Central European affairs anyway have advanced to a new stage. The alternative currents, one set working for pacification and a settlement in the Danubian region represented by the move for extension of co-operation between Little Entente countries and those neighbouring them, and the other seeking to cut across unifying moves, are more sharply at play. England also in a way will be forced to a clearer stand towards these. British opinion is aware of this. Britain's deferring attitude, has it would seem, been bound with a care to certain German aims in groups, in the background of the concern of the weight of German tension in the existing state or under it tending to cast its weight to more distant regions of closer interest to Britain in ways in a situation complicated as well by Japanese calculations in the Far East and an uncertainty associated with Italy Events in Central and South-Eastern Europe in the period before will be of much and wide significance.

Punjab Federation Of Industries

(From A Correspondent.)

AMRITSAR, (By Mail.)

Through the joint endeavours of some of the leading industrialists of the Punjab and Northern India, both Indian and European, a representative association of industrialists of these Provinces to voice their real and authoritative opinion on matters of common interest, has been started under the name of "Punjab Federation of Industries". Its chief object is to promote and protect the interests of industrialists and encourage industrial development in the country, and particularly in the Punjab and Northern India.

Mr. Satya Paul Virmani Chairman Local Board Reserve Bank of India Delhi, and Proprietor of Jawala Flour Mills Amritsar, and Mr. A. C. Mullen Managing Director of the Amritsar Distillery Co., Ltd., Amritsar are the Hon'y Joint Secretaries of the Federation. They will be glad to furnish any information relating to this association.

GRIGG TO MAKE SELECTION?

Economic Adviser To India Govt.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 5.

Inquiries indicate that though legislative action in respect of Income-tax inquiry will take time and the bill embodying Government conclusions may be introduced only in budget session of 1938 recommendations requiring administrative action will be given effect to at early date. These recommendations are being considered in the finance department and by Mr. Sheechynew, Member, Central Board of Revenue.

Though the Standing Finance Committee of the Assembly approved the appointment of the Economic Adviser to Government of India from April, it is understood it will take sometime before the appointment is made. It is understood Sir James Grigg who is on leave may interview likely candidates The Economic Adviser may be appointed only after Sir J. Grigg's return.

There appears to be little basis for rumours which have gained currency that when reshuffling of portfolios takes effect from October, Tariffs may be transferred to Finance Department. It is pointed out that the Central Board of Revenue of Finance Department administers customs, the most important source of central revenue, though Tariff rates are settled by the Commerce Department. At the same time proposals for tariff or revenue duties emanate either with Commerce or Finance Departments and decisions are taken in collaboration by both departments. It is realised that tariff duties are not merely based on revenue considerations and generally the consideration is commercial. Accordingly, Tariffs will continue to be the function of Commerce Department.

2,000 LABOURERS SACKED

(From Our Correspondent.)

JHALOD, May 5.

It is understood that there were about 5,030 labourers on the Jaffaerpura Relief Works out of which about 2,000 labourers of Chitrodia, Mahudi, Thuthi-Kankasla, Therka, Mandlikhuta and other villages were turned out on the plea that they may be engaged on other Kalia Talao works which was proposed to be opened.

These labourers presented themselves at the Kalia Talao works, but due to shortage of tools they were not engaged. It has not been ascertained whether they are employed or not at present.

NO PERSONAL ATTACKS ALLOWED

Travancore Durbar's Appeal

TRIVANDRUM, May 2.

In connection with the Travancore-Cochin temple entry controversy, the Government of Travancore have issued the following:

In the oourse of meetings and demonstrations relating to the temple entry proclamation of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore and the controversy with regard to the Koodal Manikkam temple, the Government of Travancore earnestly call upon the people of the State, including Editors and correspondents of newspapers, to refrain from any acts or utterances that may be construed as involving personal discourtesy to the ruler of a neighbouring State. The Government also feel quite confident and strongly urge that in matters such as these concerning fundamental convictions, no Travancore newspaper will indulge in personal and subversive attacks on any ruler or attribute unworthy motives to him in the manner exemplified in a pamphlet printed not long ago in Cochin and in a recent issue of a Cochin journal."

Two Dominions Prime Ministers had an audience of the King at Buckingham Palace on Wednesday morning. They were Mr. Mackenzie King, Prime Minister of Canada, and Mr. J. A. Lyons, Prime Minister of Australia.

PROF. HALEEM'S REMARKS

A Contradiction

ALIGARH, (By Mail.)

The Director, Muslim University Publicity Bureau, writes:—

The remarks attributed to Prof. A. B. A. Haleem, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, Muslim University, by "Young Aligarh" in the "Hindustan Times" of 24th April, 1937, were not made by him either in his speech in Strachey Hall on 9th April, or on any other occasion. To quote the words of Prof. Haleem's interview to the Associated Press, his speech did not contain any thing even faintly savouring of the remarks attributed to him. The impression of the audience is summed up in Prof K. G. Saiyaidain's letter to the "Hindustan Times" of the 24th April, 1937, when he says, "that the speech in question did not convey even remotely the meanings and implications which have been read into it."

Similarly, the allegation made in the letter of Young Aligarh that "two promising and enthusiastic students have recently been compelled to leave the University for taking part in Congress elections" is absolutely incorrect and baseless

Simla, —Further donations amounting to Rs. 8,688/15/0 have been contributed to the "Viceroy's King George V Memorial Fund." The total amount collected so far is Rs. 1,68,578/9/3.

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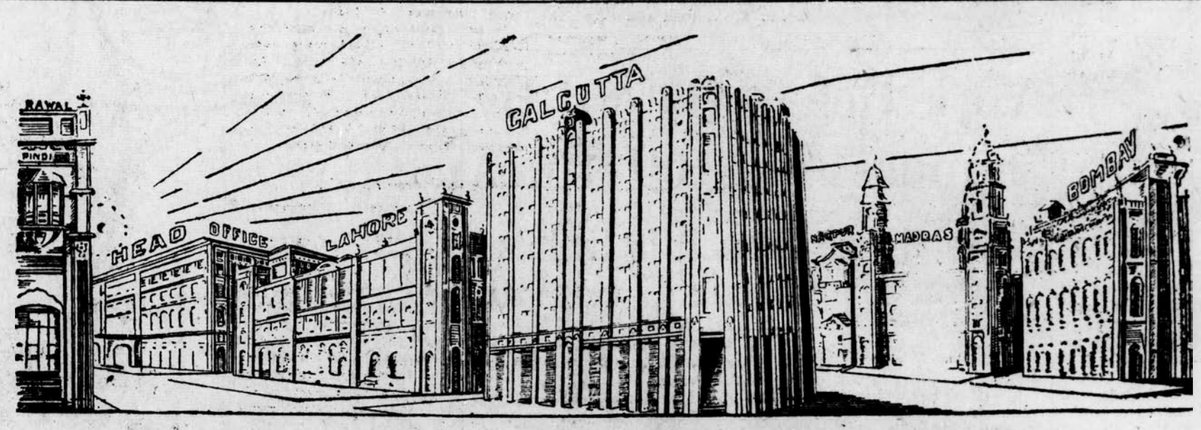

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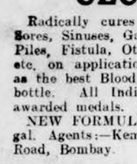

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The annual social gathering of the Kala-Mandir Industrial classes for ladies established at Dadar "G" Ward Congress Committee office on Tuesday last,. Mrs. Shantabai Vengsarkar presided.

TASK BEFORE CONGRESS LEGISLATORS

Lesson From China's Mass Literacy Campaign

(By CHAMANLAL)
TOKYO (By Air Mail).

Now that the Congressmen have captured the provincial legislatures and decided to accept ministerships, may I venture to ask them to prove true to their tradition and pledges by striking a blow at illiteracy and unemployment simultaneously, and without much fuss of funds and schemes. There can be no two arguments about the immediate need of a mass literacy movement in India. The greatest weapon used to defame us abroad is our illiteracy, and you meet people in America, Japan and Europe who ask you "How can you govern your country, with 91 per cent illiteracy"? They of course do not know that our percentage of literacy has been brought down from 60 to nine per cent during two centuries of British rule.

Now it is no use blaming the foreign rulers all the time. the question is what we are going to do? Is it not possible to command the services of every single unemployed educated youngman, (they may be more than a lakh including those who idle their time in villages) and formulate a scheme of popular literacy (not primary school plan) and settle all such youngmen in villages. We do not need much funds. The villagers are ever ready to provide food and shelter to teachers who can also give help in rural sanitation, give advice on agriculture, manure preservation, gardening etc. (If the teacher has some energy and can study some books). A training course of six months for such teachers will be of course essential. Funds for opening such training schools must be provided by Provincial Governments and can also be raised by public subscriptions.

Aids to universities and colleges must be curtailed and only a limited number of persons should be admitted into colleges in future.

LESSON FROM CHINA.

China has been fighting illiteracy at a wonderful speed during the last two decades and we can learn a great deal from China, Russia and Turkey as to how they are making their masses literate.

Let me relate the story of Shanghai's war on illiteracy.

Of the 434, 452 illiterate persons in areas under the administration of the Shanghai City Government, well over 250.000 have been taught to read and write during the past ten months, Gen. Wu Te-chen, the Mayor, told the members of the Shanghai International Educational Association, at its annual dinner held at the New Asia Hotel on March 19. This was made possible by the Popular Literacy Movement introduced on July 1, 1935.

FUNDAMENTAL FORCE.

Speaking on the significance of the movement, Gen. Wu said: "The fundamental force which is responsible for the advancement of a nation, and for the development of its culture, is knowledge. The height of the level of knowledge may safely be taken as a gauge indicating the progress or decline of culture, as well as the gain or loss in potentiality, in any country. With reference to historical evolution, education is, therefore, not merely the initial step towards the establishment of a nation but is also the starting point of human progress. The platform of the Kuomintang includes six programmes for the fulfilment of its mission to the Chinese people. The Popular Literacy Movement is one of them. It is evident, therefore, that the Popular Literacy Movement is closely and vitally connected with the establishment of New China.

PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

Since July 1, 1935, Gen. Wu continued, compulsory education along the lines of this movement was enforced by the Shanghai Popular Literacy Committee, of which he himself was the chairman and Mr. Pan Kung-chan, the Commissioner of Education, the vice-chairman, in order to arouse public interest and to solicit the co-operation of all circles, and extensive publicity campaign was conducted prior to the introduction of the compulsory education programme.

In order to ascertain the exact extent of illiteracy in Shanghai, a city-wide survey was made in the latter part of May. This very difficult task was accomplished with the help of groups of workers, assisted by the police. Exclusive of the two foreign settlements, the total number of people, within the age-range of from seven to forty, who had never had any education, was found to be 434,452. of which 208,161 were male, and 226,291 female. Of the same number, 384,353 were adults, and 50,100 children. It was, however, presumed that the actual number was very much greater than this.

Special text books were compiled, Gen. Wu said. For better and more effective control, Shanghai was divided into 22 districts, each district being placed under the supervision of a district office. Kiangwan was set aside as an experimental district, wherein new plans, curriculum, methods of teaching, in fact every thing concerning the running of literacy classes, were put to test, and the resulting findings were circulated for the information of other teachers.

PROBLEM OF TEACHERS.

Of the 759 applicants, 220 were selected as teachers. To insure competency, these teachers were given a further period of training to fit them for their special work. In addition to these teachers, a volunteer workers corps of roughly 15,900 men was organized to help promote the movement and teach those who were not able to attend the regular classes. Each worker was asked to teach at least one person to read in every two months, the time set for the course. As more than 350 divisions were formed, each having an average of 30 workers the total number of illiterate people taught by this means during the year was not less than 95,400.

The entire staff attached to his office, Gen. Wu said, were enlisted as volunteer inspectors. They paid periodical visits to the various schools to see that they were properly conducted, and to make recommendations to the Committee on corrective measures.

According to the regulations all illiterates between the ages of 7 and 40 must attend one of the schools. There were, however, some who for some reason were unable to attend school. They were permitted under certain conditions to study at home under a qualified worker or go to a neighbour who could read for help.

CITIZENSHIP TRAINING.

The pupils were also given citizenship training. That is, they were also taught the principles of orderliness, obedience, courtesy, health, cleanliness, patriotism, bravery, care, frugality, decency, honesty, justice, responsibility, to law-abiding, and charity. One week was given to each subject.

"As has already been indicated, each period of training lasted exactly two months," Gen. Wu said. "We have already passed five such periods, and are entering upon the sixth. The total number of schools run during the past five periods was 978, with a total enrolment of 257,571 pupils. Schools of similar nature were also maintained by the Kuomintang Shanghai Branch, private factories and public-spirit individuals. These schools accounted for about 87,000 more pupils. Our present period shows 83 schools with 332 classes already formed."

In conclusion, Gen. Wu emphasized that he would continue such schools until illiteracy was completely eliminated from Shanghai.

WILL MAHATMA DO IT?

We have talked, argued and quarrelled long enough. Is it not time that we act? To dream of any rapid progress without making a considerable portion of the village folks literate is expecting too much By carrying out a mass literacy schemes we will be killing two birds in one shot and the army of unemployed graduates, under graduates, matriculates etc. will be converted into our army of freedom in the remotest villages.

Will Mahatma Gandhi pay his kind attention and throw his influence to carry out the plan simultaneously all over India?

'QUAKE PROOF STRUCTURES

U. S. Engineer Holds Timber Is Better Than Steel

SIMLA, (By Mail).

That with treated timber good earthquake-resistant structures can be built is the claim made by the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, in its latest pamphlet on the subject.

Dr Bailey Willis, Geological Engineer of the Stanford University of U.S.A. regarded as a world authority on earthquake resistant construction, has, it is said, given it as his opinion, that "wood frames with wire or metal lath and good stucco give the best satisfaction in light buildings." If treated bamboo laths with lime, gypsum, or cement plaster are substituted for wires or metal laths equally good results can be obtained. Such wood frame buildings are also the cheapest. The significance of Dr. Bailey Willis' remark cannot therefore be too much emphasised.

Experience has shown, time and again, that reinforced concrete or reinforced brick buildings are very hazardous unless designed specially to resist lateral forces, with, for example, inter-locking steel members at the junction of walls and floors, and walls and roofs, a form of construction seldom carried out in ordinary construction.

An interesting tabular statement giving the figures for relative earthquake insurance rates on buildings in four earthquake regions in the U.S.A. given in the pamphlet shows very definitely that timber framed buildings can be insured at a half to a third of the rate charged for steel frame buildings, and at a fifth to a sixth of that charged for reinforced concrete buildings, not built apparently with interlocking reinforcement, etc.

Bengal's Surplus From Forests

CALCUTTA, May 6.

The Press Officer, Government of Bengal in a communique issued on administration of forests in Bengal 1935-36 states that the total area of all forest under the administration of the Forest Department of the Government of Bengal stood, at the close of the year 1935-36, at 10,802 sq. miles or about 14 per cent of the total area of the province.

Excellent result were obtained by the exclusive use of the Bengal timber in the Government House, Darjeeling, which had to be reconstructed during the year due to the damage done to it by the earthquake of 1934.

Revenue and expenditure of the Department in 1935-36 were respectively Rs. 20,10,406 and Rs. 15,53,316 as against Rs. 17,82,542 and Rs. 14,90,019 of the previous year, the surplus being Rs. 4,57,090 as against Rs. 2,92,523 of the previous year.—United Press.

Charges Framed Against Corporal

BAREILLY, May 5.

Charges under Section 304—A I.P.C. were framed by the City Magistrate yesterday against Corporal Phillips belonging to the 2nd battalion, Oxford and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, who is being prosecuted in connection with the death of a boy and injuries to another as a result of the sudden discharge of his gun.—United Press.

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Applicants, who must be of Indian nationality, must be Graduates in Medicine or Science of a recognised University. They must undertake to work wholetime and will be debarred from private practice. In the duration of the period of his scholarship or award the recipient of the benefit shall devote himself to the work before him to the entire satisfaction of the Trustees, who reserve the right to withhold payment on the recommendation of the Advisory Committee.

The subject of scientific investigation which they may select must have a bearing directly or indirectly on the alleviation of human suffering by disease.

Applications must be forwarded through the Director of a recognised Research Institute or Laboratory where the candidate proposes to work and must be accompanied by a letter from the Director stating that he has critically examined the details of the proposed Research that he approves of the general plan and that he is willing, as far as possible, to guide and direct the investigation and give laboratory facilities.

Applications, must reach the Secretary, the Lady Tata Memorial Trust, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, not later than 20th May 1937.

The result of the selection will be announced on the 18th June 1937 and the successful candidates will be required to report themselves for duty, to their respective Directors, on the 1st July 1937.

Bohra High Priest Gets A Grand Daughter

(From Our Correspondent)
CAIRO, (By Air Mail).

Sayyida Mariam, the daughter of His Holiness Syedna Taher Saifuddin, the High Priest of the Dawoodi Bohras, who left at present here on his return journey from Mecca, where he and hundreds of his followers had gone for the Haj Ceremony, was delivered of a girl, in Cairo. The child is named "Cahira", meaning, and after, Cairo.

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NO CHANGE IN SCHOOL HOURS

Public Opinion Apathetic

In June last, Government invited opinions from the public on a proposal to change the school hours in secondary institutions, but the managers of a majority of the schools and the general public did not take any interest in the question. The proposal was that school hours should be so fixed that schools work in the morning and in the evening and that there is no school work at least for a couple of hours after a full meal

The hours obtaining at present in most of the schools are 11 a.m. to 5 p.m which came to be adopted because they served the general convenience. No hours are fixed by rule and schools have liberty to adopt hours to suit their own convenience, provided that not less than four hours of secular instruction is given on the same day.

The proposed alteration meant a change in the existing freedom enjoyed by schools in determining their own working hours and the comparatively small number of opinions received by Government show that most of the schools do not favour the proposed change, because it is not suitable for pupils and teachers who have to come from a distance. Moreover, the change is not considered practicable so long as the business and office hours remain the same as at present. Unless there is a change in the business hours in all spheres of life, the change in schools time alone, it is contended, will not be beneficial. The pupils would also be deprived of what little help and guidance they receive from their parents and it is further feared that pupils would be too drowsy to do homework during the afternoon. The experiment was tried in some places and found generally inconvenient. Government have therefore decided not to interfere with or alter the existing practice.

PARIS INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION

Facilities For India Visitors

The Secretary writes:—

A large number of people from India proceeding to France for the International Exhibition of Paris, 1937 are not obtaining the "CARTE de LEGITIMATION" (Legitimation Card) which is issued by all Tourist Offices and French Consulates in India, and because of this those persons are unable to take advantage of the following facilities and concessions granted to the holders of the Legitimation Cards!

At the Exhibition: 10 admissions into the Exhibition at half prices.

Restaurants—A reduction of 10 per cent.

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Theatres—A reduction of 10 per cent.

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Airways—A reduction of 15 per cent. in "AIR FRANCE".

In order to obtain these concessions and facilities every person visiting France should equip himself with the Legitimation Card and without which no concession can be obtained.

BEHROR FIRING

States' Peoples' Conference Demand For Inquiry

BOMBAY, May 7.

The General Secretary of the All India States' People's Conference has sent the following telegram to the Diwan Saheb, Alwar on the 6th:

"Reports regarding Behror firing confirm the necessity of impartial independent enquiry. We strongly urge the appointment of a stonng committee to investigate into the tragedy and to reassure the aggrieved people."

U. P. M. L. A.s' Convention

LUCKNOW, May 7.

The Congress members and the members of other parties have begun to arrive at Lucknow to participate at the proposed meeting of M.L.A.'s convened by the Leader of the Congress Party which will be held here on May 9 and 10.

An informal meeting of the Congress representatives and the members of other parties will be held to-morrow to draw up a list of the order of business.

Chief items on the agenda are understood to be a "no-confidence" motion on the Interim Ministry and protest against the non-summoning of the session of the Legislatures.—United Press.

"KULTUR" IN FILM WORLD

Truth About "International Film Chamber"

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, (By Air Mail).

I understand that a Congress "to lay the foundation for cultural and economic collaboration in the film world is to be held if the plans of its sponsors work out in Paris June next.

Standing in splendid isolation behind this effort which, in essence, is an attempt to organise a pro-German front in the sphere of the films, is a body calling itself "The International Film Chamber". Decision to organize this congress was taken when the Chamber deliberated last—at the beginning of March in Paris,—with the idea of bringing in as members both Britain and the United States who, with the Netherlands and Russia, are not as yet represented in the Chamber. Founded two years ago in Berlin, the "International Film Chamber" has for its head the President of the Reich Film Chamber, one Dr. Lehnich, the originator of the congress idea.

With the French representatives unable, even if they were so inclined to oppose effectively the demands of the German and Italian members of the Chamber, owing to the present condition of the French film industry, the body is almost entirely in the hands of the German representatives. It is true that the head of the so-called "Judicial Commission for the Rights of Authors" is a Frenchman but he is effectively controlled by his two assistants, one German and the other Italian. Of the French representatives, one M. Arys, is a known follower of Col. de la Rocque, and, indeed, sported the badge of de la Rocque's organisation at a press reception given recently by the Chamber: another is M. Loureau who is in charge of the French branch of the German Tobis Sound Film Company, and has corresponding sympathies. The "Film Exchange Commission" is controlled by M Loureau's assitant, a German, Herr Meydam, while the newly formed "Cultural Film Commission" is under the leadership of Dr. di Feo than whom Signor Mussolini has no more devoted servant. It is facts such as these which have given rise in British and American film circles to a certain scepticism as to the appropriateness of the adjective "International".

BOMBAY CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

The following notifications have been made in Thursday's Bombay Government Gazette.

The provisional recognition of the appointment of Khan Bahadur H. S. Mahomed as Honorary Consul for Monaco at Bombay has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

Mr. K. L. Panjabi, I.C.S., on return from leave is to be Collector, Broach and Panch Mahals, vice Rao Bahadur K. R. Bhadrapur reverting.

Mr. S. G. Barve, I.C.S., Assistant Collector, is transferred temporarily from Ahmedabad to Poona for a period not exceeding one month. He should return to Ahmedabad on the expiry of that period.

The services of Mr. H. M. Patel, I.C.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

Mr. J. H. Hammond as a Deputy Superintendent of Police is confirmed with effect from the 21st March 1937, the date from which Mr. A. F. Clarke retired from service.

Mr. R. M. Bhise, Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, is appointed, in addition to his own duties, to be Additional Sessions Judge in the Broach and Panch Mahals Sessions Division.

Mr. D. V. Vyas, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be District and Sessions Judge, Belgaum.

Mr. M. R. Meher, I.C.S., on relief by Mr. B D Mirchandani, I.C.S., to be District and Sessions Judge, West Khandesh, reverting Mr. I C Munsif.

Mr. G. S. Rajadhyaksha, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Dharwar, is to officiate as Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Legal Department and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bombay, vice Mr. K C Sen, I.C.S., transferred.

Mr. D C Joshi, Officiating Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Dharwar, to officiate as District and Sessions Judge, Dharwar, vice Mr. G. S. Rajadhyaksha, I.C.S., pending further orders.

Mr. R B Smith, Superintendent of Police, Bombay City, was granted leave on average pay for five days from the 5th April 1937 preparatory to retirement.

A congratulatory address was presented to Rajya Bhushan Rai Bahadur K. N. Bhandari on Sunday last by the Sri Krishna Seva Samiti of Tarana. He presided over the annual celebration of the Samiti. The Tarana Municipality also honoured him by giving him a civic reception and he was the guest of honour at the two 'At Homes' given by the Tarana Officers Club and by Rai Ratan Seth Madanlalji.

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An Indian Scholar Honoured

Dr. Amiya Chakravarty Returns Home With Fresh Laurels Abroad

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, April 14.

Dr. Amiya Chakravarty on whom the Oxford University has recently conferred the degree of Doctor of Philosophy for his researches into English Literature, and whose book has been accepted for publication, is now returning home to Calcutta. This is the first time that Oxford University has accepted a modern subject for higher research work in English Literature, and Dr. Chakravarty's interpretation of Post-War English Poetry has not only been highly praised by the authorities for its originality and for the deep knowledge of English Literature that lay behind it, but also for something unique which he, with his background of Indian Culture, and his power of comparative valuation, has been able to contribute.

"This is high honour, rarely given to a foreigner: but as I have had occasion to point out before, Dr. Chakravarty's visits to Europe and America have not merely brought him renown, but he has utilised them for making the Indian culture—especially the culture of Bengal—better known abroad; he has spoken as chief delegate at several European Conferences; he has written in many of the English journals, and never lost an opportunity for presenting his country's unique gifts of civilisation from a thoroughly modern point of view. It is this power of appreciating the currents of living thought and aspiration, both of the West and the East, which has been widely appreciated in Dr. Chakravarty's lectures, and his writings, and gained for him the intimate friendships of many of the foremost men of letters to-day, both in England and in the Continent. Eminent scholars like Professors Gilbert Murray, Sir Michael Sadler and others, as well as established literary figures like Shaw, Wells and Yeats have given him their friendship; but his special friends have been amongst the younger group of English writers, from Eliot and Aldous Huxley to Stephen Spender, Auden and Day Lewis. Dr. Chakravarty has been closely associated with the "Time and Tide" group and has been a close friend of Vera Britain, Gerald Heard and the late Miss Winifred Holtby, whose volume of letters ("Letters to a Friend") has just been published and is causing a great stir in the literary world.

As he leaves England for his home, Dr. Chakravarty carries the well-deserved commendation and the high hopes for a distinguished future from hosts of friends both European and Indian.

Lectures In Europe

Dr. Chakravarty was one of the first of our countrymen to represent modern Isdia in Finland where he went some months ago, and toured widely. In Helsingki he was received by the Mayor of the town, Pror. A. Tulenheims; at ancient Borgo the Finnish P. E. N. Club gave a luncheon party in his honour and he visited some of the literary historical sites of the country. Dr. Chakravarty was specially pleased to be the guest of the great composer "Sibelius" to whose music he is specially devoted. "If there "are" any beings outside this planet" said Sibelius to him, "believe me, their language is the language of music". Sibelius spoke of the primordial forests of Finland, the lakes and the vast snowfields of winter, and said that his own inspiration has ever come from the living heart of nature. The home of Sibelius, however, is like his music, both natural and artistic; with exquisite taste he and his gifted wife have gathered together rare beauty in one of the most gracious cottage homes in Finland, not far from the capital, which has become the pilgrimage of lovers of music from all countries.

Dr. Chakravarty was deeply impressed by the successful blending of indigenous Finnish culture with the latest developments of the scientific age which characterizes the national revival in Finland. No country in Europe possesses a more well-equipped bookshop than the central Home of Books in Helsingki, or a more elegant library than the one at Viborg. In India, too, evidently our freedom must develop along those lines.

In Sweden Dr. Chakravarty gave many lectures, and spent much of his time with Dr. Sven Hedin, and the great sculptor Milles, and visited the home of Selma Lagerlof at Morbacka. He was in Upsala, and lectured in Sigtuna and also in Stockholm.

In Norway and Sweden all the prominent newspapers interviewed Dr. Chakravarty and he had opportunities of giving accurate information about present conditions in India which were given great prominence, and commented upon. Sigrid Undset, the Nobel Prize winner, and one of the foremost novelists of our day, asked him to her home in Lillehammer, and he went further north to spend a few days with Johan Bojer (author of "Great Hunger") who was then living in his little hut—mountain "saeter"—in the hills near Vinstra.

When I interviewed him, Dr. Chakravarty told me about some of these visits, but one felt that what prompted him to set out so frequently on pilgrimages in the Western continent was the resolve to bring about better understanding between the mind of modern India and of the new generation in Europe: this is apparently the main quest of his life. Passionate patriotism has been the main incentive for all his efforts, and I have no doubt that he has carried with pride his love for his own suffering people wherever he has gone, and served his own Motherland with dignity and true devotion. There is no doubt that his previous career in Dr. Tagore's international Institution at Santinikitan, and his close association with our great Poet helped him to combine such patriotism with a genuinely international spirit.

Indians in Europe who have had opportunities of knowing Dr. Amiya Chakravarty expect great things from him, and it is hoped that on his return home the services that he has rendered to his Motherland while staying in Europe will be fully appreciated, and that he will devote himself to responsible fields of work in the educational and cultural life of our country.

Dr. A. C. Chakravarty M.A., D. Phil. (Oxon.)

MONTAGU NORMAN MUST GO

British Socialists' Demand

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

The five-year programme of a Socialist Government, should it be returned to office, published by the National Executive of the Socialist Party last month, is developed by Dr. Hugh Dalton, M.P., chairman of the executive, in an article in the "Labour Woman."

After re-stating the Socialist party's intention to convert the Bank of England into a public institution, Dr. Dalton writes:

"Mr. Montagu Norman must go. He represents the irresponsible domination of national finance by private interests. The Governor of the Bank of England should be appointed by the Government."

Dr. Dalton recalls that the party's programme includes assistance by a Socialist Government to trade unions in their efforts to raise wages.

"Such assistance," he writes, "can be given in many ways. It should, for example, be laid down that no Government assistance, whether by tariff or otherwise, should be afforded to any business which fails to recognise trade union wages."

CONTRABAND SILK HAULED BY CUSTOMS

KARAIKKAL, May 5.

News has been received here that a big haul of 10 bundles of alleged contraband silk goods to the value of Rs. 5,000/- was reported to have been made by customs authorities from a resident of Thirukadayur (British India).

The bundles are now, it is stated under Customs custody and one person is reported to have been put under arrest.

Further investigations are proceeding.—United Press.

CONGRESS AND DEADLOCKS

Jairamdas Explains Working Committee's Resolution

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, May 6.

Explaining the implications of the resolution of the Working Committee passed at Allahabad on the Constitutional deadlock, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram said:

"There was no intention to deprive the Governors of their special powers given them under the Act. It was only intended that they should keep these powers in abeyance and appeal to the electorate by dismissing the ministry, if, in the opinion of the Governor the ministry acted in a manner prejudicial to public safety".

CONGRESS PROPAGANDA

Mr. Jairamdas, however, emphasised that the effective part of the resolution so far as Congressmen were concerned was that Congressmen should establish more living contact by serving them and attending to their needs and carry on the constructive programme of the Congress amongst them.

Another question Mr. Jairamdas replied that he had been appointed Organising Secretary to strengthen Provincial Congress Committees in connection whereof he commences his tour next month, visiting Punjab, Delhi, Ajmer, Gujarat and Bombay and again in August he will visit other provinces.

Mr. Jairamdas is now busy organising Sind Assembly Congress Programme. A Conference will be held in Khadiaro at the end of this month He is leaving Karachi this evening and will visit fifteen villages allover Sind.

LORRY OVERTURNS

News has been received here, passenger lorry carrying passengers from Shahdadkot to Kambar in Larkana District overturned throwing out all the occupants. The lorry was smashed badly and the passengers including the driver were seriously injured and taken to hospital.

MINORITY BOGEY EXPLODED

Sikh (Khalsa) Darbar Executive Urges Joining Congress

LAHORE, May 5.

At a meeting of the Working Committee of the Khalsa Darbar held at its head office, Sardar Mangal Singh, M.L.A., presiding, the following resolutions were passed:—

The Working Committee of the Khalsa Darbar expresses its profound dissatisfaction at the refusal of the Governors to give the required assurance to the provincial Congress Parties in six provinces not to interfere with their constitutional activities. The Khalsa Darbar wishes to make it perfectly clear that the minorities have nothing to fear from the Indian National Congress which stands for the freedom of the country and for equal rights of all sections as defined in the Karachi resolution of the Congress. The minorities should trust their own countrymen rather than look forward to Governors for the protection of their rights.

The Khalsa Darbar fervently calls upon the Sikhs to join the Congress in large numbers and offer their wholehearted support to the Congress in its fight for country's freedom.—United Press.

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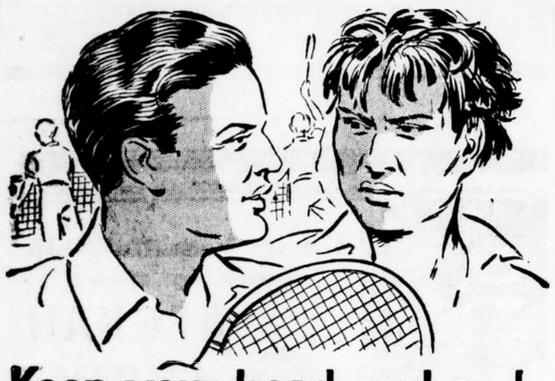

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Sardar Patel Exposes Ministerialist Plot

Palat-Shetty Correspondence Released

MADRAS, (By Mail.)

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has released Palat-Shetty correspondence exposing the attempts of Ministerialists to wean away Congressmen:

LETTER FROM MR. SHETTY TO MR. PALAT.

The following is a copy of a letter from Mr. A. B. Shetty, M.L.A., to Mr R. M. Palat:—

Mangalore,
22nd April, 1937.

"My dear Palat—The other day when you came to my house, you proposed that some of the Congress Party members of the Madras Legislative Assembly should form themselves into a separate group with a view to accept office unconditionally, that three or four of the Malabar members had already agreed to join such a group and that, if about 50 such members could be got together, the Ministry could be reshuffled. You wanted me to consider and tell you what I thought about it and whether I and any other Congress M. L. A.'s in this district would cast in our lot with such people. I made it plain to you that persons who had sought election on the Congress ticket could not think of proving traitors to the party nor would they be justified in revolting against its decision at this stage. Then you went on to say that Government may go back to the Minto-Morley Reforms, if people don't want to work the new constitution or that they might declare the Congress to be an unlawful body and prevent it from entering the legislatures, if there was to be another election. The leader of our party Mr. C. Rajagopalachari was here yesterday and I asked him whether there was any move in Malabar or elsewhere to break away from the party and form such a group. In this connection I thought it my duty to give out to him the substance of the talk you had with me. He has taken a serious view of the matter and he wants me to give publicity to what you said to me so that such attempts to tamper with the loyalty of the Congress Party members may be put an end to. I have felt myself bound to intimate this to you lest you should misunderstand matters.

Yours, Sincerely,
(Sd.) A. B SHETTY,

Copy to Sit. C. Rajagopalachari Madras.

TELEGRAM TO MR. RAJAGOPALACHARI.

The following telegram dated Mangalore the 27th April, was sent by Mr. A. B. Shetty to Mr C. Rajagopalachari, Swaraj Bhavan, Allahabad:

"Reply does not contradict letter; copy posted Madras—Shetty."

COMMUNICATION FROM MR. PALAT.

The following is a copy of a letter from Mr. Palat to Mr Shetty:—

Hantevilla,
Ootacamund, 25-4-1937.

"Dear Mr. Shetty.—Many thanks for writing to me about your proposed course of action. I do not wish for the moment to go into the morality of repeating private conversations. But I shall be glad if you would be good enough to send me a copy of your statement before it is issued for publication, so that there may be need for me afterwards to contradict any point in it. If you should decide to send me a copy, I shall correct it, if needful, and return the copy.

Yours Sincerely,
(Sd.) R. M. PALAT.

I am writing this letter in my personal capacity, of course as was also my conversationn with you.—R.M.P."

MR. SHETTY'S SECOND LETTER TO MR. PALAT.

Mangalore,
27-4-1937.

Mr. A. B. Shetty wrote to Mr. Palat in reply.

Dear Mr. Palat.—Your letter of the 25th instant, to hand. Only what has been stated in my last letter to you will be given publication, if the Party Leader thinks it necessary to do so. You speak of the morality of repeating private conversations. It is not any personal matter of a private character that formed the subject of your conversation. You proposed a definite course of action which would affect my public life and reputation and also the solidarity of the Party to which I stand pledged. Knowing me as I do, I am sorry you thought it fit to come and deliberately make such a suggestion to me.

Yours Sincerely,
(Sd.) A. B. SHETTY,

Mr. C. Dudley who officiates as Chief Inspector of Bombay Customs in place of Mr. Howes gone on leave.

COMMUNALISTS UPSET

Congress Plans For Punjab

LAHORE, May 7.

In a signed article in the "Civil and Military Gazette" K. B. Nawab Ahmadyar Khan Daulatana, M.L.A., Chief Secretary, Unionist (Ministerial) party says that the Punjab is likely to be the scene of vigorous and well-financed pro-Congress drive in the near future.

"I am told that Congress leaders have decided to devote about Rs. 25,000 to this campaign, which is intended to serve the double purpose of converting the Punjab as a province and the Muslims of the Punjab as the leading section of the All-India Muslim Community to Congress creed.

"Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will probably be coming to the Punjab to direct this campaign with local support of Dr. Mohamed Alam, Maulana Abdul Quadir Kasuri and others.

"It is proposed, I understand, that the funds will be placed at the disposal of Dr. Alam for the purpose of starting an Urdu daily newspaper at Lahore and well-financed deputations will tour the province to do propaganda by means of lectures in villages.

'It is also rumoured that one of the Lahore daily Muslim papers has been won over by the Congress."

Continuing Mr. Daulatana says "This will open fresh chapter of communal controversy. The Unionist Party stands for inter-communal co-operation. In order to uphold this basis of inter-communal co-operation, Muslims of the Punjab, whether Unionists or non-Unionists, will, I believe, be prepared to co-operate with Mr. Jinnah in the All-India sphere"—A.P.

MODERN "ZARO AGA" LIES IN HOSPITAL

CALCUTTA, MAY 6.

A modern "Zaro Aga" in the person of Maulana Shah Syed Ahmed Ullah Kadri, who claims to have lived 123 years, has been lying for the last few days as a patient attacked with pleurisy in Calcutta Medical College.

According to his calculations, he was born at Herat in Afghanistan as far back as the year 1233 of Hijra Era which synchronises with the year 1814 of the Christian Era. The Maulana is said to have married six times and had 29 children by the wives.—United Press.

Mr. W. X. Mascarenhas, deputy Secretary, Public Works Department of the Government of Bombay, has been appointed the Government nominee on the managing committee of the Bombay Flying Club.

Prisoner Escapes From Jail

AHMEDABAD, May 7.

A daring bid for liberty was made yesterday morning by a Pathan undergoing imprisonment in the Sabarmati Central Jail.

It appears that while the prisoner was being taken for work outside the precincts of the jail he outwitted the guards and escaped. The prisoner had not been handcuffed but his arms were tied with ropes.

Report of another young boy running away from the Reformatory has also been made.

Local police arrested a man wanted by the Baroda State police and who has been aiding for the last eleven years

The Ahmedabad District Local Board meeting yesterday passed a resolution to celebrate the coronation and sanctioned Rs. 300 for illuminating the board buildings.—A. P.

CAPITAL OF ORISSA

CUTTACK, May 7.

There seems to be no truth in a press report that Puri is being considered as the Capital of the new province of Orissa.

Enquiries made the "United Press" reveal that final selection of the Capital will be made by the Assembly itself and neither the Governor nor the Ministers want to take any initiative in the matter.—United Press.

Venkateswami Rukhmaji was arrested last night at about 9-30 on a charge of receiving of "Sutta' bets at 8th Lane, Kamatipura.

It is stated that a search of his person yielded some money, slips and a pencil

His bail period was extended till May 21, at the Mazagaon Police Court to-day.

Sturdy, Healthy Growth

is what all parents desire to see in their children but sometimes unfortunately this is impaired through natural weakness or the effects of illness.

BURGOYNE'S PARRISH'S CHEMICAL FOOD provides the remedy. It is the ideal tonic for children and recommended by doctors in every part of the world. Containing all the Phosphates and Iron so essential to development, in an easily digested and palatable form, it helps to build firm strong bones, purifies and enriches the blood, gives strength and energy. If your children are convalescing from illness, weakly or not progressing as you feel they should be, put them on this marvellous tonic. You will be astonished at the quick improvement. Young girls and women suffering from debility or inclined to anæmia will benefit from it too. Health and vitality is the unfailing gift of this great medicine.

Obtainable in 4- and 8-oz. bottles from all dispensaries, pharmacies and dealers

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EASTON'S SYRUP
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Calcutta: H. D. Nag, 36 Beniatola Lane.
Madras: South Indian Mercantile Co., 12 Mannaru St.

SIROLIN "ROCHE"

USED THE WORLD OVER FOR COUGHS, COLDS & EARLY STAGES OF TUBERCULOSIS.

Climatic conditions called for *the topee,*

The Special Hat for the Tropics

The same reason led to the production of Cafiaspirin.

Cafiaspirin the quick reliever of all aches and pains, is so composed as to best suit the special needs of tropical climates and is therefore:

The Special Aspirin for the Tropics

Safe *and* Effective BAYER

NO MORE HYPOCRISY

TRUTH MUST BE TOLD

SEX-VITALITY

GREATEST CONTROLLING FACTOR OF LIFE

It is unfortunate that people should feel shy to discuss freely the important question of Sex and show an indifference to this vital problem. The fault in fact is not theirs. The existing society under the control of priests and so-called social reformers has classed this natural impulse as immoral.

We must cease to regard Sex-Vitality as a trifling matter, improper and unfit for discussion. Sex forms the starting point and pivot of all existence. It is the most important and natural problem of life. To call it immoral is nothing but hypocrisy. Sex-Vitality exerts considerable influence on our personality, appearance and general health. It is responsible for the characteristic qualities of the brain and body.

DUTY OF EVERY INDIVIDUAL

From every point of view, therefore, it is incumbent upon every individual to preserve, improve and rejuvenate his Sex-Vitality, for on this great force of life depends his health, his joy of living, the continuity of his family and the very existence of human race.

HOW TO PROLONG NORMAL HEALTH & VITALITY

Professor Voronoff's Operations.

Working for a number of years the well-known Professor Voronoff found an excellent method of rejuvenation by means of grafting glands. This method although extremely efficacious could not become universally popular on account of the cost and risk involved in such operations.

Prof. Voronoff.

Professor Dr. Lahusen's

EPOCH-MAKING DISCOVERY

This famous Doctor working on the same problem, namely, how men and women could maintain health and vitality and increase their span of life, discovered a remarkable internal method of treatment with a unique Gland Hormon compound, now well-known to the public as OKASA, by the use of which not only Sex - Vitality but the entire organism, the Brain, the Heart, the Nerves and all important organs of the body are kept in perfect normal working condition and life actually much prolonged.

Prof. Dr. Lahusen

Thanks to this important discovery of OKASA by Dr. Lahusen, millions of men and women all over the world are to-day enjoying better health, stronger nerves and better vitality. The services of Dr. Lahusen have been recognized by the awards won by Okasa at all International Expositions:

"Grand Prix" with Gold Medals, Paris 1928.

"Cross of Merit" with Gold Medals, Florence (Italy) 1929,

"Diploma of Distinction" with Gold Medals, London 1932.

The great success achieved by OKASA has prompted many other to imitate this preparation, but so far none of these so-called gland preparations has achieved any success. OKASA, thanks to it's unfailing efficacy and absolute harmlessness, enjoys the highest reputation and confidence throughout the world. The fact that OKASA has withstood the test of time and satisfied the most sceptic persons is in itself greatest testimony to the marvellous efficacy of OKASA.

TRADE AND FINANCE

Money Again Easy With Call Funds At 3/4 P. C.

HEALTHY TONE IN SHARE BAZAR

Gold & Silver Quietly Steady

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, May 7.

MONEY

Money was easier during the week, day-to-day loans being available at 3/4 per cent. Fresh demand for funds was restricted. Treasury Bill maturities amounting to Rs. 1 crore were offset by renewals of a like amount. The average rate of acceptance of tenders was the same as last week, viz. 1 per cent. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One to two months 1¼ per cent, three months 1½ per cent and six months 2 per cent.

RESERVE BANK STATEMENT

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended April 30, 1937, showed a decrease of Rs. 9.19 lakhs in the total corresponding fall of Rs. 9.12 lakhs in Rupee coin. Notes in circulation were down by Rs. 183.62 lakhs while those held in the Banking Department were up by Rs. 174.43 lakhs. The ratio of gold and sterling to liabilities has increased by .027 per cent 60.017 per cent. Sterling Securities and Rupee Securities were unchanged at Rs. 80.31 lakhs and Rs. 27.37 lakhs respectively. Government Deposits, which includes £73,200 held in London on account of the High Commissioner, converted at 1s. 6d to the rupee increased by Rs. 230.76 lakhs while Banks' Deposits were down by Rs. 56.47 lakhs—Balances held abroad improved by Rs. 10.89 lakhs. Investments show a fall of Rs. 26.40 lakhs and other Assets recorded an increase of Rs. 3.24 lakhs. The bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK STATEMENT

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on April 30, 1937 shows a fall of Rs 51.87 lakhs in the total cash balance of the bank, which now stands at Rs. 20.11 crores. Security portfolio has increased by Rs. 75.04 lakhs. Loans and Bills Discounted are down by Rs. 41.76 lakhs and Rs. 13.37 lakhs respectively. Bills Discounted are up by Rs. 25.41 lakhs. Deposits on all accounts show an increase of Rs. 2.90 lakhs during the week. It is understood that the Imperial Bank of India advance rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

GILT-EDGED

The gilt-edged market was steady during the week under report, with a fractional improvement in quotations all-round. The better tone prevailing in the stock market in London was responsible for more confident feelinng in gilt-edged and reflected favourably in the local market. 3½ per cent India Sterling Stocks improved from £89⅛ to £90, and the price of 3½ per cent Rupee Paper in the local market advanced from Rs. 93-12 to Rs. 94-14, but closed at Rs. 94-10. 23/4 per cent 1948-52 new loan kept steady at Rs. 99-12 3 per cent 1951-54 loan at about Rs. 102-14; 3½ per cent 1947-50 loan at about Rs. 106-1 and 4 per cent 1943 bonds at Rs. 107. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan changed hands at Rs. 110-10 and 5 per cent 1945-55 (tax free) loan at Rs. 119-8. 4½ per cent 1955-60 loan closed at Rs. 117-10; 5 per cent 1940-43 loan at Rs. 108-4 and 5½ per cent 1938-40 loan at Rs. 104-15, Treasury Bills.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was a shade quieter during the period under report, but the volume of business was small. Sellers of ready T.T. quoted 1s. 6-3/32d and buyers 1s. 6-1/8d, occasional business being transacted at the middle rate. There was a fair volume of business in connection with the export of gold, but this was mostly for forward deliveries. Showinng of merchandise export bills was restricted. Tenders to Government this week were small amounting to £10,000 at 1s. 6-1/8d, which were accepted in full.

Foreign exchanges in London were dull compared to the wide fluctuations of last week. Following the reported purchase of gold by the British Control in the open market in London over the last week-end and the resultant restoration of confidence, the dollar tended to appreciate in terms of sterling. The London/New York rate opened at 494.60 cents and after advancing to 495.37 cents early in the week declined to 493.45 cents but closed at 493.82 cents. Repatriation of French capital partly to meet the losses on the Paris Bourse and partly as a result of the moderation displayed by the Left Wing in their economic programme, the franc appreciated in terms of sterling and the dollar from 110.59 to 109.06, but closed at 110.01. The guilder moved between 9.02 3/4 and 8.99-9/16, the belga between 29.30½ and 29.225/16 and the lira between 94.10 and 93.75.

GOLD

As a result of restricted movement in foreign exchanges in London, fluctuations in the price of gold in the local market were comparatively small, and the rate for ready ranged between Rs. 34-12-9 and Rs. 34-9-9. In view of the technical position of the market the backwardation still perists and may continue for some time. Stock of ready gold approximate some 40 to 50,000 tolas and arrivals from upcountry average some 10,000 tolas a day. The daily offtake averages about 1,500 tolas. Last week's shipment per s.s. 'Kaisar-I-Hind', on the 1st of May, amounted to Rs. 39.66 lakhs. In London the quotation for gold after declining to 140s. 3½d early in the week moved up to 140s. 10d. in mid-week, but closed at 140s. 8½d. The price of spot sovereigns advanced from Rs. 22-0-6 to Rs. 22-2. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 34-12-9 and Rs. 34-9-9 for ready, Rs. 34-12 and Rs. 34-8-9 for June settlement and Rs. 34-11 and Rs. 34-7-9 for July settlement. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 2,02,752 in bar and coin.

SILVER.

Silver was steady but ilde during the week. An improvement in the offtake and the reluctance on the part of dealers to sell at low levels kept the market steady. The price of ready opened at Rs. 52-11 and gradually advanced and closed at Rs. 53. Stocks in the local market are estimated at about 30,000 bars. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 12,927 in coin. Yesterday's arrival per s.s. 'Chitral' is valued at £6,100. The offtake averages about 160 bars a day. The quotation in London moved between 20-7/16d and 20-1/4d for ready and 20-1/2d and 20-5-1/16d for two months forward. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 53 and Rs. 52-9 for ready, Rs. 53-2 and Rs. 52-11 for June settlement and Rs. 53-5 and Rs. 52-14 for July settlement.

SHARES

As a contrast to last week the undertone of the market was healthier, during this week. Fluctuations were confined to a less wider range of prices, and the turnover was moderate. Steel shares were firmer. Tata Defds. improved to Rs. 1500 and Ordys. to Rs. 331 at the close. Cotton Mill shares were also better. Bombay Dyeings advanced from Rs. 875 to Rs. 886-4; Centurys from Rs. 180 to Rs. 195 and Kohinoors from Rs. 298-12 to Rs. 307-8. In sympathy with gilt-edged, Hydro-electric section ruled steadier. Tata Powers gained about 20 points to Rs. 1506-4 and Andhra Valleys about 10 points to Rs. 1675. Cement shares were firm. Bundis closed at Rs. 41; Indian Cements at Rs. 548-12 and Shahabads at Rs. 517-8. In Bank shares, Imperial fully paids changed hands at Rs. 1,535 and Contributories at Rs. 375. Reserve Bank shares were steadier at Rs. 128-4 and those of the Bank of India at Rs. 138-8. Among miscellaneous shares, Bombay Burmas and Belapurs were the bright spots. the former advanced to Rs. 708-12 after touching Rs. 686-4 and the latter gained about 6 points towards the close. At the close tone of the market is definitely better.

Alexandra Cotton

Alexandria May 6

SAK—	
May	19.50 —20
July	19.85 —7
November	20.02 —3
ASH—	
June	17.86 —4
August	16.75 —0
GIZA—	
May	20.81 x47
November	18.37 —16

BOMBAY YARN MARKET

Unsatisfactory Offtake

Bombay, May 5.

The Yarn Market has remained quiet but steady throughout the whole past week and fluctuations in prices have been very narrow. In case of Indian yarns, prices have remained nominally steady in the absence of demand from consuming centres. Dealers have been seriously complaining about the continued unsatisfactory offtake during the last few days and while they are anxious to dispose of their holdings even at lower prices buyers are rather scarce and are more inclined to await better opportunity to make purchases. As regards foreign yarns however, the undertone continues to remain very steady and prices are inclined to improve further in the course of the next few days. On the whole the future tendency is hopeful so far as the Yarn Market is concerned but the sharp decline in cotton prices as well as in prices of all other commodities all over the world during the last fortnight has undoubtedly affected the Yarn Market very unfavourably and so long as the world conditions do not settle down to a satisfactory level, we do not expect immediate change in the prices of yarns.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Manchester Spinners have been adopting a very firm attitude and inspite of the recent decline in cotton, prices in Manchester yarns quoted by spinners are yet much higher and are not at all suitable for Indian Markets. No fresh business of importance has therefore been possible at the moment.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS.

As a result of steady cotton prices especially during the latter part of the week prices in Japanese and Shanghai yarns have shown improvement all round to the extent of quarter of an anna per lb. As regards Mercerised yarns prices have improved to the extent of Rs. 10 per case during the last four days and confidence is gradually returning. Turnover has shown distinct improvement during the latter part of the week and it seems as though the prices will show further improvement in the next few days if cotton prices remain steady at or about the present level. In case of single and twofold grey yarns, the undertone has remained fairly steady and prices have been showing gradual improvement. Stocks in the local market of all Japanese and Shanghai yarns are very limited and arrivals are rather small. As regards forward business, the Shanghai Spinners are very firm and there does not appear any signs of large imports from Shanghai in bulk in the immediate future. In case of Japanese yarns, some scattered business has been possible on account of violent fluctuations in Japanese prices and also due to irregular quotations from Japanese Spinners. The tendency on the whole continues to remain still uncertain but several offers are on cable and it is very likely that fresh forward business will result in the next few days. Sampin is fluctuating very heavily in sympathy with cotton whereas the Exchange remains unchanged.

ART SILK YARNS.

After some decline in prices during the last few days the market has remained steady with distinct sings of further recovery in prices in the course of the next few days. Offtake has been yet very limited but enquiries from various markets particularly from the Northern markets have increased and it is very likely that even the Southern markets will commence buying inasmuch as the holidays are now over. It is further reported from almost all consuming centres that the sales of Art Silk Cloth has been showing gradual improvement and the position of the weavers has been getting more and more satisfactory. Besides, stocks in almost all consuming centres are not very large and arrivals continue to remain very limited. In the midst of all these circumstances it is very likely that the demand from the consuming centres will show improvement in the next few days and prices in Art Silk yarns will naturally show further advance. As regards Italian yarns, offtake has been rather poor owing to comparatively much higher prices. Arrivals however from Italy are very insignificant and some of the well-known qualities go into consumption immediately on arrival. As regards Japanese yarns owing to the comparatively cheaper prices demand has been showing improvement not only from the Handloom Weavers but also from the Mills. Fresh forward business in Japanese yarns has been very limited on account of very irregular quotations from Japan and the firm attitude shown by the Japanese Spinners. On the whole the position continues to remain healthy and the future outlook seems to be more hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS.

No sales of importance have been arranged by our Mills during the last few days inasmuch as inspite of the recent decline in Cotton, most of them have not yet lowered their prices. Their quotations are simply nominal as buyers are not inclined to make any purchases until the Spinners are able to bring down their quotations to a more reasonable and workable level. Reports from upcountry markets are not very encouraging but if prices in yarns are lowered further it is very likely that improvement in demand will be in evidence.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

July 186 October 194 at Cross Rate 4.93 7/8.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1937 229/12—Liverpool May 7.24 Rs. 85 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach J/A 1937 236—Liverpool July 7.28 Rs. 81 at Exchange 1/8.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M 1938 243—Liverpool May 1938 7.17 Rs. 71 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach J/A 1937 236—New York July 13.12 Rs. 59 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.93 7/8.

INDIAN COTTON CONSUMED BY INDIAN MILLS

The Secy., Indian Central Cotton Committee, writes:—

Following is the statement of Indian cotton consumed in mills in India:—

(Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by Mills in British India and on Voluntary Returns by Mills in Indian States)

(In bales of 400 lbs. net)

CONSUMPTION

British India during March 1937 181,038; during March 1936 179,257; since 1st September 1936 1,228,493; during corresponding period last year 1,301,511

Indian States during March 1937 38,052, during March 1936 37,817; since 1st September 1936 258,293, during corresponding period last year 259,112

Total—India during March 1937 219,090, during March 1936 217,074; since 1st September 1936 1,486,786; during corresponding period last year 1,560,623

N.B.—(a) Due to corrections which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive figures shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive figures published in the preceding month.

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. have issued the following weekly report dated London 14th April:—

GOLD

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £313,661,924 on April 7th showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

In spite of authoritative denials of any intention to reduce the American Treasury's buying price for gold, nervousness persisted and the week has seen heavy liquidations of gold holdings. The open market, therefore, has been very active with dealings on a large scale, about £5,000,000 having been disposed of at the daily fixing during the week. In the circumstances buyers were reluctant and prices ruled considerably below dollar parity; however a good proportion of the offerings were taken for New York, and purchases for an undisclosed destination were also reported.

The effect of reassuring statements by Mr. Morgenthau were apparent during the last two days and conditions became calmer; demand has been more general and offerings in consequence absorbed with less difficulty.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold registered from midday on the 5th instant to midday on the 12th instant:—

IMPORTS.

British South Africa	£1,884,661
British India	256,888
Venezuela	18,069
Soviet Union	5,127,586
France	32,095
Belgium	17,293
Netherlands	35,881
Germany	4,006
Channel Islands	6,142
Other countries	11,469
	£7,394,090

EXPORTS.

U. S. A.	£11,002,235
British India	20,000
Aden and Dependencies	8,000
Yugoslavia	77,219
France	98,100
Germany	24,345
Other countries	586
	£11,230,485

The s.s. "Strathnaver" which sailed from Bombay on the 10th instant carries gold to the value of about £536,000.

The Transvaal gold output for March 1937 amounted to 982,304 fine ounces as compared with 922,941 fine ounces for February 1937 and 933,776 fine ounces for March 1936.

The Southern Rhodesian gold output for February 1937 amounted to 59,814 fine ounces as compared with 65,572 fine ounces for January 1937 and 62,838 fine ounces for February 1936.

SILVER.

Quiet conditions have prevailed in the market during the past week and movements in prices have been smaller.

Sales on China account continued on a moderate scale and there was further re-selling by speculators, whilst a little buying by the latter was also in evidence. The Indian Bazaars however were the principal buyers and the maintenance of the present level still depends upon a continuation of support from this quarter.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from midday on the 5th inst. to midday on the 12th inst:—

IMPORTS.

French Indo-China	£49,751
Japan	28,911
British India	16,370
Belgium	17,910
Netherlands	6,770
Germany	5,303
France	1,103
Irish Free State	4,350
Other countries	1,665
	£132,133

EXPORTS.

Aden and Dependencies	£ 4,000
Anglo-Egyptian Sudan	1,885
Switzerland	2,987
Other countries.	3,707
	£ 12,579

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 8th to the 14th April was dol. 91. and the lowest dol 4.88 3/8.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 7

Wheat	17,049 cwts.
Linseed	11,598 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	15 cwts.
Gingellyseed	38 cwts.
Poppyseed	29 cwts.
Groundnuts	3,342 cwts.
Castorseed	860 cwts.
Rice	25,826 cwts.
Myrabollams	2,646 cwts.
Cottonseed	7,874 cwts.
Gram	5,502 cwts.
Joowar	4,951 cwts.
Maize	38 cwts.
Bajree	1,820 cwts.
Indian Sugar	1,853 cwts.
Coal	942 tons.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

Proceedings Of General Meeting Of Shareholders

Proceedings at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, held on 31st of March, 1937, Mr. R. Langford James (the Chairman), presided.

The General Manager having read the notice convening the Meeting and the Auditors' Report, the Chairman said:

Turning to the General Balance Sheet, Current, Fixed Deposits and other Accounts at £30,027,681 are higher by £645,000 than at the end of the previous year, while Bills Payable and Acceptances for Customers are each slightly down On the Assets side Cash on Hand and with Bankers, together with Bullion, total £5,411,233, an increase of £802,918. Indian Government Securities at £5(264,651 have increased by £243,389 and British Government and other Securities at £9,259,331 are down by £529,673. House Property Account is practically unchanged but Bills of Exchange shew an increase of £382,366 while Discounts, Loans Receivable, etc., have decreased to the extent of £278,797. Cash and Securities at £19,935,216 represent 66 per cent of Deposits and, if Bills of Exchange are included, the percentage is as high as 82. This indicates a very liquid position but we would of course like to see a larger proportion of our resources employed in financing the trade of the Countries in which we are interested.

NET PROFITS.

The net profits for the year amount to £456,286-6-3 and are slightly less than those of 1935. With the sum of £247,668-12-7 brought forward from the previous year the amount available is £703,954-18-10. An interim dividend at the rate of 18 per cent per annum, less Income Tax, was declared in September last and we now recommend the payment of a final dividend at the same rae. These dividends will absorb £360,000 and we propose to add £50,000 to the Staff Pension Fund, to place £50,000 to Contingencies Account, carrying forward £243,954-18-10. All bad and doubtful debts are provided for in full.

The Bank Rate in India was stationary throughout the year at 3 per cent as against an average rate during 1935 of 3.45 per cent. Easy conditions prevailed in the money market and it was difficult to find profitable outlets for our resources. India's favourable trade balance has been maintained and has actually increased from Rs. 72 crores in 1935 to Rs. 80 crores for 1936.

GOLD EXPORTS.

Gold exported from India during the year amounted to £24,869,948 against £33,167,090 for the previous year and £45,380,786 for 1934. Since September 1931 India has exported gold to the extent of approximately £225,000,000. The production of the Indian Gold Mines at 332,000 ounces showed an increase over 1935. India has been a considerable importer of silver during the past year and the position which arose in 1935 when, on balance, there was a surplus of exports over imports of roughly Rs. 2 crores was reversed in 1936 when imports exceeded exports by approximately Rs. 13 crores.

GENERAL RISE.

The general rise in the price of produce is having a marked effect on the fortunes of East Africa, the advance in the price of Sisal being particularly noticeable. The efforts of the gold mining industry have not effected any spectacular improvement in the finances of these Territories up to date, but progress is being shown and hopes are expressed that these fields may yet become of substantial importance. A quite appreciable quantity of tea is now being exported from the very fertile estates in the Kericho district of Kenya and it is meeting with a good reception from London buyers.

After the Chairman had replied to questions asked by Shareholders the resolution was put to the Meeting and carried unanimously.

Mr. J. Irwin Davis: Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, on behalf of the Shareholders I would like to associate myself with you in the expression of our great regret at the loss sustained in the passing of our late Chairman, Sir Charles McLeod and in the further loss we have had through the death of our late General Manager, Mr. Ross Munro, a devoted servant of the Bank.

We are fortunate in having you, Sir, as successor to the Chairmanship of the Bank, for we know that you have had valuable experience both in India and on this side and we are confident that you will well uphold the best traditions of the Bank.

INDIA ONLY BUYER OF SILVER

Future Outlook

Indian operators are heavily long with extensive purchases of white metal, but the following article from the "Financial Times" will be found interesting:—

"Bimetallism has never failed to raise its head at times of economic depression, usually to retire into the back-ground again with the return of recovery. It seems that this cycle is now about to be completed, after a remarkable sequence of events. The International Silver Agreement, which emerged from the World Economic Conference of 1933, is now entering on its fourth and last year, and before it lapses on 1st April of next year, there is likely to be considerable discussion as to whether it is to be renewed. Ultimately it will no doubt be buried with a flourish of speeches, particularly from the United States, whose policy has almost from the beginning rendered it ineffective. The Agreement was ratified by President Roosevelt in December 1933, it became operative on 1st April, 1934, and in June the Silver Purchase Act was passed, by which the United States monetary silver stocks were to be raised to one-third of gold stocks. Initially this did not appear to upset the London Agreement, but before long the full effects became apparent.

SURPLUS STOCKS

The aim of the London Agreement was to remove the danger to the silver market of the heavy surplus stocks then existing, particularly in India. India agreed not to unload more than 35 million ounces yearly, and Australia, Canada, the United States, Mexico and Peru arranged not to sell and to absorb that amount between them, the United States' share being 24 million ounces. This was to last for only four years, but Mr. Roosevelt's buying policy was evidently a long-term one, for with gold stocks at their then level it entailed the purchase of 16,000 million ounces. It was the raising of the silver price that was to have such disastrous repercussions on the countries which were on the silver standard. Mexico was finally forced to lower the silver content of the dollar in April, 1935, and China abandoned the silver standard in November.

INDIAN BUYING.

Having effectively removed the sources of Eastern demand on which the silver market had previously rested, President Roosevelt found himself the sole buyer. His scheme for "raising the currency status of silver," which was in fact no more than a concession to the silver-producing States, had come to its inevitable conclusion. The silver market was in his hands, and when in the face of the new situation he hesitated and buying was temporarily suspended in December, 1935, silver prices collapsed. Since then they have never recovered, demand no longer resting on currency needs but on a political policy. The only other feature of the market, which is at the moment ingreasing in importance, is the recovery of Indian demand. This fluctuates considerably, as it depends largely on the prosperity of the Indian peasant, who usually keeps his savings in the form of silver hoards. Although the Indian import duty has been successively lowered, this can never hope to replace the lost demand from China. The fate of silver remains in the hands of the United States Treasury, and American monetary policy is unfortunately obscure.

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Pullman

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Prevents colours from fading and becoming dull for many months. Produces high, waterproof wax film that will not rain spot.

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Kane Ltd., Props of EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES
New Queen's Road, BOMBAY 4.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 4 POINTS DOWN

Bullion And Wheat Quiet But Rubber Better

BOMBAY, May 7

On Friday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON QUIET

New York cotton opened steady but thereafter prices eased off on scattered bull selling. Prices fluctuation were narrow. The tone was quiet.

BULLION STEADY

London gold and silver ruled steady.

WHEAT QUIET

Wheat was quiet. Rubber was better. Jute was firm. Base metals were steady.

SECURITIES FEATURELESS

On the London Stock Exchange speculative power was lacking and market ruled quiet. Giltedged securities were featureless.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, May 7

Previous closing	12.89
To-day's opening	12.92
Difference	plus 03
To-day's closing	12.85
Difference	—.04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1937

Liverpool, May 7

Previous closing	7.19
To-day's opening	7.22
Difference	plus .03
To-day's closing	7.22
Difference	plus .03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 231-8
July August	Rs. 299-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 7

Scarcity of contracts rendered better feeling in the New York cotton market where prices contrived to open somewhat higher. Later however the market showed disposition to respond more definitely to the new crop outlook and prices tended to ease.

The session opened trading in October option at 12.92 ie., three points higher than previous closing. Prices later tended to ease on uninspiring foreign cables and touched 12.88. Movements however were narrow.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.85 with a decline of 4 points for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 7

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (13.17/13.15) 13.17/13.16
October (12.96/12.95) 12.92/12.91
December (12.93/12.92) 12.88/12.88

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 7

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (7.29) 7.25
American December (7.34) 7.29
Egyptian March (10.75) 10.90
Egyptian May (11.00) 11.10

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 7

Broach cotton for July August moved between Rs. 237-4 and Rs. 238-8 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. closed at Rs. 238-8 Broach April May was Rs. 6 lower.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 7

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7 1/2) 1-7 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-3) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 1/2) 2-2 1/2

JUTE

New Crop May June (£21 1/2 paid and buyer) £21 3/4 sellers
Dunlop May (£25) £25 sellers
Lightning May (£23 1/2) £23 1/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/2 value) 10 3/4 buyers
Forward July September (10 13/16 paid and sellers) 11 paid and buyer

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay May June (£14 1/4 sellers) £14 5/16 sellers
Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 13/16 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata May June (£13 5/16 sellers) £13 5/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 11/16 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 7

Liverpool wheat opened steady as anticipated with July at 113 and October at 105 3/4 and later improved slightly as reports of further flour booking to southern countries induced scattered trade buying. Prices are now quietly narrow.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 7

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.19. Prices later eased on lack of support caused by weak foreign cables which caused realising and hedge selling. The latest rate was 1.18.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 7

Previous closing	4.93 7/8
To-day's opening	4.93 7/8
To-day's closing	4.93 9/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 7

Previous closing	4.93.82
To-day's openening	4.93.70
To-day's closing	4.93.60

FRANC RATE

London, May 7

Previous closing	110.01
To-day's opening	110.03
To-day's closing	109.84

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 7

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.93.70 and rose a little to 4.93.87 on some better support but later however eased on realising to 4.93.77.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.93.60

Franc opened at 110.03 after remaining at this level for some time eased gradually to 110.35 where fluctuations were confined to a narrow range.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 109.84.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 1/8) 1-5 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.302) 8.312
New York on Bombay (37.30) 37.30
London on Milan (93.79) 93.82
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 3/4) 0.91 3/4
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£249 1/2 buyers £249 3/4 sellers. Quiet) £249 buyers £249 1/4 sellers. Steady
Lead (£23 15/16 sellers. Easy) £24 buyers £24 1/8 sellers. Steady
Electrolytic Copper (£63 to £65) £63 to £65
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, May 7

The following cable information was received from London to night.

"Speculators and India bought. Speculators and China sold. Business small. Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 7

	Previous closing Prices.	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 7/16d.	20 3/8d.
Forward	20 1/2d.	20 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 7

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-8 1/2) £7-0-8

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 7

10 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver ready	52	15	0
Silver 1st settlement	53	0	6
Silver 2nd settlement	53	3	6
Gold ready	34	11	3
Gold 1st settlement	34	11	0
Gold 2nd settlement	34	10	3
Sovereigns	22	2	3

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 7

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat May	5	11	0
Wheat September	5	13	3
Linseed May	8	4	6
Linseed September	8	8	0

The tone was steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Delivery May 1937

Bombay, May 7

	Rs.	a.	p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8	3	6
Rates at 12-0 noon	8	4	0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8	4	0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8	4	6

September delivery was about 0-3-9 annas higher.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Rate

Liverpool, May 7

Wheat May closed at 114 1/4 as against the previous closing at 115

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, May 7

The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 94-7-6 at 2 p.m. The closing quotations at 5 p.m. was Rs 94-8

Fluctuations were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	94	8	6
Highest	94	8	6
Lowest	94	5	0
Closing	94	6	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 7

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £90

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 7

2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £97 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£89 3/4) £90
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110) £110
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 £106 1/2) £106 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 7/8) £76 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/8) £102 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £110 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102) £102
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 3/4) £109 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 7

2-30 p.m.

Home railways were very firm and fairly active. Markets otherwise after being good ruled quiet. Rubbers were steady.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-7 1/2) 16-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (80-7 1/2) 81-3
Hydro Electric (£9 1/8) £9 1/4
Musical Industries (21-4 1/2) 21-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (45-10 1/2) 45-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical (38-4 1/2) 38-4 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (80-7 1/2) 80-7 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£94) £94 3/4
Dunlop Rubber (34-0) 35-0
Unilever Ordinary (41-0) 42-1 1/2
Ford Motors (29-0) 29-0
Cables and Wireless (£6 1/4) £6 3/4
British American Tobacco (127-6) 128-1 1/2
Carreas A (£3 1/4) £8 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (155-0) 153-9
P and O S N Company Deferred (33-1 1/2) 33-1 1/2
Distillers (115-6) 116-9
Bredfords Dyers (£9 3/4) £9 3/4
British Celanese (£9 1/2) £9 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (49-6) 49-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (54-3) 54-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-1 1/2) 12-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (31-3) 28-9
Inter Nickels (62-1 1/2) 63-0
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (78-3) 80-0
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (80-0) 80-0

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-3) 20-3
Donaro Tea (49-4 1/2) 51-3
Empire of India (31-3) 31-10 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (41-9) 42-9
Gula Kelampong (46-3) 46-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (39-9) 40-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (55-0) 56-3
Burma Corporation (18-6) 18-6
Rio Tintos (£21) £21 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (65-7 1/2) 66-3
Rand Mines (£7 5/8) £7 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 5/8) £13 7/8
Geduld New (£9) £9
New Modders (£29 1/4) £29 1/4
Sub Nigel (£10 5/8) £11
Spring Mines Split Shares (35-0) 35-0
Union Corporation (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£53 3/4) £54 3/8
Anglo Iranian (120-0) 120-7 1/2
Burma Oil (114-4 1/2) 115-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (20-7 1/2) 21-1 1/2
Shell Transport (113-1 1/2) 113-9
Royal Dutch (£46 1/4) £46 7/8

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£60) £62 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£30 7/8) £32 1/8
L N E R Defd (£5) £5 1/4
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£23) £24 1/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£126) £126
London Transport 'C' Stock (£85) £87 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 7

Opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 59 3/8) dol 60 1/4
N Copper Mining (dol 52 3/8) dol 53 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 103 1/2) dol 105 1/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 137) dol 137

WOOL SALES

London, May 7

There was keen competition chiefly from home trade. Sellers limit was above buyers' ideas of values which were from par to 7 1/2 per cent dearer compared with the last series.

Greasy lower (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Greasy higher (2-0) 2-0
Scoured lower (1-4) 1-3 1/2
Scoured higher (2-7 1/2) 2-2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE OPTIMISTIC

Wall Street Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 7

On the Stock Exchange the satisfactory passing of the settlement enhanced the market's optimistic disposition and despite a little weekend liquidation all sections closed firm.

Home rails especially enjoyed strong support. Diamonds moved up on news that Debeers were paying off the whole dividend arrears on preferred.

In commodities rubber was firm on trade and speculative buying.

Wall Street opened firm.

JUTE SHARES SPEADY

Teas Neglected

CALCUTTA, May 7

Jutes ruled steady at decline and the volume of business was very meagre. Coals showed little interest. Teas were practically neglected. In miscellaneous Iron and Steel opened firm, but eased off slightly, so also Burmas and Indian coppers. Others met with very limited enquiry. Government securities were steady. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Two and three fourth per cent loan 1948/52 100/4 small lot; three and half per cent G P 94/8 small odd lot; three and half per cent loan 1947/50 105/13 small lot; four per cent loan 1960/70 110/4 small lot; four and half per cent 1955/60 117/4; five per cent loan 1945/55 119/6

Banks: Ballygunge 106; Imperial conty 376/8; Reserve Bank 126
Cotton: Kesoram 7/10
Coals: Barrakur 17/2 ex div; Deoli 7/8, East Indian 20/4; Equitable 36/12; Ghusick and Muslia 3/5; Hurriladih 13/10; New Beerbhoom 16; North Damuda 4/10; Rewa 26/4; Sendra 13/8; Talcher 2/9; South Karanpura 7/14

Jutes: Belvedere 357; Birla 21/4 small lot; Clive 24/8 small lot; Delta 380; Fort William 255/8; Howrah 55; India 324; Kamarhatty 540; Kanknarrah 425 small lot; Northbrook 42/4; Nuddea 45/4; Orient 175; Reliance 69/8; Standard 282.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 12/3 small lot; Consolidated Tin 7/6; Indian copper 3/8 ex div; Rhodesia 3/4; Tavoy Tin 4; U P Electric 207 small lot; Arthur Butler 17/4; Hukumchand Electric 10; Indian Iron and Steel 48/2; Marshals 8/8; Triton Insurance 271; Dunlop Rubber ordy 20/1; India Wood Products 27/6; British Burma Petroleum 6/8; Indian paper pulp 165/8; Buland Sugar 13 small lot.

Debenture: New India Sugar first debenture 105.

The share market will remain closed on 12th and 14th May owing to Coronation.—A.P.

"PAWNS IN CHESS BOARD"

Punjab Muslims To Retain Their Separate Political Entity

LAHORE, May 7.

A public meeting of Mussalmans held at the Badshahi Mosque after Friday prayers, Moulana Zafar Ali Khan, presiding, protested against the British Government's "Pro-Jew and Anti-Arab policy in Palestine" and called on Mussalmans of India to refrain from participating in festive functions connected with the Coronation.

The meeting also resolved that the only sound policy for Muslims of India was to retain their separate political entity as a great nation which was not prepared to merge its identity in a Hindu-ridden body like the Congress, with which they might co-operate in all healthy and progressive activities, but on no account allow it to use Muslims only as pawns on the chess board.

The meeting also called on the Government to solve the Shahidganj problem satisfactorily to the Muslims and thus avoid the necessity of reviving India-wide agitation, which may have far-reaching results.—A.P.

Cyclist's Injuries Prove Fatal

A cyclist sustained serious injuries which proved fatal, before medical aid was rendered to him, when after being overtaken by a motor car, the cyclist, it is stated, swerved and struck the rear of the car.

The accident occurred on Victoria Garden Road on Friday evening. One Ganji Teju (25) was riding his bicycle towards Lalbagh along Victoria Garden Road when a motor car driven in the same direction by Mohamed Kalu, it is alleged, over took the cyclist. As the car passed him the cyclist appeared to swerve to his right and owing to the close proximity of the car the bicycle came in contact with the rear of the car. The cyclist was thrown heavily on the ground and he sustained serious injuries. He was picked up and while being conveyed to the Hospital died.

The Byculla Police are making inquiries.

TRADE UNION CONGRESS MEETING

Ahmedabad Sessions To Consider Wage-Cut Offensive

AHMEDABAD, May 3.

The Secretary, Mill Kamdar Union, writes:—

It has been decided to hold the Bombay Presidency Trade Union Congress on 16th and 17th instant under the Presidentship of Comrade Bhise of Bombay. This Congress will discuss the situation which has arisen out of the Payment of Wages Act, Wage Cut offensive and growing unemployment.

It is expected that Labour leaders from Bombay, Sholapur, Poona, Manmad, Bhusaval, Nasik and other centres will attend the Conference.

Enrolment of Reception Committee members is briskly going on, and the election of the President and office-bearers will take place shortly. Street corner meetings, chawls meetings and mill gate meetings are daily being held in the Labour localities of the city.

"SAMYUKTA KARNATAK"

An Appeal

Mr. B. N. Datar writes:—

"Samyukta Karnataka", the leading high-class Kannada daily newspaper of Bombay-Karnataka, has just finished 4 years of its highly eventful and chequered career. During this short period it has made history and contributed in no mean measure to the rapid progress of this province. Its constructive output in the field of Vernacular journalism is considerable. Its reputation as the most prominent provincial organ of public opinion in Karnataka, is no longer confined within provincial limits. Its utility in the cause of Indian nationalism has been recognised beyond these limits also, and it bids fair to be classed as one of the best nationalist journals in the whole of India.

The weekly "Samyukta Karnataka" was launched into being in Belgaum in October 1929. The promoters of this scheme was fired by high ambitions and had to undergo great sacrifices in its cause. It had a good reception but the times were hard and unpropitious for a smooth career. The C. D. movement was started a few months later, and most of the promoters found themselves locked up in jail. The paper came into official disfavour. It must be admitted that in spite of these extraordinary difficulties, the paper carried on its mission. The C. D. movement of 1932 saw its difficulties multiplied beyond imagination. Security was demanded and paid. It went on undeterred except for short unavoidable breaks.

In the midst of such handicaps, none would have thought it practicable to expand its activities. Most of the promoters had again been imprisoned in 1932. After their release in 1933, they did not content themselves with carrying on the weekly concern. In April 27, 1933, the "Samyukta Karnataka" made its first appearance as a long-wished-for Kannada daily newspaper.

The task was stupendous, and the difficulties innumerable. A heavy security was demanded just at the start and with difficulty furnished. The promoters carried on the concern with courage and boldly faced all problems as they arose.

A PUBLIC TRUST.

The next landmark in the history of this concern was reached when the founders, in a spirit of supreme self-sacrifice, made a gift of the whole concern and handed it over to Sjt. R. R. Divakar for carrying it on as a public trust; This was in August 1935.

Ever since this transfer, the "Samyukta Karnataka" has been making rapid progress. It has come to occupy the most prominent position in Bombay-Karnataka. It receives direct news of telegram from important centres in India. It supplies the latest news on all important topics and has been in great demand even amongst English educated readers. It compares, now, most favourably, with advanced newspapers in English and Marathi. Even official circles also have been compelled to recognise the paper as a powerful organ of public opinion.

Its services in the cause of Indian nationalism in general and of the Congress in particular are simply invaluable. It did yeomen's services in the Delhi Assembly elections of 1934 and in the elections to the Bombay Legislatures just this year. Congress workers have testified to its great utility, on many occasions.

Considering the immensity of the task that the concern has set itself to accomplish, the amounts spent upon it are a trifle, but the financial liabilities that are still to be met on its accounts, become unbearable in a province like Karnataka. If public-spirited lovers of Karnataka come forward with their purses, the financial liabilities will disappear in a moment. Till then the concern has to plod on.

I appeal to all the lovers of Karnataka to help the Trustee in making it the standing ornament of our Province.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, May 7

B I S N ss Bankura of 1897 reg tons, Captain A A Lewis arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf Ports, Karachi, Kathiwal Ports with passengers and general cargo.

Martin Carl ss Kalo of 1154 reg tons, Captain C A Huusum arrived from Ports Empedocle via Suez Channel with general cargo.

P and O ss Chitral of 8772 reg tons, Captain H E Smith arrived from London via, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said, Aden with passengers and general cargo.

The Scindia ss Jalajvoti of 2698 reg tons, Captain J G Connor arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Allepy, Cochin, Calicut with general cargo.

The Hindustan Steamship ss Laxmi of 120 reg tons, Captain M X Fernandis, arrived from Navalakhi, with general cargo.

British Tanker ss British Lord of 3520 reg tons Captain L Atthill arrived from Abadan with general cargo.

B I S N ss Vita of 1955 reg tons, Captain F Harrison arrived from Karachi via Porbunder with passengers and general cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers entered for loading:—

S S Robert Maersk (K N) for Calcutta

Vessels in Docks

Bombay, May 7

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 Lahore 3161 Karachi 10-5 M M
2 Kabinga 2925 Karachi 9-5 J Finlay
8 Hesione 2518 Marmagoa 12-5 J Finlay
9 Kybfels 4784 Karachi 7-5 L Edwards
13 Kenya 4646 Durban 12-5 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Vita 1955 Karachi 8-5 M M
7 Gambada 3252 Rangoon 8-5 M M

PRINCES DOCK

A Jalajyoti 2698 Burma Ports 8-5 Scindia S N
P/Q Netravati 699 M Coast N F, B S N

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Takada 11-5-37 M M
Nalgora 13-5-37 M M
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 13-5 P and O
Maloja 20-5 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Mcphee 16-5-37 James Finlay
Tarantia 8-5-37 Grahams Trading Co
City of Benares 15-5-37 Killick Nixon
Britannia 10-5-37 Graham's Trdg.

FROM HAMBURG

Lindenfels 11-5-37 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Steel Ranger 30-4-37 M M

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Burdwan 9-5-37 P and O
Tokushima Maru 18-5-37 N Y
Mayebashi Maru 16-5-37 N Y K
Mantai Maru 10-5-37 N Y K

FROM SYDNEY

Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O

FROM TRIESTE

Fusijama 13-5 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Loconia 13-5 L Triestino
Victoria 18-5-37 L Triestino

FROM BASRA

Baroda 13-5-37 M M
Varsova 15-5-37 M M
Bandra 20-5-37 M M
Caboto 9-5 L Triestino
Vasna 8-5-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Tairea 15-5-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Jalamani 8-5-37 Scindia S N
Jalamohan 8-5-37 Scindia S N
Jalaveera 9-5-37 Scindia

FROM KARACHI

Tango Maru 10-5-37 N Y K
Vita 13-5 M M

FROM AKYAB

Goalpara 13-5 M M

FROM RANGOON

Hatimura 15-5-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gharinda 13-5-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Viceroy of India 15-5-37 P and O
Burdwan 11-5-37 M M
Dalgoma 12-5-37 M M
Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O
Narkunda 22-5-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 20-5 Grahams Trading
City of Hongkong 10-5-37 Killick

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Pierce 28-5-37 Campbell F F
Pres Polk 14-5-37 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Cabato 11-5 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 18-5-37 L Triestino
Fukuyo Maru 13-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 23-5-37 O S K
Tango Maru 15-5-37 N Y K
Fusijama 15-5 L Triestino
Alipore 18-5 P and O

FOR BASRA

Vasna 13-5-37 M M
Bamora 12-5-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 28-4-37 M M
Kenya 12-5-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Vita 8-5-37 M M
Kybfels 13-5-37 L Edwards

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Kybfels 5-5-37
S S Pres Harrison (boats. Am cotton) 6-5-37
S S Lalita 6-5-37
S S Bhadravati 6-5-37
Dayavati 7-5-37
Vita 7-5-37

EXPORTS

S S Strathaird for London: 133 cases bristles
For Marseilles: 116 bags mustard seed D Abraham

For Malta: 23 bales cotton grey piece goods A Virji

S S Bardwan for London: 11 bales cowhides tanned J J Rahimtoola; 35 bales dry salted goat skins D Abraham; 25 cases bristles D Abranam; 15 cases full chrome leather tanned D Abraham 14 bags gum karaya Amin Sons.

For Marseilles: 30 bales hemp raw Jeena; 121 bales hemp rags Jeena.

S S City of Bath for Liverpool: 25 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros; 175 bales wool raw V Virchand; 33 bales wool raw V Oomersey; 173 bales cotton twist L O Vora

For Manchester: 78 drums castor oil W Latham; 26 bales cotton twist waste G M Vyas; 350 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 193 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton; 30 bales cotton raw Swastika General Trading; 110 bales cotton raw Vakharia; 200 bales cotton twist L O Vora

For Philadelphia: 62 bales dry salted goat skins D Abraham; 134 bales raw wool for carpets D Abraham; 27 bales dry salted goat skins D Abraham

For Montreal: 1200 bags groundnut kernal S M Rajgor

For Quebec: 448 bags groundnuts in shell S M Rajgor

S S Tarantia for Liverpool: 260 bales raw wool Meyer Nissim

For Manchester: 4000 packets myrabollams A S Corporation; 6200 packets myrabollams H Bhagwandas; 200 bags soap stone powder Shaw Wallace; 125 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 30 bales cotton raw Langley; 675 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros

For Glasgow: 2772 bags myrabollams P Mathuradas

For Irlane: 1750 tons manganese ore J Finlay

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 1800 packets myrabollams H Bhagwandas; 48 bales black wool D Abraham; 63 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading

For Montreal: 20 bales rugs Cox and Kings

For Marseilles: 50 bales raw yellow wool D Abraham

For Glasgow: 1000 bags masoor R Ratilal

S S Dalgoma for London: 291 bags old copper scrapes P Mathuradas; 1120 bags mowra meal B Ardeshir; 27 bales woollen carpets M Mackenzie

For Izmir: 39 bags henna powder M Mackenzie

S S Hoegh Merchant for Los Angles: 500 bales cotton raw Langley

S S Manonga D Thermioti for Antwerp: 7400 tons manganese ore S Syndicate

S S Caboto for Trieste: 110 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 110 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 220 bales cotton raw Bombay Company, 110 bales cotton raw Rali Bros.

For Vasna: 55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros

For Venice: 168 bales cotton raw S Textile Products; 55 bales cotton raw B Cursondas; 110 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 895 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton raw Bombay Co

For Fiume: 110 bales cotton raw Bombay Co; 55 bales cotton raw N Rajaram

For Borgas: 55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros

S S Tango Maru for Osaka: 130 tons scrap iron Ali Bros; 820 bundles tin clipping Ali Bros; 400 bales cotton raw Langley

For Kobe: 800 bales cotton raw S Karamshi; 100 bales cotton raw L Rawji; 400 bales cotton raw Langley; 500 bales cotton raw Kotak; 1600 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading

For Yokohama: 100 bales cotton raw Langley; 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading

S S Alipore for Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw S Karamshi; 400 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 200 bales cotton raw Langley; 1300 bales cotton raw N Nagsee; 50 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

For Yokohama: 100 bales cotton raw Langley

For Osaka: 100 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading

IMPORTS

S S Bayo Maru Agents O S Kaisha from Singapore: 761 bags betelnuts; 20 bags sago whole; 82 bundles pine apples; 2377 bags sago flour; 23 bols gum benjamin; 68 bags damar batu; 1023 bundles rattons.

From Penang: 547 bags pearl tapicca; 472 bags betelnuts; 110 bags tapioca whole; 110 cases gum benjamin; 91 bales hemp bags.

From Colombo: 1492 bags copra; 17 bundles gunnies; 70 chests tea.

From Yokohama: 14 cases spun silk yarn

From Bangkok: 2651 pieces teak conversion

From Nagoya: 160 cases glazed earthen tiles; 90 cases hanging cloth; 356 cases porcelainware; 96 cases glass bottles; 87 bales grey cotton shirting; 15 cases gramophone; 25 packages plywood; 50 cases cast ironware.

From Osaka: 19 bales grey cotton yarn; 320 cases rayon yarn; 30 cases white cotton yarn; 50 cases shoes material; 670 cases glassware; 77 cases bicycle fittings; 25 cases staple fibre yarn; 105 cases spun rayon yarn; 70 cases mixed spun silk rayon yarn; 45 cts veneer (plywood); 12 cases white rayon yarn; 76 cases twisted rayon yarn; 25 cases cotton yarn; 89 cts gaphite crucible 45 cases boll bearing plummer blocks; 11 cases centrifugal pumps; 52 bales grey cotton shirting; 56 bags stone powder; 20 drums potasium bichromate crystal; 15 cases electrical goods; 111 cases glass bottles; 17 drums aniline dyes; 35 cases glass bangles; 18 cases umbrella goods, 20 cases white mercerized cotton yarn; 20 cases white shirting; 43 cases cycle parts; 232 cases cotton and rayon mixed piecegoods; 14 cases cylinder presser; 25 bales grey gased cotton yarn; 559 kegs paint; 17 bales stencilled mats; 21 cases nut button; 28 cases wire nettings; 55 cases cotton and rayon mixed yarn, 171 cases cotton piecegoods; 18 cases celluloid bangles; 837 cases art silk yarn; 132 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirtings; 15 cases spun silk yarn; 20 cases cotton back art satin; 20 cases canvas shoes; 15 cases cotton jeans, 14 cases dental cream; 115 bags clay; 30 bales cheapwood; 50 cases confectioneries; 25 cases rubber hose; 58 cases porcelainware; 10 cases earthenware; 53 packages weaving machine and accessories.

Cotton Shows Disposition To Respond To Crop Outlook

HEDGE AND SHORT COVERING

Narrow Trading Markets

Bombay, May 7.

On Thursday, cotton was the only important market to finish lower, a poor reaction to the favourable London settlement advices was particularly marked. Meanwhile despite firm technical position, the market shows disposition to respond more definitely to the new crop outlook. The market opened barely steady and declined despite steady Liverpool advices under May liquidation against nine notices, New Orleans and Southern selling and some hedging against Brazilian Cotton. The market was dull but later prices improved on short covering.

At the opening October was quoted 4 points up at 12.96 which was the highest level but prices declined on increased selling and October was quoted 12.82 which was the lowest level. Prices again improved on short covering and the market closed at a net decline of 3 to 5 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 3 points at 13.62c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a rise of 3 to 1 point. Spot Cotton prices improved 2 points at 13.45c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with October 7.21. There was hedging against. Russian Cotton which met with local support in response to firm Bombay and trade calling. There was Bombay buying but the market reacted in hedging, straddle selling and local liquidation. The market closed at a decline of 2 points to unchanged. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 8 points at 7.49d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton futures market was fairly steady. Sakels futures closed 5 to 15 points up and Uppers closed one point up to seven points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a rise of one point to a decline of 20 points.

TECHNICAL POSITION.

The technical position has undoubtedly improved, but the market has lacked new buying incentives and there has been a noticeable tendency to await developments at Washington following the recent warning against the inflationary trend of commodities and also concrete action on the Smith Report recommending sweeping reforms. This has been approved in principle by the Senate Agriculture Committee with some modifications, but Senator Smith has indicated that legislation may be delayed for a year to give the exchanges an opportunity voluntarily to effect the necessary changes in their regulations.

LOAN HOLDINGS

Mr. Cully Cobb, of the A.A.A., advises farmers to liquidate the balance of their loan holdings, and his remarks caused some apprehension in the market, especially as spot demand has been materially reduced, the mills having evidently supplied their urgent needs and increased their holdings in spite of the large March consumption.

PROBABLE DEVELOPMENTS

There is some nervousness as to probable developments in the May position before the first notice day. The general position is considered to be less strong than that in March, with the possibility of pretenders of the cotton taken in March, which was mostly of low grade. Textiles are inactive and somewhat easier, with some reselling at concessions. The mills, however, are sold well ahead, and consumption is expected to continue active.

CROP PRUSPECTS

New crop prospects are attracting more attention, but they are not the dominant factor in spite of continued expectations of an increased acreage and a large yield. Some forward business is being done in the new crop by both domestic and foreign interests. There is some concern as regards the question of war risk insurance on future shipments to Central Europe.

The labour situation is considered to be constructive and moderately inflationary. General speculative enthusiasm has been curbed, but the public is watching developments closely.—"M. G. C."

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest (10 a.m.)	12.96 plus 04
N. Y. October Lowest (11-45 a.m.)	12.82 —.0
Liverpool October Highest	7.26 plus 06
Liverpool October Lowest	7.19 —.01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Following natural reaction of a farthing per pound from recent low, market now shows no decided trend. Speculation remains cautious in view of crop, gold and Washington uncertainty.

New York.—Expect traders market for time being. Market will be largely governed by weather and crop news from now on. Cotton goods market—yarn market—quiet and steady.

New York.—Foreign demand new crop and price fixing nears absorbed spot house and New Orleans selling.

New York.—Market dull. Weather more favourable. Scattered selling absorbed by local speculators. Securities show upward tendency.

U. S. Daily weather forecast says:
Eastern: Generally fair.
Central: Partly cloudy and warmer.
Western: Partly cloudy. Local thunder showers expected.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, May 6.

July	13.12—03
October	12.89—03
December	12.85—05
January	12.89—04
March	12.93—03
Middling Spot	13.62—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, May 6.

May	12.93 plus 03
July	13.05 plus 03
October	12.90 plus 01
Middling Spot	13.45 plus 02
11 a.m. Ranges.—	
July	13.09/13.09
October	12.87/12.87
December	12.83/12.83
Noon Call.—	
July	13.02
October	12.81

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, May 6.

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	6,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	6,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	6,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	9,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, May 6.

May	7.22—02
June	7.24—02
July	7.26—02
August	7.24—02
September	7. 22—01
October	7.19—01
November	7.15
December	7.15
January	7.15
February	7.15
March	7.15
April	7.15
May	7.15—01
Middling Spot	7.49 plus 08
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
July	7.29
October	7.21

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 6.

May	10.80
June	10.95
July	11.05
September	10.80
F.G.F. Spot	11.40

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 6

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	6.08
Fine (God staple)	6.23
Superfine (Good staple)	6.38
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.98
Superfine (No 1 staple)	6.13
Choice (No 1 staple)	6.28
BENGAL—	
Good	5.02
Fully Good	5.12
Fine	5.27

LONDON SEEDS.
London, May 6.

Linseed La Plata Hull C. I. F. May June sellers	£13/6/3
Linseed Calcutta London S. I. F. May June sellers	£14/16/3
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. May June sellers	£15/13/9
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont C. I. F. May June sellers	£15/0/0
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. May June sellers	£14/5/0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, May 6.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£77
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£90
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£110
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 7/8
Conversion Loan 31/2 per cent 1961	£102 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£15 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£119 1/2
National Bank of India	£41
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LINSEED OIL
London, May 6.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. May sellers	29/7 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. June/Aug. sellers	29/9

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, May 6.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	9

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 6.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 229 1/2; Highest 231 1/2; Lowest 229 1/2; Closing 231 1/2

Broach July/Aug. Op. 235 3/4; Highest 237 3/4; Lowest 235 3/4; Closing 237 3/4.

Broach A/M. 1938 Op. 243; Highest 244 3/4; Lowest 242 1/2; Closing 244 3/4.

Oomra May Op. 218; Highest 220 1/2; Lowest 218; Closing 220 1/2.

Oomra July Op. 221; Highest 223 1/2; Lowest 221; Closing 223.

Oomra D/J. Op. 223 1/2; Highest 223; Lowest 223 1/4; Closing 223 1/2.

Bengal May Op. 189; Highest 190 1/2; Lowest 189; Closing 190 1/2.

Bengal July Opening 193 3/4; highest 192 1/2; lowest 190 3/4; closing 192 1/2

Bengal D/J. Op. 184; Highest 185 3/4; Lowest 184; Closing 185 3/4.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (21-5-37) Rs. 6 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (30-6-37) Rs. 13 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs. 32 1/2.

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, May 6.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe May June sellers	45/9
Wheat Barletta Russo May June sellers	45/9
Wheat South Australian June sellers	46/9

LONDON RUBBER.
London, May 6.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. sellers	10 9/16

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 7.

Despite a small decline in New York Cotton futures, the local market ruled firm to-day and was active in sympathy with firmness of the local Share Bazar.

Following a decline of 5 points in New York Cotton prices the local market opened to-day at Rs. 236 for Broach J/A. delivery and advanced to Rs. 237/8. There was scarcity of sellers as the market was well liquidated.

Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of 2 points and it opened at a rise of 3 points and later on was quoted 5 points higher which influenced further buying and Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 238. There was some buying European offices. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	232 0 0
Broach J/A	238 4 0
New Broach A/M	245 4 0
Oomra May	222 4 0
Oomra July	225 4 0
New Oomra D/J	224 4 0
Bengal May	193 4 0
Bengal July	195 4 0
New Bengal D/J	188 8 0

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Liverpool, May 7.

No precipitation. Warmer in entire Belt. Forecast: Entire Belt partly cloudy, dry weather badly needed in Eastern Belt.

Cotton Tenders

	Bombay, May 7 To-day	Total
Broach	200	14300
Bengal	150	950
Oomra	1700	4250

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 7

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P		197	194	191	188
Punjab		197	194	191	188
Oomra No. 3	227	224	221	218	
C P No. 1	240	237	234	231	
C P No. 2	231	228	225	222	
Broach No. 2		237	235	232	229
Punjab Ame		245	243	240	237
Surat		296	294	291	288
Rajpipla		291	289	286	283
Navsari		306	304	301	296

Steady Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 7

Bengal Superfine	197/98
Bengal Fine	192/94
C P 1	226/27
C P 2	217/19
Arvi	217/19
Ellichpur	217/19
Berar	214/19
Khamgaon	214/19
Mulkapur	209/14
Khandesh	207/09
Jalna Sailu	207/11
Burwah Sanavad	212/17
Mathia	191/94
Broach Fine	233/37
Punjab American	233/41
Sind N T	298/301
Punjab 289 F	311/16
Jagadia Ankleshwar	281/86
Kim-Kosamba	286/88
Surat	239/93
Navsari	301/03
Kampala	417/19

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Bombay, May 7
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	152	203,675
Central India	193	322,341
Barsi and Nagar		167,982
Hyderabad Gaorani		96,786
Berar	227	551,101
Central Provinces	7	111,717
Total Oomras	579	1,453,605
Dholera	1,581	93,747
N W Provinces		9,463
Rajputana	873	83,433
Sind Punjab	502	311,407
Broach	324	304,448
Coompta and Dharwar	922	42,779
Westerns Northerns		30,686
Cocoanada		140
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	517	8,778
Persian		14
American	376	10,932
Egyptian and African	2,425	295,828
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		22
Total	8,096	2,645,282

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 29th April

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	2,698	372,315
Japan and China	8,617	1,092,585
Coast Ports		25,027
Up-country by Rail		197,760
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		17,851
Total	11,585	1,705,538

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 6-5-37	6557000	6734000
Receipts yesterday 6-5-37	6000	6000
Exports to date 6-5-37	5083000	5480000
Stock at Ports 30-4-37	1614000	1834000
Stock at Interior Towns 30-4-37	1318000	1777000
Stock at Liverpool 30-4-37	985000	731000
Visible Supply 30-4-37	4506000	4912000
Quantity in sight 30-4-37	12297000	11601000
Quantity out of sight 30-4-37	11043000	9795000

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, May 7.

July	79.50—20
August	80.10—20

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, May 7.

Yesterday London gold prices declined one penny to £ 7-0-8 1/2. London-Paris Exchange rate was 5 points up at 110.01 Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted 4.93. London silver prices were unchanged. The market was featureless and business was small. Both New York and Montreal silver prices were unchanged and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1.2 17/32.

The local market was dull and featureless. There was a marked absence of any important business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

	Rs.a. p.
GOLD—	
Ready	34 12 0
Vaishakh delivery	34 11 6
Vaishakh teji-mandi	0 4 6
Jeth delivery	34 10 0
Jeth Teji-mandi	0 9 0
SILVER—	
Ready	52 15 0
Vaishakh delivery	53 1 0
Vaishakh Teji-mandi	0 12 0
Jeth delivery	53 4 0
Jeth Teji-mandi	1 7 0

LONDON SILVER.
London, May 6.

Spot	20 7/16
Forward	20 1/2

LONDON GOLD.
London, May 6.

Gold Bars Fine per ob	£7-0-8 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, May 6.

May	45.10
July	45.00
September	45.10

LONDON SILVER

Chinese Selling

London, May 5

"Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. state that the prices have shown very little movement for the past week. Sales were made on China account and speculators sold to cover contracts falling due, whilst bazars both bought and sold. It appears that there is no factor which is likely to bring about any important change in near future but in view of the present quiet conditions, market is apt to be rather easily influenced either way."—Reuter.

LONDON METALS

London, May 6.

Copper	£56 10 0
Spelter	£23 7 6
Lead	£24 3 6
Tin	£247 0 0

CORONATION HOLIDAYS

All markets in the city will remain closed on the 12th and 13th instant being Coronation holidays.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, May 7.

The local market ruled firm to-day with active buying. Firmness in cotton shares imported better feeling and foreign advices were also bullish but in view of holidays we think it advisable to realise profits. Quotations in the local market were as under:—

Linseed May	8 3 6
Linseed September	8 7 6
Wheat May	5 11 0
Wheat September	5 13 0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, May 7

Groundnuts May	42 15 6
Groundnuts August	43 12 6
Castorseeds May	35 7 6
Castorseeds Sept	37 13 6
Cottonseed May	20 11 3
Cottonseed September	22 1 6

Argentine Linseed

Buenos Aires, May 6

May	16.23
June	16.32

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, May 6

May	115d.
July	113 1/2d.
October	103 1/2d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, May 6

May	129 1/2c.
July	118 3/4c.
September	117 1/8c.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 7

Ready Javas	Rs. 14 0 0
Shipment April June	Rs. 4 14 0
Shipment July September	Rs. 4 13 0
Shipment October December	Rs. 4 13 6
Kesar	Rs. 11 0 0
Saraya	Rs. 10 13 0
Java Spot	F. 5.65

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, May 7.

May	272.30—140
July	266.00—50
August	263.60—90
September	261.60—80
November	258.70 plus 40

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 5th May	15,137
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	2,637,186
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,432,412
Increase	204,774

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 7.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	49/14
3 per cent 1951/54	101/2
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	94/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947 50 Loan	105/14
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107/2
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/11
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	117/16
4 per cent War Bonds	97
5 per cent 1939/44	105/6
5 per cent 1940/43	108/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/14
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	119/7
4 per cent 1953/63	111/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	107/6
4 per cent M Deb 1974	107
4 per cent M Deb 1959	117
3 per cent 1954	129
6 per cent K P T 1956	109
3 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Note 3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day steady but declined to Rs. 94/6 on realising but again steadied.

WHITSUNTIDE HOLIDAYS

All foreign markets are under the influence of Coronation and Whitsuntide Holidays on the 15th and 17th inst.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, May 7.

B C Rates T T 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK:—
B C Rate T T 271 1/2
Bank's selling T T 269 1/2
Bank's buying T T 267 1/4

PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T 823
Bank's buying T T 838

JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 77 1/2 (1/8 lower from July.)
Bank's buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM:—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/2

JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/4

HUNGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 83 3/8

SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 81 1/8

SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN:—
Bank's selling D D 91 1/4

CROSS RATE:—
New York London 4.93.78 6th instant.
Japan London 1/2 7th instant.
Hongkong London 1/2 7th instant.
Shanghai London 1/2 17/32 7th instant
Java London 8.97 1/4 7th instant.
London Paris 110.01 6th instant.
London Belgium 29.23 6th instant
London Switzerland 21.57 3/4 7th instant.
London Berlin 12.28 1/8 6th instant.
London Stockholm 19.40 5/8 6th instant
London New York 4.93.82 6th instant
London Amsterdam 8.99 3/4 6th instant.
London Italy 93.82 6th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet
Near Steady Forward.
Gold £7-0-8 1/2 5th instant.
Gold £7-0-8 1/2 6th instant.
Silver London Ready 20 7/16 5th instant
Silver London Ready 20 7/16 6th instant.
Silver London Forward 20 1/12 5th instant.
Silver London Forward 20 1/2 6th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 5th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 6th instant

DISCOUNT AND LOANS:—
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 p.c. 5th instant
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 p.c 6th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 p.c. 5th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 p.c. 6th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

MONEY:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Quiet.

New York Stock Exchange

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from their New York friends, Messrs. Orvis Bros and Co. on American shares and securities:—

"Believe that necessitous liquidation is now over. Decidedly a better tone leading eventually to higher prices."

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE
London, May 6.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent to 11/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest day to day Loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 day's market loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, May 6.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.93.82
Paris	110.01
Berlin	12.28 1/8
Madrid	38.00 nominal
Amsterdam	8.99 3/4
Brussels	29.23
Milan	93.82
Berne	21.57 3/4
Prague	141.68

Active Buying In Steel Shares

Scarcity Of Sellers

Market Shows Good Undertone

BOMBAY: May 7.

There was further sharp improvement in the local Share Bazar with an active buying in Tata Steel shares to-day.

The market was open for one hour and as pointed out before, there was scarcity of contracts, and in the absence of any selling the market displayed good undertone.

The market being liquidated naturally there was no realising and the market quickly responded to buying support. It is generally believed that the settlement will pass off smoothly and prices will register further improvement.

It is true that, after the recent experience, Operators will be more cautious and with restricted business the market will be easily influenced by active buying or selling.

After a natural rally the market will be more two-sided and sudden upturns will attract realising.

The market will remain open to-morrow for one hour and then will remain closed for "Valan" and "Coronation" and will re-open on Friday, the 14th inst. when there will be important developments.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,505 and declined to Rs. 1,470 on scattered realising. At this level there was impressive buying and prices rose to Rs. 1,580 and closed at Rs. 1,550. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 331 and after declining to Rs. 326 advanced to Rs. 340 and closed at Rs. 338.

Cotton Mill shares were steady. Bombay Dyeings improved to Rs. 900 and Century to Rs. 196. Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 311. Indian Cements closed at Rs. 555 and Shahabads finished at Rs. 521.

Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1,505 and advanced to Rs. 1,522 with increased buying. Andhras steadied at Rs. 1,680. Bombay-Burma shares were active and after opening at Rs. 700 rose to Rs. 717.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, May 7.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs 8)	296	4
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	900	0
100 CENTURY	196	4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	283	12
100 COLABA (nil)	190	0
100 Coorla	107	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs 10)	375	0
1 E.D Sassoon (nil)	0-9-0	
100 Finlay (Rs 2-8)	133	12
100 GOKAK (Rs 2-8)	207	8
1000 Hindustan (Rs 75)	1,725	0
100 Indore	46	4
100 Khatau (Rs 2)	100	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	311	4
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	65	0
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100	0
250 Model	56	4
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118	12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	247	8
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	51	0
100 Phoenix (10)	312	8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs 2)	77	8
1000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	2,300	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-8)	95	0
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 1-4)	252	8
100 Swan (nil)	103	2
500 Vishnu (Rs 50)	1300	0
1000 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	110	8
25-50 Central (As 12)	34	2
500 Imperial	1,535	0
125-500 I. Conty. (R. 7-8)	375	0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	138	8
100 Reserve Bank	128	12
5 Union (As 4)	5	10
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	168	0
10 BUNDI (As. 10)	41	4
100 Coimbatore (Rs 10)	221	4
70 Gwalior (Rs 4)	131	4
160 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	555	0
Katni Del (Rs 83-8-9)	2322	8
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	391	4
75 Okha (Rs 7)	311	4
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	30	8
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	521	4
70 United	164	0
INSURANCE		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1,155	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15	0
15-75 New India (Rs 1-4)	43	4
20 Mercantile	55	0
200 Oriental (125)	5,800	0
10-50 Universal Fire (As. 4)	5	7
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	11
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	170	0
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1680	0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	6
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	151	4
100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6)	190	0
10 Broach	14	4
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	285	0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	205	0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	180	10
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1522	8
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	905	0
100 C. Province	94	12
100 Dhond Baramati	102	0
100 Gujarat	94	0
100 Mandra Bhon	97	8
100 Pachora Jamner	97	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101	0
500 Tapti Valley	767	8
MININGS		
10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	60	0
30 TATA STEEL DEF Rs. 7-8)	1550	0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	338	0
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	292	8
50 B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	175	10
200 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs. 40)	900	0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 16)	282	8
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-9)	717	8
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 6)	236	4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	6	2
50 B TELEPHONE (Re. 1-8)	115	12
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	12	4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, May 7.

Century (195) 191 197 196
Bom. Dyeing (886/4) 885 881 900 897 900
Kohinoor (307/8) 306 311
Central India (282/8) 281 280 283
New Great (246/4) 248 245 247
Simplex (91/4) 91 95
Swadeshi (248/12) 248 252
Bundi (41) 41/4
I. Cement (548/12) 551 546 555 552 555
Punjab (30/8) 31
Shahabad (517/8) 517 521
Andhra (1675) 1675 1680
Tata Hydro (180) 180/10
Tata Power (1506/4) 1505 1507 1517 1515 1527 1522
Tram. Ord. (151/4) 151/9
T. Steel Dfd. (1490) 1505 1470 1515 1580 1550
T. Steel Ord. (331) 331 326 333 332 339 337 338
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (177/8) 178
Belapur (174/6) 175 176 175/10
B. Steam (282/8) 282
B. Burma (707/8) 700 710 717 716 717

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, May 6.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

Amr. Water Works Com. dol 20; Amr. Gas and Electric dol 33; Ame. Power and Light Com. dol 10; Ame. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A dol 56; Electric Power and Light dol 20; Electric P and Light 7 p.c. Pfd. dol 75; Consolidated (Gas) Edison dol 39; Columbia Gas dol 14; United Corpn. dol 6; American Tel. and Tel. 168; Western Union Telg. dol 62; Baltimore and Ohio Rly. dol 35; Canadian Pacific Rly. dol 14; Great North Pfd. dol 55; New York Central Rly. dol 48; Southern Pacific Rly. dol 60; Amr. Rolling Mills dol 36; National Distillers 31; Delaware and Hudson 47; Plymouth Oil 27; N.Y.N Hartford H.R.R. dol 20; Bethelehem Steel dol 87; Republican Steel 39; United States Steel dol 105; Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt dol 16; Amr. Car Foundry dol 57; Anaconda Copper Mining 53 1/4; Int. Nickel of Canada 61 3/4; Chrysler dol 116; General Motors dol 60; General Electric dol 54; Kelvinator dol 20; Consolidated Oil dol 16; Socony dol 19 1/4; Chase Bank dol 53; National City Bank dol 47; Sun Life of Canada dol 690; Amr. Celenese dol 40; Crucible Steel dol 66; Youngstown Sheet dol 90; St Regis Paper dol 9; United S. Smelting dol 87; Amerex dol 28; Acme Steel dol 80.

Acme Steel has declared dol 1 dividend. Amr. Rolling Mills dol 36 earned J/M 80 cents per share net. Western Union Tel. earned J/M dol 1.37 per share net. Brokers loans up dol 45 million. Turnover 760000 shares. Strong close in Rails, Motors, Steels, due to relief over London settlement and large short interest.

2sh. Indian Copper	3 10
10 Indian I. and Steel	50 0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs 4)	140 0
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	49 8
100 I. Radio Defd (12)	635 0
100 I. Radio Ord (15)	530 0
1,000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	616 4
15 Scindia	26 4
30 PREMIER CON.	94 0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	22 0
PREFERENCE.	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1510 0
6 p.c Bombay Steam	298-12
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (TF)	82 12
5 p.c Central India (T.F.)	537 8
7 p.c Katni 1st	136 4
7 p.c Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146 4
7½ p.c Punjab Cement	15 0
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	104 8
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99 0
7 p.c Tata Hydro	150 0
7-1/2 p.c Tata Power	1550 0
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st.	200 0
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	178 0
p.c Vishnu	692 8
DEBENTURES.	
3-3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101 0
6 p.c Andhra Valley	110 0
4 p.c. Bom Telephone	51 8
7 p.c Sholapur	80 12
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110 0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward list.)

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J11

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

Poona Hartal Agianst Lathi Charge

Bhopatkar And Other Leaders Arrested

Police Make Lathi Charge On Peaceful Processionists

POONA: May 7.

The Sonya Maruti Temple Satyagraha situation took a serious turn this morning when the Police made lathi charge on peaceful processionists, which numbered a thousand. Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President, Democratic Swarajya Party, a prominent member of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, led the procession towards the temple at 8-30 a.m.

Mr. G. P. Mahajani, a Municipal Councillor and several others are reported to be seriously injured. It is alleged that Mr. Popatlal Shah another Municipal Councillor was roughly handled by a Police Sergeant. Despite the lathi charge Mr. Bhopatkar proceeded to the Temple accompanied by Mr. R. S. Rajwade, Secretary, Democratic Swaraja Party, Mr. N. N. Kshirasagar, a trustee of the temple and G. M. Nalwade, a prominent Municipal Councillor.

Mr. Bhopatkar made a three minutes speech in which he condemned the lathi charge. Mr. Bhopatkar and others rang the bell and were immediately taken into custody, by the police. Thereafter Mr. Bhopatkar was profusely garlanded.

The total number of arrests today till time of wiring is 30.

A tense atmosphere prevails in the city and the gravity of the situation is increased due to today being Friday prayer day for the Muslims.—United Press.

CITY OBSERVES HARTAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, May 7.

Indignation of the public over this morning's lathi-charge was immediately manifested by the principal markets in the city spontaneously observing hartal.

Mr. G. P. Mahajan (who was injured) was treated in hospital and allowed to go home. Three more injured people were treated in hospital, two of whom, it is reported, had injuries in back.

Till noon total of 43 persons who offered Satyagraha were arrested.

PLEA FOR INQUIRY INTO LATHI CHARGE

POONA, May 7.

Mr. Viswasrao Davare, President of the Maharashtra Varnashram Sangh, has sent telegrams to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and the Chief Minister, Bombay Government, stating that the situation in connection with the Sonya Maruti Temple Satyagraha is critical owing to the lathi charge this morning by the police, and requesting them to make an impartial enquiry into the matter.—United Press.

Vehement Protest Against Lathi Charge

POONA, May 7.

Mr. S. L. Karandikar, M.L.A., Whip of the Democratic Swaraj Party, has sent telegrams to His Excellency the Governor and the Chief Minister, Bombay Government, vehemently protesting against the lathi charge by the police this morning and the behaviour of some European sergeants.—United Press.

Hindus' Protest Meeting

POONA, May 7.

As a protest against lathi charge a hartal is being observed by the Hindu shop-keepers all over the City and a protest meeting of the Hindus has been called for this evening. Fifty persons were arrested by 1 p.m.

The number of persons injured by lathi charge are computed variously, one estimate being as high as 40.—A.P.

BERAR VOLUNTEERS FOR POONA

AMRAOTI, May 7

Dr. G. M. Pimperkar of the Berar Hindu Mahasabha has sent a telegram to the President of the Sonya Maruti Temple Satyagraha Committee, Poona, lending his whole-hearted support to the satyagraha. Dr. Pimperkar further informs the president that a batch of ten volunteers from Berar headed by himself personally will soon start for Poona to offer Satyagraha at the Sonya Maruti Temple.—A.P.

60 Satyagrahis Arrested

POONA, May 7.

Seventy persons offered Satyagraha to-day till the evening before the Sonya Maruti temple and 60 of them were arrested.—United Press.

CONSTABLE'S CHEEK BLOWN OFF

Accidental Explosion Of Rifle

BEZWADA, May 6

As a result of an accidental explosion of a loaded double-barrel rifle which he was carrying, a reserve police constable of Vizagapatam was injured seriously

The reserve constable along with another was escorting four prisoners fro... Jail to the Berhampore District Jail. On arrival at the Bezwada railway station on the evening of the 1st May by the Grand Trunk Express, the prisoners were escorted to a lavatory by the constable.

While they were returning, the rifle exploded all of a sudden, blowing off the left cheek of the constable holding the gun. He fell down senseless and bleeded profusely He was removed to the local Government Headquarters Hospital, where he is given medical treatment.—United Press.

Judgment In Doctor Kidnapping Case

CAWNPORE, May 7

The curtain was drawn on what is known as the Cawnpore Doctor Kidnapping Case when Mr. S. M. Saiduddin, Additional Sessions Judge, Cawnpore, sentenced today four persons, Bimalhandra Bannerji, Sitaram Shekharnath Ganguli and Shyam Behari to seven years rigorous imprisonment under section 120-B., I.P.C., for criminal conspiracy, and seven years rigorous imprisonment under section 395 398 I.P.C. for committing dacoity, the sentences to run concurrently.—A.P.

JUBBULPORE, May 7.

The President of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee has invited applications from the intending candidates who desire to contest the by-election to the Central Assembly to fill up the vacancy created by the resignation of Mr. G. S. Gupta.—United Press.

WAGING WAR AGAINST KING

Seniences Of 4 Reduced And 3 Acquitted In Appeal

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The Special Bench consisting of Justices Mr. Patterson, Mr. Nasimali and Mr. C. C. Biswas delivered judgment to-day in what is known as Baidyabati Conspiracy Case appeal, wherein seven persons who were convicted and variously sentenced on charges of dacoity with murder, conspiracy to wage war against King Emperor and possession of arms preferred an appeal.

Their Lordships reduced the sentences of four and acquitted the remaining three.

In the original trial which was held by the special Tribunal at Chinsura, eleven persons were sent up, of whom two turned approvers and were tendered pardon. Of the remaining nine, two were acquitted and seven convicted and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment ranging from seven years to two years.—United Press.

STORM SWEEPS OVER BAREILLY

Heavy Damage To Crops: Houses Blown Off

BAREILLY, May 7.

Severe thunder and dust storm swept over Bareilly and adjoining districts last night doing considerable damage to standing crops, and thatched roofs. Village houses are reported to have been blown away.—A.P.

SUBHAS NEEDS LONG UNDISTURBED REST

Medical Report On Bengal Leader's Health

LAHORE, May 7.

Dr. N. R. Dharamvir, who is acting both as medical adviser and host of Mr. Subhas Bose at Lahore and Dalhousie, has issued the following bulletin:

"I examined Mr. Bose since his arrival here on May 1st in exhausted and anaemic condition. On Account of the rest and quiet which he enjoyed, there has been slight improvement in his temperature and general condition, but I did not find it possible to prescribe any exercise for him so far.

I expect after Mr. Bose goes to Dalhousie, his temperature will subside and it will be possible for him to begin taking walks. He has been sleeping better, but his appetite is far from statisfactory. I am confident that Mr. Bose will recover, if only he is allowed sufficiently long rest and change and is left undisturbed during the coming months."

Mr. Bose is leaving shortly for Dalhousie and it is understood that as a result of urgent requests that Mr. Bose should not be disturbed 'en route,' the public on intermediate stations have been persuaded to give up the proposed receptions.—A. P.

BOMB IN GOWSHALA

LAHORE, May 7.

The find of a countrymade bomb in a Gowshala is reported by Nanakana Saheb correspondent of a local paper. It is stated that at midnight an unknown person entered the Gowshala, where cows are tethered, by scaling the wall. In the morning a coontry-made bomb was found inside the Gowshala.

In this connection police are reported to have sent for about fifty local Congressmen at the police station and trackers are busy comparing tracks with those of the culprit.

No arrests have so far been made. —A. P.

ULEMA ARE WITH CONGRESS

But A. I. Jamait Pleads For Creation Of Confidence Among Minorities

LUCKNOW, May 1.

The Working Committee of the Jamait-ul-Ulema Hind, which met at Moradabad during the last three days under the presidency of Moulana Mufti Kifayatullah, has issued the following statement to the press:—

"The Working Committee considers it a fact that so far as attainment of freedom and interests of the country is concerned, the Jamait has on every ocsasion discharged its duties and fought shoulder to shoulder with the Congress in the struggle for freedom and made sacrifies of all descriptions. Therefore the question of its co-operating with the Congress in the interest of freedom of the country does not arise.

CREATE CONFIDENCE.

"But so far as the Government of the country by the majority and the leading of peaceful lives and affecting improvements of the country under a well organised and powerful Government is concerned the Working Committee believes this can only be attained when the minorities have full confidence in the majority community and their not entertaining any distrust or suspicion. Mutual confidence and friendly toleration is essential for a life of peace and satisfaction.

It is, therefore, the duty of the majority community to satisfy the minorities and think out the means of creating that feeling of confidence and love in minorities. —United Press.

CONGRESS-LEAGUE MERGER NOT YET?

U. P. Muslims Fear Losing Their Independent Identity

LUCKNOW, May 7.

The Muslim League Parliamentary Board of the United Provinces met here again to-day under the presidentship of Nawab Mahamed Ismailkhan. Mr. M. A. Jinnah also attended the meeting.

The resignation of Raja of Salempur, President of the Board who accepted office in the U. P. Cabinet as Education Minister was accepted and Nawab Mahamed Ismailkhan was elected President of the Board.

Thereafter followed a general discussion on the policy the League should adopt towards the Congress Party in the Legislature of the United Provinces. Mr. M. A. Jinnah also participated in the discussions.

It is understood that there was complete unanimity on the attitude of the League towards Congress The view that the League Party was not ready to merge with the Congress and thus lose its independent identity either inside or outside legislature prevailed.

Choudhary Kaliquzzaman the Leader of the League Party was asked to negotiate with the Congress Party keeping the above fact in view and also making it plain to the Congress that the League M.L.As would not be bound by the Whip of the Congress Party in matters affecting the Communal Award.

The meeting adjourned to meet again to-night.—United Press.

REMISSIONS IN C. P.

JUBBULPORE, May 6.

It is understood the Government of Central Provinces have proposed to grant a remission of Rs. 34,000 in the land revenue of Saugor District and Rs. 57,450 in Sihora Tahsil of Jubbulpore District.

A further remission of 'taccavi' loans for the affected fields in Sihora Tahsil has also been sanctioned by the Government.—United Press.

TEMPLE ENTRY PROCLAMATION

"Enhanced Unique Atmosphere Of Devotion" Says Sir C. P.

DEWAN'S APPEAL TO PRESS AND PUBLIC

THIRUVELLA-TRAVANCORE, May 7.

Travancore Temple Entry Proclamation had enhanced the unique atmosphere of devotion, orderliness and quiet that was part of the agelong tradition of temples, said the Dewan of Travancore Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, at a meeting at Thiruvella this morning when Malayali Brahmins one of the most orthodox communities in India presented him with an address.

Giving his views on the working out of the Temple Entry Proclamation, the Dewan said he had worshipped in many Travancore temples both before and after that historic proclamation, even more than among the classes which had all along enjoyed temple entry he found a feeling of utter devotion and orderliness manifested by the classes newly admitted to temples who had come into these shrines for the purpose of self-sacrament and devotion and not from curiosity.

Referring to Cochin-Travancore Controversy over Koodal Manikkam Temple, Sir C. P. Ramaswami said, things had been said about appeals to the Government of India on this issue. The Travancore Government had nothing to do with appeals to the Government of India. They had no clamours, complaints and quarrels. They had their convictions and had acted on those convictions. There were their treaty rights. The Paramount power was big enough and great enough and tolerant enough to protect those rights and they knew those rights would be protected. The Dewan appealed to the Press and the public of Travancore not to allow the matter to take personal aspect but maintain perfect sweetness, amiability and courtesy of discussion.

The address presented by Malayali Brahmins earnestly welcomed the Temple Entry Proclamation and made it known that they would fully co-operate for propagation and practical achievement of the true import of that Proclamation which was a grand monument to the Maharaja's solicitude for the advancement and the welfare of his people.—A. P.

FRENCH AIRWOMEN AT MADRAS

MADRAS, May 7.

Madame Clairo Homan and Mademoiselle Alix Lucas Naudin, the two French women fliers, who flew from Paris to Pondicherry last week arrived in Madras this morning. There was a large gathering at the Meenambakkam Aerodrome including the French Consul and members of the Flying Club to receive them. They will stay here till to-morrow when they will leave for Chandranagore. —A. P.

CONCILIATION BOARD FOR PANIPAT

PANIPAT, May 7.

Although the Muslims have postponed the observance of 'Chehlum' (40th day since the firing) to 24th May, no change was made in to-day's morning programme including demonstration. It is understood that on Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan's advice, the Deputy Commissioner is initiating measures to bring about communal concord and setting up a Conciliation Board. Mounted and additional police detachments are patrolling the streets to guard against unforeseen contingencies.—A. P.

NEW RULES FOR INCOME-TAX OFFICERS

Right Of Assessees To Be Present At Examination Of Witnesses: Rent And Not Municipal Valuation To Be Basis Of Assessment

SIMLA, May 6.

Considerable relief to income-tax payers is promised by circular issued by the Central Board of Revenue to all income-tax officers, suggesting that consideration should be shown to the convenience of the tax-paying public as regards: (1) the estimation of profits in the absence of reliable evidence, (2) the examination of witnesses, (3) the delay and departmental attitude in connection with refunds, (4) bad debts, (5) the date of payment of tax and (6) computation of annual value of property.

Instructions contained in the circular include the following: The principle of progressive enhancement should be applied only, where there is reason to believe that the assessee has made default in the hope of obtaining assessment on lower than real income. The practice of making excessive assessments under Section 23 (4) is indefensible.

The circular lays down that careful survey and inquiry work in order to obtain as much evidence as possible is the remedy in this case. The attention of assessing officers is, in particular, drawn to two points:

(a) The principle of progressive enhancement should be applie only where there is reason to believe that the assessee has made default in the hope of obtaining an assessment lower than his real income;

(b) The report finds that in some cases excessive assessments are made under Section 23 (4) where there is only a technical default. This practice is indefensible. An assessment under Section 23 (4) must be made fairly and honestly to the best of the officer's judgment.

CHANCE FOR ASSESSEE.

Another important grievance of income-tax payers stressed by the Report is that witnesses may be examined under Section 37 of the Act without the assessee being given the opportunity of attending. The circular observes, "This is an undesirable practice. In future assessees or their representatives must be given a right to be present at the examination of such witnesses."

Instructions to remedy complaints of delay in the making refunds are given "in order to effect an improvement in this matter. Commissioners should require income-tax officers to submit monthly to assistant commissioners returns of refund claims outstanding for more than three months, with an explanation of the cause of delay in each case. Officers who are found neglecting this part of their duties should be reported to the Commissioner for disciplinary action."

The report declares that in some cases income-tax officers refrain from starting assessment proceedings where the result is likely to be a refund, and the circular says "in future an assessee should always be informed whenever the income-tax officer discovers that a refund appears to be due to him. Salaries' circles especially should note this instruction."

BAD DEBT CLAIMS.

One of the principal causes for dissatisfaction with the income-tax department in India given in the report is the treatment of bad debt claims, and about this the circular states, "In this matter what is required in many cases is a change in the income-tax officer's point of view, instead of searching for reasons (sometimes petty technical reasons) for disallowing a bad debt He should fairly and honestly address his mind to the question whether the debt was really irrecoverable and in that particular year. In this matter income-tax officers should be more sympathetic to assessees whom they have no reason to suspect of manipulating their bad debts with a view to evading taxation."

Another matter upon which numerous representations were received by the authors of the Report was the time allowed for payment, cases being quoted in which only one or two days were allowed. Such notice is definitely felt to be unreasonable and these instructions are given in the new circular.

BASIS OF ASSESSMENT.

"In future the time allowed for payment except in cases where the revenue appears to be in danger should be not less than 14 days. It would not be necessary to ask assessees to pay their tax at short notice if assessments were completed in time. When, for unavoidable reasons, an assessment cannot be completed before the latter half of March, the income-tax officer must be content to allow the tax to be recovered in the following year, but such cases should be exceptional".

An important recommendation made in the Report is that the actual rent payable for property should be the basis of assessment and not the municipal valuation where it exceeds the actual rent. The circular endorses this recommendation, stating "in future in normal cases the actual rent payable should be the basis of assessment except where it can be shown that the rent is not the full current letting value. In this connection the attention of income-tax officers is drawn to cases where the payment of a premium makes the rent reserved under a lease less than the full annual value.

"The findings of the Report on those points are clear and definite, and officers can have no further excuse for continuing the practices complained of. It is hoped that all officers will realise this and will obey these instructions both in the letter and in the spirit. When inspecting income-tax officers, Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners are requested to see that these instructions are being observed."—A. P.

U. P. CONGRESS AGRARIAN PROGRAMME

LUCKNOW, May 7.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant who arrived here this morning after his Gorakhpur tour inquiring into the trouble in the sugar cultivated areas, presided over a meeting of the Agrarian Sub-Committee appointed by the Congress Party in the U.P. Assembly, which was held at Lucknow this afternoon.

The Committee discussed, it is understood, the agrarian bills and measures which the Party proposes to introduce at the House of Legislation.—United Press.

INTERNEE FOR PUNJAB ASSEMBLY

Congressman Returned Unopposed In Bye-Election

LAHORE, May 7.

Sardar Tejasingh Swantantra (internee) the Congress nominee, was returned unopposed to the Punjab Assembly in the bye-election caused by the resignation of Sardar Jogindersingh, a member of the Central Assembly.

Five other candidates, namely Sardar Kishansingh (Congress) father of Bhagat Singh, Sardar Darbar Singh, Sardar Mejasingh, Sardar Ishar Singh and Sardar Mangal Singh (Akali) withdrew their nominations to-day.—A.P.

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